County of Putnam, New York



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended: December 31, 2023



The

Comprehensive Financial

Report

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FISCAL YEAR ENDED

20

DECEMBER 31, 2023

KEVIN M. BYRNE - County Executive

MICHAEL LEWIS - Commissioner

County of Putnam, New York

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STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information reveals about the County's overall financial health.

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County of Putnam, New York

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FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Programs

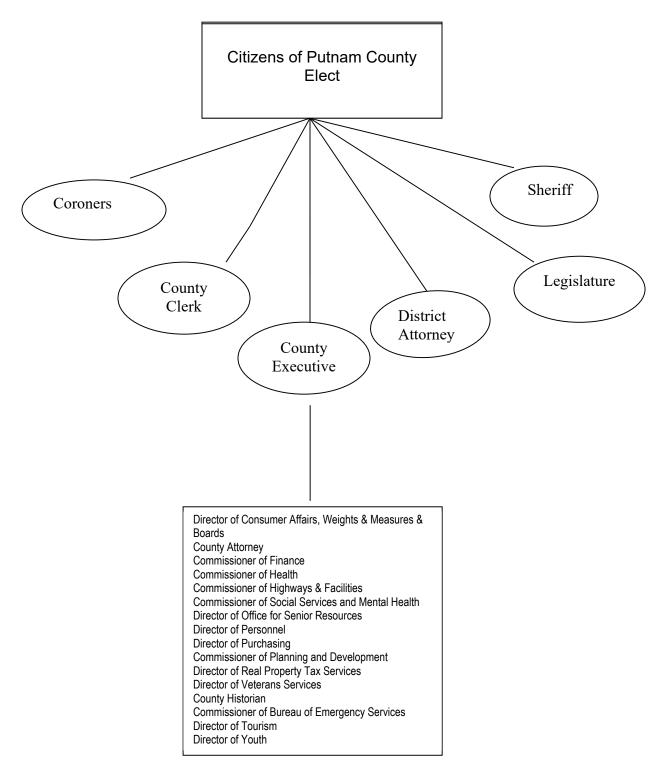
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

COUNTY OF PUTNAM, NEW YORK PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

<u>OFFICE</u>	OFFICE HOLDER	TERM EXPIRES
County Executive	Kevin M. Byrne	12/31/26
County Legislators		
District #1	Nancy Montgomery	12/31/24
District #2	William Gouldman	12/31/23
District #3	Toni E. Addonizio	12/31/23
District #4	Ginny Nacerino	12/31/24
District #5	Greg E. Ellner	12/31/25
District #6	Paul Jonke (Chairperson)	12/31/25
District #7	Joseph Castellano	12/31/24
District #8	Amy Sayegh	12/31/23
District #9	Erin L.Crowley	12/31/25
County Clerk	Michael C. Bartolotti	12/31/26
District Attorney	Robert V. Tendy, ESQ	12/31/23
Sheriff	Kevin McConville	12/31/25
County Attorney	C. Compton Spain, ESQ.	12/31/26
Commissioner of Finance	Michael J. Lewis	12/31/26

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART OF PUTNAM COUNTY EXECUTIVE BRANCH





September 30, 2024

To The Honorable County Executive and County Legislature of the County of Putnam, New York:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") for the County of Putnam, New York for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, is herewith submitted. New York State requires the County to submit an annual report of the financial records and transactions presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. This ACFR is issued pursuant to that requirement.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the County's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. Management asserts that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to

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WWW.PUTNAMCOUNTYNY.COM

provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit

involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that the County's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The independent auditor's report is presented as the first item in the financial section of this report. The financial section also includes a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the December 31, 2023, financial statements to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). The letter of transmittal was designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A is included in the financial section of this ACFR immediately following the independent auditor's report.

This report has also been prepared and organized to meet the requirements of the Government Finance Officers Association's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting program. In accordance with its guidelines, the report is presented as four major sections: Introductory Section, Financial Section, Statistical Section and Federal Awards Section.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of Federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of Federal awards. These reports are included in the Federal Awards Section of this ACFR.

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PROFILE OF THE COUNTY

Putnam County, established in 1812, is located approximately 56 miles north of New York City and encompasses a land area of 246 square miles. The County is bordered by the County of Dutchess on the north, the County of Westchester on the south, the State of Connecticut on the east and the Hudson River on the west. Within the County are six towns (Carmel, Kent, Patterson, Philipstown, Putnam Valley and Southeast) and three villages (Brewster, Cold Spring and Nelsonville).

Putnam County is principally residential in character and combines suburban and rural settings. A wide range of housing arrangements including country estates, one-family homes, apartment units, condominiums and seasonal dwellings are available in the County. There are 116 lakes and ponds and 8 miles of Hudson River shoreline, which provide recreational activities including boating, swimming, and fishing. Businesses located in Putnam County are primarily mercantile in nature with some light manufacturing.

Putnam County is located 56 miles north of New York City with Metro North trains departing at ¹/₂ and 1-hour intervals to Grand Central Station. The County is also located conveniently to several airports – 25 miles to Stewart Airport: 25 miles to Westchester County Airport and 45 miles to LaGuardia Airport.

The County operates under a Charter form of government that provides for separate, independent executive and legislative functions with an elected County Executive and a 9-person County Legislature. This current form of Government was adopted to the provisions of Local Law No. 1 of 1977 and became effective on January 1, 1979.

The County Executive, elected from the County at large in an even numbered year for a term of four years, not to exceed 2 four-year terms, is the Chief Executive Officer responsible for the administration of all County affairs and also acts as the County's Budget Officer.

The County Legislature is the legislative, appropriating and policy determining body of the County. The nine members represent legislative districts of approximately equal population. Members are elected to serve three-year staggered terms and are term limited

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to 4 three-year terms. The current membership of the County Legislature is included on the list of Principal Officials. Duties of the Legislature include review and adoption of the County's annual budget; approval of budgetary modifications during the year; and authorization by resolution for the issuance of debt by the County. Legislative committees have been organized to oversee various aspects of County government. These committees are advisory in nature and formal actions must be approved by a vote of the Legislature as a whole.

The Chief Fiscal Officer of the County is the Commissioner of Finance, who is appointed by the County Executive and confirmed by the County Legislature. The Commissioner of Finance is responsible for the administration of the financial affairs of the County. Duties of this position include tax collection, financial accounting and reporting, payroll and accounts payable disbursements functions, cash and investment management, debt management, and preparing financial statements.

Other elected officials include the County Clerk, District Attorney, Sheriff and three County Coroners, who serve four-year terms.

Offices in the Executive Department include the Division of Planning and Development as well the departments of Bureau of Emergency Services, Finance and Real Property, Health, IT; Department of Public Works, Historian, Law, Mental Health, Office for Senior Resources, Personnel, Probation, Purchasing, Social Services, Tourism, Weights and Measures and Consumer Affairs, Veterans and the Youth Bureau. All department heads are appointed by the County Executive, and most are subject to approval by the County Legislature.

The County provides a full range of services to its residents, some of which include:

- Public safety and judiciary services including criminal justice, district attorney, corrections, and probation programs.
- Transportation services, which include maintenance of 117 miles of County roads; 31 bridges and the operation of the Putnam Area Rapid Transit ("PART") system.

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- Economic Opportunity and Development programs including Social Services programs, Office for Senior Resources, Veterans' assistance, Tourism, Planning and Employment and Training services.
- Health services through the County Health and Mental Health Departments.
- Parks and recreation services including 23.5 miles of bikeways; 3000 acres of parks and recreational sites; a golf course and the Tilly Foster Farm.
- The County also provides general administrative support to all departments and is guarantor of towns, villages, and school district taxes

This report includes all the funds of the County. It includes all County organizations and activities for which the County is financially accountable. The County has considered all potential component units based on criteria set forth in the Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 61, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation ("PTASC") is included in the financial statements as a blended component unit.

The County also maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the County Legislature. During the month of June, the various County departments are given notice to prepare their budgets. These preliminary budgets are due no later than August 15th or by a date set by the Commissioner of Finance and include the estimated revenues and expenditures for the following fiscal year. Budget meetings are scheduled with each department to occur during the months of August and September.

The County Executive prepares and submits a tentative budget for the ensuing year to the Clerk of the Legislature on or before October 1st of each year. Such budget includes an estimate of the expenditures needed to provide County services as well as the sources of revenue expected to fund these expenditures.

Within five days of submitting the tentative budget, the County Executive and Commissioner of Finance review the budget with the Budget and Finance Committee

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of the County Legislature. The Committee subsequently holds a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain comments from the public. The Committee files a report, which includes its recommendations, to the full Legislature on or before October 20th.

A second public hearing before all members of the County Legislature is held no later than October 25th. Taxpayers are given the opportunity to express their views on the proposed budget; however, the County is not required to submit the budget to the taxpayers for their approval. After this hearing and prior to October 28th, the Legislature meets to consider and adopt the budget. According to the County Charter, the County Executive may veto all line items changed by the Legislature except for those items pertaining to the Legislature's own budget. An override of an Executive veto requires 2/3 majority vote of the County Legislature. The budget process is completed, and the final budget adopted by November 15th.

Beginning with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011, the County was required to implement GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.* These financial statements are issued in full compliance with these standards.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 65, *"Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities"*. These financial statements are issued in full compliance with these standards.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*". These financial statements are issued in full compliance with these standards.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 77, "*Tax Abatement Disclosures.*" These financial statements are issued in full compliance with these standards.

For fiscal year ending December 31, 2018, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions" ("OPEB"). This statement addresses accounting and financial

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reporting for OPEB by establishing standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. This statement supersedes the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45 *"Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions."* As a result, the net position on the government-wide financial statement for the primary government reflected a cumulative effect of change in the accounting principle in the amount of (\$54,005,595). Additional information can be found in Note 3G, in the notes of the financial statements

For fiscal year ending December 31, 2019, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 84 *"Fiduciary Activities"*. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

For fiscal year ending December 31, 2022, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 87 "Leases". The objective of this statement is to establish a single model for lease accounting based on the concept that leases are a financing of a "right-to-use" underlying asset. This statement requires a lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset and a lessor to recognize a receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

The County reviewed the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements" (SBITA's) and its impact on the financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. It was determined that the implementation of this standard was not required as it did not have a material impact on its financial statements.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

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Local Economy

The County's economy has made an impressive recovery after COVID-19. In 2023 the County's sales tax increased by \$6,020,710 over 2022. Factors driving sales tax growth include inflation, the increase price of motor fuel and an increase in consumption and other sectors such as retail trade which include both in-store and online sales are various reasons for the significant increases.

The County's unemployment rate for December 2023 was 3.4% compared to 2.6% a year ago. New York State ended 2023 with 4.2% unemployment rate as compared to the National rate of 3.7%. Single family home sales decreased from 1,227 in 2022 to 949 in 2023. A decrease of 29.3%. The median sale price of a single-family home increased from \$450,000 to \$480,000 an increase of 6.7% Home foreclosure filings initiated in Putnam County increased from 111 in 2022 to 160 in 2023 due to the lifting of the moratorium placed on residential foreclosure by New York State legislation. The actual foreclosure judgments issued in 2023 was 55 as compared to 45 in 2022.

The County' net taxable assessments increased from \$13,972,251,311 in 2022 to \$14,353,881,724 in 2023, an increase of 2.74%.

The New York State Property tax cap law provides that the tax levy increase is capped at 2% or the rate of inflation, whichever is less. In 2023, the County adopted a budget with a 0% tax increase.

According to the Bureau of Economic Analysis ("BEA") statistics, Putnam County had a per capita personal income ("PCPI") of \$80,309 in 2022. This PCPI ranked 5th in the state and was 106.5% of the state average of \$75,407 and 122.7% of the national average of \$65,470. The 2022 PCPI reflected an increase on 2.5% from 2021.

Putnam County has a median household income of \$120,970 (2022) which is more than the State's median income of \$81,386 (2022) and national median household income of \$75,149 (2022).

The Census 2022 population was estimated to be 98,045. The County's population for 2021 was estimated at 97,936 ranking it 29th in the state.

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MAJOR INITIATIVES

The following major initiatives were commenced or were in progress during calendar year 2023 by the various departments and agencies of the Putnam County government:

Fire Training Center: The County announced its intention to build a new-state-ofthe-art Fire Training Center. The new facility will replace the former center and is expected to be completed by summer of 2024.

Opioid Settlement Funds: The County awarded more than \$700,000 to five local organizations who had applied to receive opioid settlement funds.

Sales Tax: In November, the County Executive signed legislation eliminating the County's share (4%) of sales tax on clothing and footwear under \$110 beginning March 1, 2024, for a two-year period.

Shared Services: The County currently deploys 10 specially trained Sheriff's Deputies as School Resource in addition to 2 Youth Bureau Sergeants and 12 Special Patrol Officers to our schools. They not only help keep the school secure but provide the students with information and education.

Short Term Borrowing: For the ninth year in a row the County did not issue a Tax Anticipation Note for cash flow purposes.

Tax Cap: For the thirteenth consecutive year, the County has adopted a budget for the current year (2023) that was within the tax cap limit.

PROJECTS COMPLETED IN 2023

In 2023, the County completed many improvement projects:

• Drewville Road Bridge over West Branch Croton River has been successfully completed ahead of schedule and under budget.

• Remodeled the 6N Garage

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- Remodeled the Koehler Senior Center
- Multiple upgrades of various Putnam County Facilities

LONG-TERM PROJECTS

Capital Improvements: The County maintains a Charter-required six-year Capital Improvement Schedule that serves as a planning document to ensure that its facilities, equipment, and infrastructure are well maintained and operating in peak condition. Under the guidance of the Capital Projects Committee, this process gives the County the ability to plan for its capital needs and allocate short and long-term resources accordingly. Currently, the County is engaged in construction projects such as Peekskill Hollow Road and will soon be awarding a contract for the Sprout Brook Road Bridge reconstruction projects using Federal, State, and County funds.

The following are some of the major capital programs for economic growth and public infrastructure approved as part of the 2024 \$21,461,000 Capital Project Budget.

- \$650,000 for continued rehabilitation of County facilities
- \$650,000 for repairs and improvements to various dams.
- \$11.185 million for continued rehabilitation of the County's network or roads, bridges, culverts and bikeways.
- \$650,000 for Highway equipment

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The County operates under a host of comprehensive financial policies. The County maintains an investment policy which emphasizes a conservative financial approach based upon New York State Law. Available funds are invested in certificates of deposits, money market accounts, savings accounts, U.S. Treasury obligations and municipal cooperative investments authorized under New York State General Municipal Law. Interest income increased significantly by \$4,812,409. This was a result of the County taking advantage of the Federal Reserve raising interest rates several times throughout 2022 to keep up with the current inflationary cycle. As of February 1, 2023, the Federal Open Market

Committee (FOMC) voted to raise the Federal Fund rate to a range of between 4.50% and 4.75%, placing the Federal Reserve's benchmark interest rate at its highest level in over 15 years. This has been a dramatic and aggressive increase to the almost 0% back in March of 2020 when the Coronavirus pandemic started. The County will continue to invest in short- and long-term investments based on the competitive market interest rates.

The County prepares its budgets, capital improvement plans and forecasts with various financials policies in mind and operates in compliance with the policies. The County does not foresee any issues with its ability to comply with the current policies in the implementations of its near-and long-term initiatives.

The County maintains a procurement policy in accordance with New York State General Municipal Law and adopted by the Legislature. This policy outlines all bidding and procurement procedures that County departments must adhere to when purchasing goods and services. The Department of Purchasing is responsible for the administration of this policy.

Debt Management

During 2023, the County's long-term bonded debt decreased by \$6,013,000 due to utilizing American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds as well as reserve funds in the General Fund for Capital project funding.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

GFOA – Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The County has received this prestigious award thirty of the last thirty-three years. The Certificate of Achievement, a national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

I would like to thank all the personnel in the Finance Department along with the account clerks and fiscal managers throughout the County. They are a very competent group of professionals dedicated to their work and the long-term fiscal condition of the County. I would like to thank all County departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to compile this report. I would like to thank our independent auditor, PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP, for their efforts throughout this audit engagement. I would also like to thank the County Executive and the members of the County Legislature for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a responsible and forward-looking manner.

Respectively Submitted,

MM

Michael J. Lewis, Commissioner of Finance

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Putnam New York

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION



Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Legislature of the County of Putnam, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Putnam, New York ("County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit for the year ended December 31, 2023 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* for the year ended December 31, 2023 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended

December 31, 2023 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2023.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the basic financial statements of the County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated August 9, 2023, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended December 31, 2022 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2022 financial statements. The information was subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the 2022 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2024 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

PKF O'Connor Davies, LL Harrison, New York September 30, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

Introduction

As management of the County of Putnam, New York ("County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2023

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2023 are as follows:

- As of December 31, 2023, on the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed the liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources by \$20,658,051. However, unrestricted net position, which is available to meet ongoing obligations of the County, reflects a deficit of \$85,730,982 as of December 31, 2023. The unrestricted net position improved by \$15,761,171 from the prior year. This was due to changes in the required accrual of the County's annual Other Post-employment Benefit cost ("OPEB"), in compliance with the provisions of Governmental Account Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75 and net pension liability also in with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68.
- On the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, the liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the County exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most fiscal year by \$16,889,690. The unrestricted net position deteriorated by \$47,175 from the prior year.
- The County is committed to providing postemployment benefits to its employees in the form of pensions and healthcare. As a result, the County has recognized substantial liabilities in the government-wide financial statements for these benefits. As of December 31, 2023, the County had liabilities of \$219,923,103 for other postemployment benefits recorded in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other Than Pensions" OPEB and \$44,553,287 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the New York State and Local Retirement System ("ERS") recorded in accordance with the provision of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting For Pensions". More detailed information about the County's OPEB and pension reporting is presented in Note 3 in the notes to the financial statements.
- The total General Fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded general fund expenditures and other financing uses by \$31,833,034.
- Government Activities expenses of \$184,443,970 reported for fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, had an increase of \$18,579,138 (11.21%) from government expenses of \$166,864,832 reported for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- Net program expenses of \$117.5 million were reported for the governmental activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. This compares with \$102.9 million of net program expenses reported for fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

- The County's total outstanding bonds payable, exclusive of the business-type activities, on December 31, 2023, were \$39,145,000. During fiscal year 2023, the County retired \$56,013,000 of general obligation debt. The County did not issue any general obligation bonds during 2023. The County also has not issued a Tax Anticipation Note for cash flow purposes since 2015.
- For the year ending December 31, 2015, the County implemented the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". This pronouncement established new accounting and financial reporting requirements associated with the County's participation in the cost sharing multiple employer pension plans administered by the New York State and Local Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS"). Under the new standards, cost sharing employers are required to report in their government-wide financial statements a net position liability (asset), pension expense and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all municipalities and school districts in the plan. On December 31, 2023, the County reported in its Statement of Net Position an asset of \$44,553,287 for its proportionate share of the ERS net pension assets. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2023, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members. On March 31, 2023, the County's proportion was 0.2256138%, which was a decrease of 0.0267093% from its proportion measured as of March 31, 2023.

More detailed information about the County's pension plan reporting in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, including amounts reported as pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, is presented in the notes to financial statements.

- The General Fund reported an ending total fund balance of \$144,302,861, which represents an increase of \$31,833,034 from fiscal year 2022. The unassigned portion of the total fund balance was \$78,332,212 an increase of \$6,906,362.The Capital Projects Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$13,019,239 a decrease of \$1,981,148 from fiscal year 2022.
- The County continues to maintain a Aa1 bond rating from Moody's Investors Services.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner like private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or

decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes, earned but unused vacation leave, OPEB and net pension liabilities).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are governmental activities (those principally supported by taxes and revenues from other governments) and functions of the County that are business-type activities (those that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges). The governmental activities of the County include general government support, education, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest. The business-type activities of the County consist entirely of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first three pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, use fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmental-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains seven individual governmental funds: General, Capital Projects, County Road, Road Machinery, Transportation, Special Purpose, and Debt Service Funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General and Capital Projects Funds, both of which are considered major funds. Data for the other five governmental funds, which are considered non-major governmental funds, is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual information on each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining and individual fund schedules and statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts annual budgets for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the major fund, the General Fund, within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for the operations of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, a blended component unit. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its self-insured workers' compensation benefits (the Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund), and its casualty reserve set aside to be used for a specific purpose in accordance with Sections 6N and 6J of the General Municipal Law (the Casualty Reserve Fund). These services have been classified as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements because they predominantly benefit governmental, rather than business-type, functions.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the Putnam County Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, which is a major fund of the County. Both internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining and individual fund schedules and statements elsewhere in this report.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the activities of the County. The County maintains one type of fiduciary fund known as the Custodial Fund. The Custodial Fund reports resources, not in trust, that are held by the County for other parties outside of the County's reporting entity and, in the case of the County, primarily to account for real property taxes collected for other governments.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements are located following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements. These include the required supplementary information schedules for the County's OPEB and net pension liabilities, the combining statements for the non-major governmental funds and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As indicated previously, net position and changes to net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$3,768,361 for fiscal year 2023 for the combined governmental and business type activities. The County's overall net position increased by \$22,558,791 from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the sections for 2023, governmental and business-type activities immediately after the following table.

COUNTY OF PUTNAM NET POSITION DECEMBER 31,

	 Governmental Activities				Busine Acti				Total				
	 2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 234,964,049 132,597,722	\$	219,336,345 124,818,718	\$	2,531,079 -	\$	2,451,934 -	\$	237,495,128 132,597,722	\$	221,788,279 124,818,718		
Total Assets	 367,561,771		344,155,063		2,531,079		2,451,934		370,092,850		346,606,997		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	 74,810,805		92,145,935		511,715		602,372		75,322,520		92,748,307		
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	 37,074,472 321,875,308		34,306,868 335,462,345		63,500 19,868,984		65,062 19,831,759		37,137,972 341,744,292		34,371,930 355,294,104		
Total Liabilities	 358,949,780		369,769,213		19,932,484		19,896,821		378,882,264		389,666,034		
Deferred inflows of Resources	 62,764,745		76,016,422		-				62,764,745	. <u> </u>	76,016,422		
NET POSITION Net investment in													
capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	 100,001,919 6,387,114 (85,730,982)		87,425,200 4,582,856 (101,492,693)		- - (16,889,690)		- - (16,842,515)		100,001,919 6,387,114 (102,620,672)		87,425,200 4,582,856 (118,335,208)		
Total Net Position	\$ 20,658,051	\$	(9,484,637)	\$	(16,889,690)	\$	(16,842,515)	\$	3,768,361	\$	(26,327,152)		

The largest component of the County's net position for governmental activities is its investment in capital assets, (e.g. Land, buildings and facilities, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding amounted to \$101,001,919. The County uses these assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Deferred outflows of resources in governmental activities decreased \$17,335,130 in 2023 primarily due to decreases of deferred other post-employment benefits recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

Long-term liabilities, which consists of bonds payable, net pension liability, and other post-employment benefit costs decreased by \$13,549,812 from the previous year for governmental and business-type activities combined.

Deferred inflows of resources in governmental activities \$13,251,677 in 2023 primarily due to decreases in pension and other post-employment benefit liability related items recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB No. 75.

	Restricted Net Position									
		2023			2022		Change			
Casualty Reserve Benefits	\$	1,522,194.00		\$	1,475,035.00	\$	47,159.00			
Workers' Compensation Benefits		651,305.00			651,305.00	\$	-			
Law Enforcement		549,746.00			558,213.00	\$	(8,467.00)			
Health		14,321.00			20,308.00	\$	(5,987.00)			
Opioids		1,385,400.00			-	\$	1,385,400.00			
Driving while intoxicated program		72,707.00			18,771.00	\$	53,936.00			
Grants and Obligations		1,622,538.00			1,196,035.00	\$	426,503.00			
Debt Service		190,384.00			165,662.00	\$	24,722.00			
Special Revenue Funds - Trust		378,519.00			497,527.00	\$	(119,008.00)			
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	6,387,114.00	_	\$	4,582,856.00	\$	1,804,258.00			

Restricted net position totaled \$6,387,114 on December 31, 2023. This amount represents resources that are subject to external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

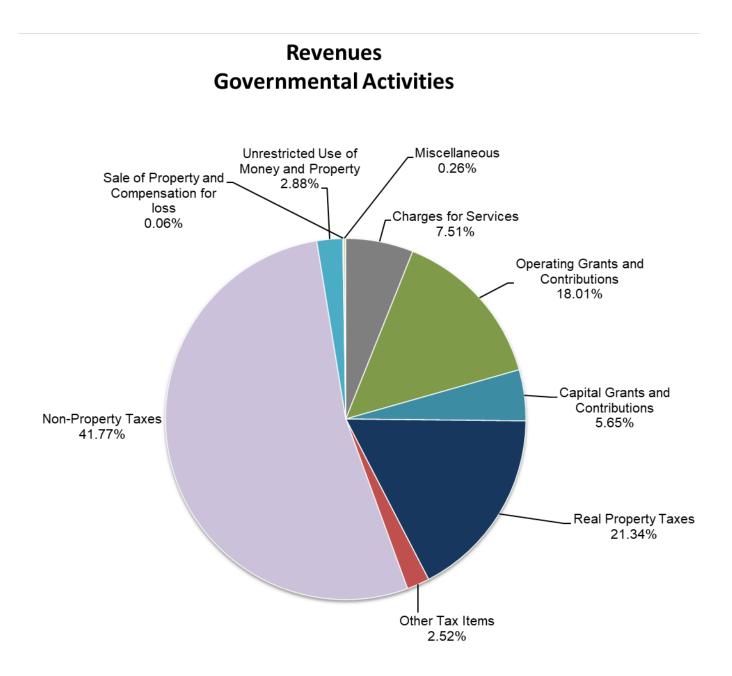
There was a net increase of \$1,804,258 in restricted net position reported in connection with the County's governmental activities compared to prior years. The change in restricted net position is mainly due to a settlement received by New York State from opioid manufacturers, distributors and other entities. The County received \$1,385,400 in 2023. Other increases were due to Grants and Obligations (\$426,503) due to unspent Homeland Security grants; Driving While Intoxicated Program (\$53,936 due to an increase in DWI fines from the State; Causality Reserve Benefits (\$47,159) due to increased interest rates; and Debt Service (\$24,722). These were offset by a decrease of \$119,008 in the Special Revenue Funds (Trust) due to use of the Lobdell Funds. Other decreases were in Law Enforcement (\$8,476) and Health (\$5,987). These factors combined for most of the change in the County's restricted position.

The remaining portion of net position, unrestricted net position, is a negative \$102,620,672 with a deficit of \$85,730,962 reported in governmental activities and a deficit of \$16,889,690 reported in business-type activities. The governmental activities deficit does not mean that the County does not have resources available to meet its obligations in the ensuing year. Rather, it is partly the result of having long-term commitments, including claims payable (\$4,326,737); compensated absences (\$4,874,039), net pension liability (\$44,553,287); post closure care costs (\$1,014,457); and other postemployment benefit obligations payable ("OPEB") (\$219,923,103). Additional information on all these long-term liabilities can be found in Note 3G, in the notes to the financial statements.

The activities of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization ("PTASC") are reflected as a business-type blended component unit. The County has no obligation for the debt of PTASC. The business-type activity reflected a deficit balance of \$16,889,690. This represents an increase in the deficit of \$47,175.

	Gover	al		Busine	ss-ty	ре						
	Activities			Activities					Total			
	2023	2023 202		2023			2022	2023			2022	
REVENUES	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Program Revenues												
Charges for Services	\$ 16,116,167	\$	15,704,509	\$	1,126,093	\$	1,294,075	\$	17,242,260	\$	16,998,584	
Operating Grants and												
Contributions	38,650,463		33,357,880		-		-		38,650,463		33,357,880	
Capital Grants and												
Contributions	12,125,927		13,844,520		-		-		12,125,927		13,844,520	
General Revenues												
Real Property Taxes	45,795,974		45,879,692		-		-		45,795,974		45,879,692	
Other Tax Items	5,410,056		5,390,190		-		-		5,410,056		5,390,190	
Non-Property Taxes	89,627,893		83,550,054		-		-		89,627,893		83,550,054	
Unrestricted Use of												
Money and Property	6,174,795		1,223,652		80,598		19,411		6,255,393		1,243,063	
Sale of Property and												
Compensation for loss	120,612		189,595		-		-		120,612		189,595	
Opiod Settlement			2,005,089		-		-		-		2,005,089	
Miscellaneous	564,771		831,008		-		-		564,771		831,008	
Total Revenues	214,586,658		201,976,189		1,206,691		1,313,486		215,793,349		203,289,675	
PROGRAM EXPENSES												
General Government Support	35,918,632		30,954,017		-		-		35,918,632		30,954,017	
Education	13,150,774		11,990,756		-		-		13,150,774		11,990,756	
Public Safety	50,583,957		43,918,619		-		-		50,583,957		43,918,619	
Health	18,408,647		15,563,463		-		-		18,408,647		15,563,463	
Transportation	18,125,300		18,469,275		-		-		18,125,300		18,469,275	
Economic Opportunity	36,170,882		33,289,812		-		-		36,170,882		33,289,812	
Culture and Recreation	8,719,063		8,078,852		-		-		8,719,063		8,078,852	
Home and Community Services	2,110,326		2,120,436		-		-		2,110,326		2,120,436	
Interest	1,256,389		1,479,602						1,256,389		1,479,602	
Putnam Tobacco Asset												
Securitization Corp.			-		1,253,866		1,251,718	·	1,253,866		1,251,718	
Total Expenses	184,443,970		165,864,832		1,253,866		1,251,718		185,697,836		167,116,550	
Change in Net Position	30,142,688		36,111,357		(47,175)		61,768		30,095,513		36,173,125	
Net Position - Beginning	(9,484,637)	(45,595,994)		(16,842,515)		(16,904,283)		(26,327,152)		(62,500,277)	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 20,658,051	\$	(9,484,637)	\$	(16,889,690)	\$	(16,842,515)	\$	3,768,361	\$	(26,327,152)	

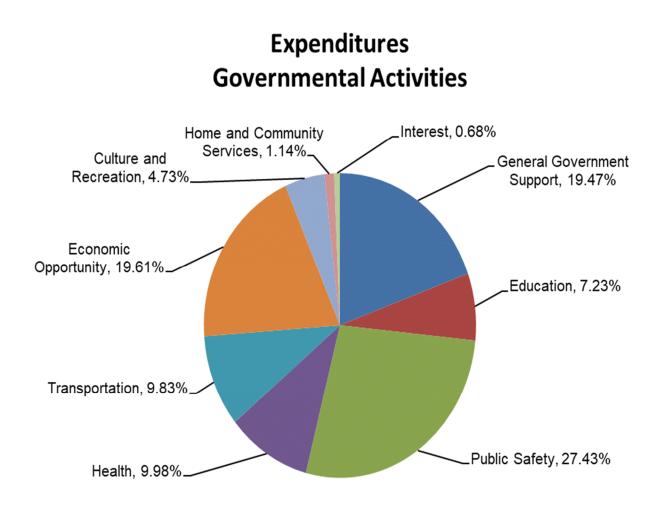
CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,



Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$20,658,051 in 2023.

For the fiscal year that ended December 31, 2023, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$214,586,658. Tax revenues of \$140,833,923 comprised of real property taxes, other tax items and nonproperty taxes, represent the largest revenue source (66%). Program Revenues totaled \$66,892,557 (31%) and other general revenues totaled \$6,860,178 (3.2%). The \$12,610,469 increase in total governmental activities revenues from the prior year is the result of a combination of the following factors:

- Charges for Services increased by \$411,658 in 2023 to \$16,116,167. This is primarily due to small increases in Culture and Recreation (\$313,237); General Government Services (\$187,490); Health (\$151,721); and Economic, opportunity and development (\$97,490). These were offset by decreases in Public Safety (\$268,056) and Transportation (\$147,739)
- Operating Grants and Contributions increased by \$5,292,583 in 2023 to \$38,650,463. Major categories included Health (\$2,050,000); General Government Support (\$1,121,039): Transportation (\$913,794); Education (\$831,853): Public Safety (\$376,881; Economic Opportunity and Development (\$274,351); and Culture and Recreation (30,076); This was offset by a decrease in Home and Community Services of \$305,612.
- Capital Grants and Contributions decreased by \$1,718,593. Decreases were noted in Public Safety (\$2,367,268); Culture and Recreation (\$1,126,519); and Home and Community Services (\$200,573). These were offset by increases in Transportation (\$1,638,953); Interest (\$243,142) and General Government Support (\$93,672).
- Taxes on Real Property had a net decrease of \$83,718 in 2023 due to an auditor's year end entry to include school and villages tax levies in taxes receivable.
- Other tax Items which include interest and penalties on real property taxes; and payments in lieu of taxes increased by \$19,866 mainly due to the Interest and penalties as more people entered payment plans.
- Non-property taxes which include sales tax; automobile use tax and E911 surcharge increased by \$6,077,839 primarily due to sales tax growth.
- Unrestricted use of Money and Property increased by \$4,951,143 mainly due to increased interest rates and invested balances.
- Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss decreased by \$68,983 mainly due to fewer vehicles and machinery being auctioned.
- Opioid Settlement decreased by \$2,005,089 in 2023 because in 2022 it was booked as a receivable and deferral for future receipts.



For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, expenses from governmental activities totaled \$184,443,970 an increase of \$18,579,138 over 2022 or 11.2%. The largest components of governmental activities included Public Safety \$50,583,957 (22.43%); Economic Opportunity \$36,170,882 (19.6%) and General Government Support \$35,918,632(19.5%). Expenses increased primarily because of a combination of the following factors:

- Public Safety which includes the Sheriff, Jail, Probation and Emergency Services increased by \$6,665,338. This was primarily due to GASB entries to allocate employee benefits to functional codes (\$3,180,419) and to record GASB 68 for ERS (\$3,979,870).
- General Government Support (GGS) are those services provided by the governmental entity for the benefit of the public or the governmental body increased by \$4,964,615 due to GASB adjusting entries.
- Economic Opportunity increased by \$2,881,070 mainly due to GASB Statements Nos 34 and 68 adjusting entries. In addition, the weekly Medicaid share increased by \$748,759 for 2023 because of the Governor's proposal to end the enhanced Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (e-FMAP) federal pass-thru to counties. At the start of 2023, weekly shares were \$142,389 which ended June 30th. By the end of 2023, the weekly shares were \$185,689. Effective January 1st, 2024, the weekly shares increased to \$203,059 but are projected to go down to \$179,004 by April 1st, 2024.

- Health which includes Public Health, Mental Health and Early Intervention increased by \$2,845,184. In addition to various GASB entries, Mental Health increased by \$1,651,839 for COLA increases and well as increased state funding provided by NYSOMH for various programs. This funding was 100% state aid reimbursable. The increases in Public Health included new positions and the associated fringes as well as spending down the NYS Public Health Corp Graduate Fellowship program which is expected to expire on Jue 30, 2024.
- Education which includes the 3-5 Special Needs Program and Community Colleges increased by \$1,160,018. The 3-5 program increased by \$830,826. The number of children being referred to Preschool for an evaluation to determine eligibility had increased as well as the number of services being provided. Community College Tuition costs went up by \$322,826. This was primarily due to mandated increases based on NYS approved chargeback rates
- Culture and Recreation increased by \$640,211. The Parks Department increased by \$696,906. Of this amount, \$319,242 was for increased expenses at the Golf Course which were offset by an increase in revenues of \$317,802 due to an increase in the number of rounds played, 35,184 in 2023 versus 32,141 in 2022. Personnel cost increased due to existing contract raises.

These were offset by decreases in:

- Transportation which includes County Road, Road Maintenance and Transportation had a net decrease of \$343,975. Due to a mild winter season in 2023, the County's snow and ice removal overtime was down as well as the use of calcium chloride compared to the 2022 snow season. Total overtime hours in 2023 were 1929 compared to 3,691 in 2022. In 2023, the County ordered 7,067 tons of calcium chloride compared to 11,974 tons in 2022. The price per ton remained the same for 2023 at \$74/ton.
- Interest expenses decreased by \$223,213 due to lower levels of debt for leases payable.
- Home and Community Services (\$10,110) due to the recording of GASB Statement No 75 OPEB payables to record OPEB Payable.

Business-type activities

Business-type activities net position decreased the County's total net position by \$47,175 mainly due to a decrease in Tobacco Settlement revenues.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unassigned *fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the County itself, or an individual that has been delegated the authority to assign resources for use for purposes by the County Legislature.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$167.7 million, an increase of \$32.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Of the total fund balance amount, \$6.3 million is in non-spendable form (prepaid items, leases and long-term receivables). The remaining \$161.4 million of fund balance is in spendable form as follows: \$17.2 million is restricted to specific uses by laws or regulations, debt covenants, grantors, contributors and/or enabling legislation; \$65.8 million has been assigned by the Legislature or Finance for purchases on orders, subsequent year's expenditures, retirement future capital projects, tax stabilization, 6N insurance, postemployment state aid, leaving \$78.3 million unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

The **General Fund** is the County's primary operating fund, and the majority of the County's programs and activities are supported by this fund.

At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the General Fund was \$144.3 million, an increase of \$31.8 million (28.31%) from the prior fiscal year. This increase is due, in part, to an increase in Sales Tax collections of \$6 million from the prior year, an increase in interest earnings over the prior year by \$4.81 million due to higher interest rates; and the underspending of the 2023 budget by \$22,1 million.

Of the \$144.3 million total fund balance, \$6.12 million is in non-spendable form (prepaid items, leases and long-term receivables). The remaining \$138.1 million of fund balance is allocated as follows: \$3.6 million is restricted and includes reserves for DWI, Public Safety, Health and grants and obligations. \$56.1 million has been assigned and includes \$3.7 million assigned by the Legislature for subsequent year's expenditures as part of the 2023 adopted budget; \$5.8 million assigned for Insurance; \$5 million for retirement; \$7.5 million for tax stabilization; \$1.6 million for encumbrances, \$6.0 million for postemployment, \$5.0 million for State aid; \$3.0 million for Callable Bonds; \$3.0 million for Disaster Recovery; \$3.0 million for Judgements and Claims; and \$7.5 million for capital projects. The remaining \$78.3 million represents unassigned fund balance.

The general fund's unassigned fund balance of \$78,332,212 represents 54.3% of the total General Fund balance of \$144,302,861. Two useful measures of liquidity are the percentage of unassigned fund balance to total expenditures and total fund balance to total expenditures. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund showed a healthy 51% unassigned fund balance as compared to total expenditures and other financing uses, while total fund balance represents 110% of that same amount.

When the fiscal 2023 budget was adopted, it anticipated the use of \$2.3 million of general fund balance. However, actual results of operations resulted in an increase of \$31.8 million to fund balance. After accounting for specific reserves and \$3.6 million of fund balance appropriated to balance the 2024 budget, the unassigned general fund balance increased from \$71.4 million in 2022 to \$78.3 million in 2023.

The **County Road Fund's** total fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$3,844,994, an increase of \$1,077,356 from the previous year.

The **Road Machinery Fund's** total fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$958,277, an increase of \$197,740 from 2022.

The **Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for capital project activity throughout the County. The Capital Projects Fund ending fund balance was \$13,019,239 for fiscal year 2023. This represents a decrease of \$1,981,148 due to the completion and close out of capital projects.

The **Transportation Fund** reported a fund balance of \$4,971,232 an increase of \$1,375,682 over 2021. This was mainly due to CARES ACT funds received from the Federal government for COVID-19.

The **Debt Service Fund** reported a fund balance of \$190,384 on December 31, 2022, an increase of \$24,727.

The **Causality Reserve Benefits Fund** reported a fund balance of \$1,522,194 an increase of \$47,159 due to an increase in interest rates.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund had an original budget for revenues and other financing sources of \$157,991,846 and a final budget of \$189,380,876 a difference of \$31,398,030 primarily because of the following factors:

- Federal Aid increased by \$21,364,007 mainly due to the following factors:
 - Major variances in Federal Aid were \$17,135,166 for the American Rescue Plan Act (offset by an increase in expenses); \$1,527,936 in various Transportation grants; \$988,739 in various Social Services programs including Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (\$384,218); Services for Recipients (\$316,287); and \$118,999 for the Home Energy Assistance Program; and \$410,987 for the Public Health Emergency Preparedness Program (PHEP).
- State Aid was up by \$3,924,997 mainly due to increases in Indigent Legal Services (\$989,338) for Pass-thru aid; various Mental Health programs (\$863,334); Veteran's Services' Peer 2 Peer grant (\$413,068); Education and transportation for the 3-5 program (\$309,400); Miscellaneous (\$226,152); Social Services Administration programs (\$217,714); Criminal Justice Grant (\$144,400); Environmental Conservation grant (\$100,000); and Public Health (\$84,361).
- Use of Money and Property increased by \$2,536,468 due to the Federal Reserve aggressively raising interest rates in 2022 and 2023.
- An increase of \$804,364 was due to funds received for the Opioid Settlement to fund programs for preventing opioid misuse.

The General Fund had an original budget of \$161,883,423 for expenditures and other financing uses and a final budget of \$190,995,973 a difference of \$29,112,550 primarily due to the following factors:

- The major increase was in Other Financing Uses which increased by \$21,129,547. This included \$18,825,807 in rollover ARPA funds from 2022 to fund capital projects. \$1,000,000 for severe storm damage that occurred on July 9, 2023; \$720,000 for the Sprout Brook Rd bridge replacement; and \$675,000 to continue the County-wide pavement maintenance and rehabilitation program.
- Health had an overall increase of \$2,414,384. Major factors included \$1,775,633 for Mental Health administration and various programs. This was offset by an increase in revenues. Public Health increase by \$475,165 mainly due to funding received for the Public Health Emergency Preparedness Program (PHEP) for COVID-19 related expenses. This was offset by an increase in revenues.
- General Government Support increased by \$1,514,111. This included \$943,734 for pass-thru aid from New York State to the Legal Aid Society; \$265,132 in the Department of Law, \$164,382 for the reallocation of an Attorney from Social Services; and \$100,000 for a litigation settlement; \$195,000 for Special Services and \$142,804 for the DCJS 2022-2023 grant for the District Attorney
- Economic Opportunity and Development increased by \$1,207,053. The Office for Senior Resources had an increase of \$364,237 in various programs; The Veterans Department received \$185,000 in funding for the Peer 2 Peer program and had a \$228,068 grant rollover from 2022; \$118,999 was for State Fuel Assistance in DSS and \$175,488 in rollover grants and encumbrances from 2022.

- Public Safety increased by \$1,122,094.00. The Bureau of Emergency Services increased by \$1,221,761 due to the following \$600,000 for the Advanced Life Support (ALS) contract increase due to the new bid award; \$222,075 for the 2022 and 2023 Homeland Security Grants; \$191,896 due to unspent grant funds being rolled over from 2022; and \$130,633 due to 2022 encumbered funds being rolled over into 2023. Homeland Security Grants for the Sheriff increased by \$100,870. These were offset by decrease in the Sheriff's Department (\$205,388) and the Jail (\$7,724).
- Culture and Recreation saw an increase of \$794,500. The Golf Course and Tilly's Table increased by \$719,669 and was offset by an increase in revenues due to increased events held at both the golf course and Tilly's Table. Parks increase by \$39,803 for building and maintenance repairs; Youth Bureau increased by \$31,881 which included \$14,850 for additional State Aid funding for Green Chimneys and \$14,450 for 2023 grant rollovers.
- Education which includes Community Colleges, and the 3-5 Special Needs Program increased by \$511,182. The 3-5 program increased by \$520,800 due to an increase in tuition rates established by the NYS Education Department and the number of children receiving services increase by 21 children.
- Home and Community Services increased by \$419,679 mainly due to \$395,672 in 2022 grant rollovers and \$152,672 and \$152,360 encumbrances from 2022.
- Both Employees Benefits Undistributed and Transportation remained unchanged for 2023.

Actual General Fund total revenues and other financing sources for December 31, 2023, was \$184,344,291 which was \$5,036,585 less than the final budget due to the following:

- Federal Aid had a negative variance of \$17,899,010 mainly due to unspent American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) of \$15,801,751. Other areas included Social Services Admin and programs; Public Health grants; Mental Health programs, and various Public Safety grants and programs.
- State Aid had a decrease of \$729,966 due to various Social Services programs as expenditures were less than budgeted for these programs
- Departmental Income (\$1,099,131); Real Property Taxes (\$1,081,369); and Licenses and Permits (\$263,853) all had negative variances.

This was offset by positive variance in non-property taxes due to an increase in sales tax of \$12,337,407 and \$2,946,978 from use-of money and property due to earnings on investments.

Actual General Fund expenditures and Other Financing Uses was \$152,511,257, which was \$38,484,716 less than the final budget of \$190,995,973.

The major area where spending was less than final budget was Other Financing Uses (\$16,379,367) which included unspent ARPA funds in Capital Projects.

This was offset by positive variances in Economic Opportunity and Development (\$7,519,550) Public Safety (\$5,319,330); General Government Support (\$4,664,680); Health (\$2,303,011); Home and Community Services (\$1,215,031); and Culture and Recreation (\$1,043,433.

The County typically realizes various expenditure savings throughout the year due to its very conservative budgeting practices and its use of a vacancy control account to monitor and control personnel costs.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2023, amounts to \$132,597,722 (net of accumulated depreciation), an increase of \$7,779,004. This reflects the County's investment in all its capital assets including land, building and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction-in-progress.

	Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) (in thousands)					
	Governmental Activities 2023 2022					
Land Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Right-to-use Buildings and Improvements	\$	6,618 36,591 7,006 41,312 727	\$	6,618 38,332 6,214 43,037 852		
Right-to-use Machinery and Equipment Right-to-use Infrastructure Construction-in-Progress		179 872 39,293		319 963 28,483		
Total (Net of Depreciation)	\$	132,598	\$	124,818		

Major capital activities during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The purchase of various vehicles and equipment totaling \$2,982,682.
- Various Construction in Progress works totaling \$11,198,836.
- Numerous projects for infrastructure including bikeways were completed this year for a total cost of \$3,674,680.
- Improvement of several County facilities at a cost of \$1,283,341.
- Depreciation expense of \$5,400,049 charged against infrastructure.
- Depreciation expense of \$3,023,564 charged against buildings and improvements.
- Depreciation expense of \$2,190,598 charged against machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 3D of this report.

Long-Term debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$39,145,000 inclusive of the Tobacco Securitization Corporation. As required by New York State Law, all bonds issued by the County are general obligation bonds backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

Outstanding Debt General Obligations Bonds (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities				
	2023 2022				
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 39,145	\$ 45,158			

Through sound financial management and manageable debt levels, the County has been successful in maintaining its high-grade rating for its general obligation bonds. The County had enjoyed a very favorable bond rating of Aa2 for over ten years. In 2007 the County was downgraded to Aa3 by Moody's "based upon deterioration of the County's cash position and fund balance following two consecutive years of operating deficits". However, in April 2010, the County was upgraded to Aa2 because of Moody's recalibration of all municipal ratings and was upgraded to Aa1 in September 2020.

The State Constitution limits the amount of indebtedness, both long-term and short-term, which the County may incur. The State Constitution provides that the County may not contract indebtedness in an amount greater than seven percent of the average full value of taxable real property in the County for the most recent five years. Certain indebtedness is excluded in ascertaining the County's authority to contract indebtedness within the constitutional limits; accordingly, debt of this kind, commonly referred to as "excluded debt," may be issued without regard to the constitutional limits and without affecting the County's authority to issue debt subject to the limit. On December 31, 2022, the County of Putnam had used \$49,082,100 or 4.82% of the constitutional debt limit leaving \$969,364,891 remaining to be used.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 3F of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

According to the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, the unemployment rate for Putnam County in April 2023 was 2.3%, down from 2.7% in April 2022. The County's unemployment rate compared favorably to the State-wide rate of 3.9%.

Labor Department data also indicated that the number of people employed in the County increased by than 1% from 50,033 in 2022 to 50,200 in 2023.

Data compiled by the U.S. Census Bureau shows that the wealth indicators for County residents generally compare favorably to State and national indicators.

The County's estimated median household income for 2022 was \$120,970 an increase of 8.4% from \$111,617 in 2021. New York State's median household income was \$81,386 (2022). The median income for the nation was \$75,149 (2022).

The net taxable assessed value of real property in Putnam County increased from \$13,972,251,311 in 2022 to \$14,353,881,724 in 2023, an increase of 2.74%.

The median sales price of a single-family home increased from \$480,750 in 2022 to \$485,000 in 2023 a .89% increase. The number of Single-family houses sold in 2022 was 1,064 compared to 802 units sold in 2023, a decrease of 32.67%. Home foreclosure filings initiated in Putnam County increased from 111

in 2022 to 160 in 2023 due to the lifting of the moratorium placed on residential foreclosure by New York State legislation until August 31, 2021. The actual foreclosure judgments issued in 2023 was 55 as compared to 45 in 2022.

Rising Medicaid costs because of the phase out removal of enhanced Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (e-FMAP), Early Intervention/Preschool Programs, health insurance costs, sharp increases in pension costs, and State budget cutbacks will all continue to have a profound effect on the County's future budgets.

The budget will adhere to the requirements of the Property Tax Levy Limit ("Tax Cap") law enacted in 2011.

All these factors were taken into consideration in developing the fiscal 2024 budget.

The County has appropriated \$3,652,611 of the fund balance of the general fund for spending in the 2024 fiscal year. The 2023 County budget maintained the tax levy at the 2022 level of \$46,687,781 with a 0% tax increase.

Additional information on this law can be found in Note 2B in the notes to financial statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in those finances. Questions and comments concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to Michael J. Lewis, Commissioner of Finance, Putnam County 40 Gleneida Avenue, Carmel, New York 10512, telephone (845) 808-1075, or visit the County's web site at www.putnamcountyny.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

ASSETS Cash and equivalents Restricted cash			
	\$ 34,619,523	\$ 32,970	\$ 34,652,493
	478,794	φ <u>52,970</u>	478,794
Investments	125,098,128	115,498	125,213,626
Receivables	-,, -	-,	-, -,
Taxes, net	19,993,323	-	19,993,323
Accounts	12,384,853	1,160,000	13,544,853
State and Federal aid	25,824,540	-	25,824,540
Due from other governments	1,367,595	-	1,367,595
Leases	1,507,735	-	1,507,735
Prepaid expenses	2,257,455	8,171	2,265,626
Restricted cash and equivalents Restricted investments	-	1,713	1,713
Due from fiduciary fund	- 11,432,103	1,212,727	1,212,727 11,432,103
Capital assets	11,432,103	-	11,452,105
Not being depreciated	45,910,453	-	45,910,453
Being depreciated/amortized, net	86,687,269	-	86,687,269
Total Assets	367,561,771	2,531,079	370,092,850
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding bonds	1,568,643	511,715	2,080,358
Pension related	33,028,829	-	33,028,829
OPEB related	40,213,333	-	40,213,333
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	74,810,805	511,715	75,322,520
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	8,638,155	-	8,638,155
Accrued liabilities	1,947,331	63,500	2,010,831
Jnearned revenues	25,482,222	-	25,482,222
Accrued interest payable	433,344	-	433,344
Deposits payable	363,463	-	363,463
Employee tax deductions Non-current liabilities	209,957	-	209,957
Due within one year	13,038,317	300.000	13,338,317
Due in more than one year	308,836,991	19,568,984	328,405,975
Total Liabilities	358,949,780	19,932,484	378,882,264
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Lease related	1,298,289	-	1,298,289
Pension related	3,374,920	-	3,374,920
OPEB related	58,091,536	-	58,091,536
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	62,764,745		62,764,745
NET POSITION	400.004.040		100 001 010
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	100,001,919	-	100,001,919
Casualty reserve benefits	1,522,194		1,522,194
Workers' compensation benefits	651,305	-	651,305
Law enforcement	549,746		549,746
Health	14,321	_	14,321
Opioid	1,385,400		1,385,400
Driving while intoxicated program	72,707	-	72,707
Grants and obligations	1,622,538	-	1,622,538
Debt service	190,384	-	190,384
Special Revenue Funds			
Trusts			
Health	289,545	-	289,545
Public safety	71,637	-	71,637
Transportation	17,337	-	17,337
Unrestricted	(85,730,982)	(16,889,690)	(102,620,672)
Unresultied	\$ 20,658,051	\$ (16,889,690)	\$ 3,768,361

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Program Revenues	3
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Governmental activities				
General government support Education	\$ 35,918,632 13,150,774	\$ 5,945,467	\$	\$ 93,672 -
Public safety	50,583,957	3,344,032	1,515,431	800,946
Health	18,408,647	912,039	10,396,479	-
Transportation	18,125,300	908,502	3,371,063	10,380,770
Economic opportunity and	-, -,	,	-,-,-,	-,, -
development	36,170,882	1,571,129	13,389,757	-
Culture and recreation	8,719,063	3,361,698	355,134	283,501
Home and community services	2,110,326	73,300	216,804	73,262
Interest	1,256,389	-	-	493,776
Total Governmental Activities	184,443,970	16,116,167	38,650,463	12,125,927
Business-type activities Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation	1,253,866	1,126,093		<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 185,697,836	\$ 17,242,260	\$ 38,650,463	\$ 12,125,927
	Interest and pe Payments in lie Non-property ta Sales taxes Automobile use Emergency tele Unrestricted use	xes of tax acquired pro enalties on real pro eu of taxes kes	perty taxes rcharge operty	
	Total General	Revenues		
	Change in Net	t Position		
	NET POSITION Beginning			
	Ending			

 Net (Expense) R	leve	nue and Chang	es in	Net Position
 Governmental Activities	B	usiness-type Activities		Total
\$ (25,530,398) (8,094,074) (44,923,548) (7,100,129) (3,464,965)	\$	- - - -	\$	(25,530,398) (8,094,074) (44,923,548) (7,100,129) (3,464,965)
 (21,209,996) (4,718,730) (1,746,960) (762,613)		- - -		(21,209,996) (4,718,730) (1,746,960) (762,613)
(117,551,413)		-		(117,551,413)
 -		(127,773)		(127,773)
 (117,551,413)		(127,773)		(117,679,186)
45,795,974		-		45,795,974
55,186 5,294,052 60,818		- -		55,186 5,294,052 60,818
88,398,039 751,115 478,739 6,174,795 120,612 564,771		- - 80,598 -		88,398,039 751,115 478,739 6,255,393 120,612 564,771
 147,694,101		80,598		147,774,699
 30,142,688		(47,175)		30,095,513
 (9,484,637)		(16,842,515)		(26,327,152)
\$ 20,658,051	\$	(16,889,690)	\$	3,768,361

Net (Expense) Revenue and	Changes in	Net Position
	/ 1.00 VOI100 0110	onungee m	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

	General	Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 26,607,446	\$ 2,022,114	\$ 378,819	\$ 29,008,379
Restricted cash		478,794		478,794
Investments	122,038,629	3,059,499		125,098,128
Taxes receivable, net	19,993,323			19,993,323
Other receivables Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds Due from fiduciary fund Leases	12,339,541 15,405,814 1,367,595 - 11,432,103 1,507,735	9,794,001 3,099,302	22,574 624,725 9,621,038	12,362,115 25,824,540 1,367,595 12,720,340 11,432,103 1,507,735
	42,052,788	12,893,303	10,268,337	65,214,428
Prepaid expenditures	2,158,798		98,657	2,257,455
Total Assets	\$ 212,850,984	\$ 18,453,710	\$ 10,745,813	\$ 242,050,507
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities				
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues Due to other funds Deposits payable Employee tax deductions	\$ 5,757,984 1,892,452 22,580,418 13,586,694 363,463 209,957	\$ 2,532,667 - 2,901,804 - -	\$ 347,504 54,879 - - -	\$ 8,638,155 1,947,331 25,482,222 13,586,694 363,463 209,957
Total Liabilities	44,390,968	5,434,471	402,383	50,227,822
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred tax revenues Unavailable revenues Lease related Opioid related	19,052,381 2,685,614 1,298,289 1,120,871		- - -	19,052,381 2,685,614 1,298,289 1,120,871
Total Deferred inflow of resources	24,157,155			24,157,155
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	68,548,123	5,434,471	402,383	74,384,977
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	6,158,798 3,644,712 56,167,139 78,332,212	13,019,239 - -	98,657 568,903 9,675,870 -	6,257,455 17,232,854 65,843,009 78,332,212
Total Fund Balances	144,302,861	13,019,239	10,343,430	167,665,530
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 212,850,984	\$ 18,453,710	\$ 10,745,813	\$ 242,050,507

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities December 31, 2023

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 167,665,530
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Capital assets - non-depreciable	45,910,453
Capital assets - depreciable/amortizable	264,564,930
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(177,877,661)
	132,597,722
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the postretirement benefits (pension and OPEB) are recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position.	
Deferred outflows - pension related	33,028,829
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	40,213,333
Deferred inflows - pension related	(3,374,920)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	(58,091,536)
	11,775,706
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current period expenditures	
and, therefore, are either deferred or not reported in the funds.	40.050.004
Real property taxes Unavailable revenues	19,052,381
Opioid related	2,685,614 1,120,871
Opiola related	1,120,071
	22,858,866
Internal service funds are used by management to charge insurance and dental benefits to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included	
in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	2,173,499
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current	
period and are not reported in the funds.	<i></i>
Accrued interest payable	(433,344)
General obligation bonds payable Energy performance contract payable	(39,145,000) (3,619,745)
Financed purchase debt payable	(753,848)
Leases payable	(1,823,087)
Compensated absences	(4,874,039)
Net pension liability	(44,553,287)
Total OPEB liability	(219,923,103)
Postclosure care costs	(1,014,457)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and refundings and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	(316,139,910)
Deferred amount on refunding	1,568,643
Premium on general obligation bonds	(1,842,005)
	(273,362)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 20,658,051</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2023

<u>General</u> <u>Projects</u> <u>Governmental</u> <u>F</u>	unds
	5,606,412
	5,410,056
	9,627,893
Departmental income 12,495,701 - 172,981 12 Intergovernmental charges - - 737,181	2,668,682 737,181
	6,910,712
Licenses and permits 954,255	954,255
Fines and forfeitures 174,283	174,283
Sale of property and compensation	
for loss 120,612	120,612
Interfund revenues 605,076	605,076
	0,480,059 9,495,119
	3,095,260
	0,000,200
Total Revenues 184,213,602 11,632,151 20,039,847 215	5,885,600
EXPENDITURES	
Current 20.252.041	0 252 044
	9,353,041 3,045,098
	9,310,568
	6,106,583
	1,024,052
Economic opportunity and development 32,484,018 - 32	2,484,018
	7,003,291
	1,873,341
Employee benefits Undistributed 6.813.171 6	010 171
Undistributed 6,813,171 6 Debt service	6,813,171
	6,448,612
	1,450,047
	8,745,710
Total Expenditures 147,391,077 18,745,710 17,520,745 183	3,657,532
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
	2,228,068
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Financed Purchase Debt Issued - 180,334 - Leases Issued - - - -	180,334
	5,254,469
	5,254,469 <u>)</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (4,989,491) 5,132,411 37,414	180,334
Net Change in Fund Balances 31,833,034 (1,981,148) 2,556,516 32	2,408,402
FUND BALANCES	
	5,257,128
End of Year <u>\$ 144,302,861</u> <u>\$ 13,019,239</u> <u>\$ 10,343,430</u> <u>\$ 167</u>	7,665,530

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the state- ment of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.	
Capital outlay expenditures	18,750,773 10,971,769)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are	7,779,004
not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Real property taxes	189,562
State and Federal aid	(173,559)
Opioid related	(884,218)
Descende formative income of the state of the second state of the	(868,215)
Proceeds from the issuance of bonds and leases provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized on the statement of activities.	
Financed purchase debt issued	(180,334)
Principal paid on general obligation bonds	6,013,000
Principal paid on energy performance contract	192,128
Principal paid on financed purchase debt	243,484
Principal paid on leases	346,761
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	6,615,039
Accrued interest	54,466
	(8,525,856)
Compensated absences	105,365
Changes in OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Postclosure care costs	(7,640,464)
Amortization of loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium	3,964 163,824
	15,838,701)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported within	
governmental activities.	47,159
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	30,142,688

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and	\$ 30,382,478 5,216,800 75,895,000 13,201,784 1,022,833 884,700 92,306	\$ 30,382,478 5,460,852 77,205,632 13,594,832 3,559,301 1,218,108 102,756	\$ 29,301,109 5,410,056 89,627,893 12,495,701 6,598,936 954,255 174,283	\$ (1,081,369) (50,796) 12,422,261 (1,099,131) 3,039,635 (263,853) 71,527
compensation for loss State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	 71,100 21,942,276 8,133,069 1,149,500	 156,114 25,867,273 29,497,076 2,205,765	 120,612 25,137,307 11,598,066 2,795,384	 (35,502) (729,966) (17,899,010) 589,619
Total Revenues	 157,991,846	 189,250,187	 184,213,602	 (5,036,585)
EXPENDITURES Current				
General government support Education Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits	32,503,610 12,583,694 43,507,804 15,771,888 1,579,276 38,796,515 7,252,224 2,668,693	34,017,721 13,094,876 44,629,898 18,186,272 1,579,276 40,003,568 8,046,724 3,088,372	29,353,041 13,045,098 39,310,568 15,983,261 1,525,288 32,484,018 7,003,291 1,873,341	4,664,680 49,778 5,319,330 2,203,011 53,988 7,519,550 1,043,433 1,215,031
Undistributed	 6,849,719	 6,849,719	 6,813,171	 36,548
Total Expenditures	 161,513,423	 169,496,426	 147,391,077	 22,105,349
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (3,521,577)	 19,753,761	 36,822,525	 17,068,764
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	 - (370,000)	 130,689 (21,499,547)	 130,689 (5,120,180)	 - 16,379,367
Total Other Financing Uses	 (370,000)	 (21,368,858)	 (4,989,491)	 16,379,367
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,891,577)	(1,615,097)	31,833,034	33,448,131
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	3,891,577	1,615,097	112,469,827	110,854,730
End of Year	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 144,302,861	\$ 144,302,861

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2023

ASSETS	Business -type Activities Enterprise Fund Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Current assets Cash and equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Due from other funds	\$ 32,970 115,498 1,160,000 8,171	\$ 5,611,144 - 22,738 - 866,354
Total Current Assets	1,316,639	6,500,236
Noncurrent assets Restricted cash and equivalents Restricted investments	1,713 1,212,727	
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,214,440	
Total Assets	2,531,079	6,500,236
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss on refunding bonds	511,715	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accrued liabilities Current portion of claims payable Current maturities of bonds payable	63,500 - 300,000	- 433,000 -
Total Current Liabilities	363,500	433,000
Noncurrent liabilities Claims payable, less current portion Bonds payable, less current maturities	- 19,568,984	3,893,737
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	19,568,984	3,893,737
Total Liabilities	19,932,484	4,326,737
NET POSITION Restricted for Workers' compensation benefits Casualty reserve benefits Unrestricted Total Net Position	- - (16,889,690) \$ (16,889,690)	651,305 1,522,194 - \$ 2,173,499

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Business -type Activities Enterprise Fund			
	Asse	Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation		vernmental Activities rnal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES				
Tobacco settlement revenues Charges for services	\$	1,126,093	\$	- 855,454
Total Operating Revenues		1,126,093		855,454
OPERATING EXPENSES Administration Professional fees		- 12,998		337,293
Insurance		8,173		-
Administrative charges		35,000		-
Employee benefits		-		645,351
Total Operating Expenses		56,171		982,644
Income (Loss) from Operations		1,069,922		(127,190)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income		80,598		174,349
Interest expense		(1,197,695)		-
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(1,117,097)		174,349
Change in Net Position		(47,175)		47,159
NET POSITION				
Beginning of Year		(16,842,515)		2,126,340
End of Year	\$	(16,889,690)	\$	2,173,499

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2023

	A Ente Putn Asset	siness-type Activities erprise Fund am Tobacco Securitization orporation	-	overnmental Activities ernal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from interfund services provided Cash received from miscellaneous Cash received from tobacco settlement revenues Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants Cash payments to vendors	\$	- 1,126,093 - (56,169)	\$	1,050,972 (22,738) - (626,051) (337,293)
Net Cash From Operating Activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Earnings on investments Sale of investments		1,069,924 80,598 (114,787)		64,890 174,349 -
Net Cash From Investing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of bonds Interest paid		(34,189) (300,000) (771,375)		174,349 - -
Net Cash From Non-Capital Financing Activities		(1,071,375)		
Net Change in Cash and Equivalents CASH AND EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year		(35,640) 70,323		239,239 5,371,905
End of Year	\$	34,683	\$	5,611,144
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Cash and equivalents Restricted cash and equivalents	\$	32,970 1,713 34,683	\$	5,611,144
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash from operating activities Changes in assets and liabilities	\$	1,069,922	\$	(127,190)
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Due from other funds Claims payable		- 2 -		(22,738) - 195,518 19,300
Net Cash From Operating Activities NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,069,924	\$	64,890
Increase in bonds payable from amortization of original issue discount	\$	25,564	\$	-
Increase in bonds payable from accreted interest on Series 2005 capital appreciation bonds		311,661		-
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources from amortization of loss on refunding bonds		90,657		-

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2023

	Custodial Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 2,113,312
Real property taxes receivable for other governments	 24,532,136
Total Assets	\$ 26,645,448
LIABILITIES	
Deposits	\$ 1,037,520
Due to other governments	14,175,825
Due to other funds	 11,432,103
Total Liabilities	\$ 26,645,448

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Custodial Fund	
ADDITIONS Real property taxes collected for other governments	\$	23,934,858
DEDUCTIONS Payments of real property taxes to other governments		23,934,858
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		-
NET POSITION Beginning of Year		
End of Year	\$	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County of Putnam, New York ("County") was established pursuant to an act of the New York State Legislature on June 12, 1812. The County operates under a Legislature/County Executive form of government in accordance with its Charter approved by the voters on November 8, 1977. The County Legislature is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The County Executive serves as the chief executive officer and the Commissioner of Finance serves as the chief financial officer. The County provides the following services to its residents: education, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The County's significant accounting policies are described below:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the County, b) organizations for which the County is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the County, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the County's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following entity is included in the financial statements as a blended component unit.

The Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation ("PTASC") is a not-for-profit local development corporation organized pursuant to Section 1411 of the Not-For-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York. The sole member of the PTASC is the County Executive of Putnam County, New York. That member shall appoint the Board of Directors of the PTASC. The Board of Directors have complete responsibility for management of the PTASC and accountability for fiscal matters. The County is not liable for any deficits or PTASC bonds or notes. Based on the guidance provided by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Technical Bulletin No. 2004-1, "Tobacco Settlement Recognition and Financial Reporting Entity Issues", as amended and/or superseded by GASB Statement No. 48, "Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues", the PTASC is reported as a blended component unit of the County in its financial statements. The guidance provided for prospective, rather than retrospective treatment, of the intra-entity sale of future revenues. The original sale of the PTASC's future revenue stream was consummated several years prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 48, and no additional sale of future revenues has occurred since that time. The revenue from the sale was recognized at that time based on existing guidance. Therefore, there is no deferred inflow of resources to be reported for this purpose on the County's financial statements or a deferred outflow of resources to be reported on the PTASC financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the County at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the County's enterprise fund. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Fund is tobacco settlement revenues and the principal operating expenses are professional fees and insurance. The principal operating revenues of the Internal Service Funds are charges to customers for services and operating expenses include administrative expenses and employee benefits. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the County are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances/net position, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The County maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Proprietary and Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The County's resources are reflected in the financial statements in three broad fund categories in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the County's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the County in that it includes all revenues and expenditures not required by law to be accounted for in other funds.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is utilized to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The County also reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The non-major special revenue funds of the County are as follows:

County Road Fund - The County Road Fund is used to account for the maintenance and repair of County roads and bridges and snow removal costs, as defined in New York State Highway Law.

Road Machinery Fund - The Road Machinery Fund is used to account for the purchase, repair and maintenance of highway machinery, tools and equipment and for the construction, purchase and maintenance of buildings for the storage and repair of highway machinery and equipment.

Transportation Fund - The Transportation Fund is used to account for the activities of a County-wide bus system, which is funded in part under the auspices of the Urban Mass Transportation Administration and the New York State Department of Transportation.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the County in accordance with terms of a trust agreement.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is provided to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- b. <u>Proprietary Funds</u> Proprietary funds include enterprise and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private enterprises or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that provide services to the public. Internal service funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The operations of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation are recorded as a major enterprise fund. The County has established its Workers' Compensation Benefits and Casualty Reserve Benefits funds as internal service funds.
- c. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the County on behalf of others. The Custodial Fund is used to account for real property taxes collected for other governments.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the Proprietary and Fiduciary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made and the amounts are expected to be collected within one year of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liability, certain pension costs and claims, other postemployment benefit liability and postclosure care costs, are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The County's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The County has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The County is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The County has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The County follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "*Fair Value Measurement and Application*", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

The County participates in the Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System ("CLASS"), a cooperative investment pool, established pursuant to Articles 3A and 5G of General Municipal Law of the State of New York. CLASS has designated Public Trust Advisors, LLC as its registered investment advisor. Public Trust Advisors, LLC is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is subject to all of the rules and regulations of an investment advisor handling public funds. As such, the SEC provides regulatory oversight of CLASS.

The pool is authorized to invest in various securities issued by the United States and its agencies, obligations of the State of New York and repurchase agreements. These investments are reported at fair value. CLASS issues separately available audited financial statements with a year end of June 30th.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The County's position in the pool, \$23,099,384 is equal to the value of the pool shares. The maximum maturity for any specific investment in the portfolio is 397 days. CLASS is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Financial Services. Local government investment cooperatives in this rating category meet the highest standards for credit quality, conservative investment policies and safety of principle. The cooperative invests in a high quality portfolio of investments legally permissible for municipalities and school districts in the State.

Additional information concerning the cooperative is presented in the annual report of CLASS, which may be obtained from Public Trust Advisors, LLC, 717 17th Street, Suite1850, Denver, CO 80202.

The County, also, participates in a joint municipal cooperative investment pool established pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 3-A that meets the definition of a 2a7-like pool as defined by GASB Statement No. 31, "*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*". The sponsoring agency of the pool is another governmental unit which, acting through its chief fiscal officer, is primarily responsible for executing the provisions of the cooperative agreement. This pool is authorized to invest in various securities issued by the United States and its agencies. The amount reported represents the amortized cost of the cooperative shares and is considered to approximate fair value. The County's position in the cooperative, \$38,951,692, is equal to the value of the pool shares. Additional information concerning the cooperative investment pool is presented in the annual report of the New York Liquid Asset Fund ("NYLAF"), which may be obtained from Bankers Trust Company, N.A., 453 7th Street, P.O. Box 897, Des Moines, IA 50304.

NYLAF is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Financial Services. Local government investment cooperatives in this rating category meet the highest standards for credit quality, conservative investment policies and safety of principal. The cooperative invests in a high quality portfolio of investments legally permissible for municipalities and school districts pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law.

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the County does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, "*Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures- an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities not not in the County's name. The County's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2023.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The County does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The County's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Restricted Cash - Restricted cash in the Capital Projects Fund consist of unspent proceeds held by an escrow agent from the County's Energy Performance Contract.

Taxes Receivable - The County levies property taxes for both the County and towns on January 1st, based on an enforceable lien date established November 1st. These taxes are due in March and/or July depending upon the taxpayer's election. These taxes are collected initially by the various towns, and the uncollected taxes are returned to the County on April 1st and/or August 1st depending upon the taxpayer's election to make payment either in full or in two installments. School districts taxes are levied by the school districts, with all uncollected taxes returned to the County on November 1st. Village taxes are levied by the Villages, with all uncollected taxes returned to the County on February 1st. The County guarantees the collection of town, school districts and village taxes and assumes responsibility for the ultimate collection of these receivables. Taxes receivable are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Thus the County's fiduciary responsibility is from the date of the levy until the due date of the respective tax warrant at which time the County must satisfy its obligations regardless of the amounts collected. School districts taxes collected prior to the satisfaction of the respective warrants are considered a fiduciary activity under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities", and therefore have been accounted for within the Custodial Fund.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the County. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Leases Receivable - The County is a lessor for noncancellable leases of real property. The County District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and General Fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commence date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgements include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, 2) lease-term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Due From/To Other Funds and Due From/To Fiduciary Fund - During the course of its operations, the County has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of December 31, 2023, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Inventory - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the County. Purchases of inventoriable items at various locations are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of employee retirement and other costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and/or will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Restricted Cash and Equivalents - The terms of the bond indenture of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation provide for the establishment of a liquidity reserve. The reserve has been established at the maximum annual debt service requirements in the current and any future fiscal year, assuming principal is paid in accordance with the requirements of the indenture.

The terms of the bond indenture also provide for the establishment of a trapping account. Following the occurrence of a trapping event, amounts that otherwise would have been paid on the residual certificate to the County will be deposited in the trapping account and will be restricted to pay interest, required planned structured principal payments and turbo redemption payments, in such order, to the extent collections or other available amounts are insufficient for such purposes.

Capital Assets - Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, construction-in-progress and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) and are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets (except intangible right-to-use assets, which are discussed in Note 3E) are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the County chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The County was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and used an appropriate price level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant, equipment and infrastructure and right-to-use assets of the County are depreciated/amortized using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

. . . .

Class	Life in Years
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Infrastructure	30-50
Right-to-use Buildings and Improvements	2-10
Right-to-use Machinery and Equipment	2-7
Right-to-use Infrastructure	4-14

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise, when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied. In the government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of amounts received in advance and/or revenue from grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The County has reported unearned revenues of \$16,073,464 in American Rescue Plan Act funds received in advance in the General Fund and has reported unearned revenues of \$6,506,954 for State aid and other items received in advance in the General Fund. The County has also reported unearned revenues of \$2,901,804 for water shed aid received in advance in the Capital Projects Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The County reported deferred inflows of resources of \$19,052,381 for real property taxes, unavailable revenues of \$2,685,614, lease related of \$1,298,289 and Opioid related of \$1,120,871 in the General Fund. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow in the period that the amounts become available.

The County reported deferred amounts on refunding bonds resulting from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price in the government-wide financial statement for governmental activities. This amount is being deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

The County has also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities in the government-wide financial statement for governmental activities. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the County's pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities in Note 3G.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Debt Service or Capital Projects funds expenditures.

Leases - The County is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The County recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset ("lease asset") in the government-wide financial statements. The County recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$10,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are comprised of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise. The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Right-to-use lease assets are reported with other capital assets and right-to-use lease liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The net pension liability (asset) represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, *"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions"* and GASB Statement No. 71, *"Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68"*.

Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB") – In addition to providing pension benefits, the County provides health care benefits for certain retired employees and their survivors. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

Net Position - represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets and deferred outflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either through enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted net position of the County includes restricted for casualty reserve benefits, workers' compensation benefits, law enforcement, health, opiod, driving while intoxicated program, grants and obligations, debt service, and special revenue funds.

Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables, advances) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The County Legislature is the highest level of decision making authority for the County that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the County removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the County Legislature.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the County Legislature for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or the County Commissioner of Finance for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, any deficit fund balance is reported as unassigned.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the County's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, County Road, Transportation and Road Machinery funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is September 30, 2024.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The County generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before October 1st, the County Executive submits to the County Legislature a tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1st. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing.
- b) The County Executive and Commissioner of Finance meet with the Budget and Finance Committee of the Legislature within five days after transmittal of the tentative budget to review the budget document.
- c) The Committee conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain taxpayer comments.
- d) A report of the Committee must be filed by October 20th, which includes the Committee's recommendations.
- e) On or before October 25th, the Legislature conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- f) After the public hearing and prior to October 28th, the Legislature meets to consider and adopt the budget.
- g) All line item changes with the exception of the Legislature's own budget are subject to Executive veto and such vetoes require two thirds majority by the Legislature to override. This process is completed and the final budget is adopted by November 15th.
- h) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General, County Road, Road Machinery, Transportation and Debt Service funds.
- i) Budgets for General, County Road, Road Machinery, Transportation and Debt Service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. Annual budgets are not legally adopted for the Proprietary or Special Purpose funds since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.
- j) The County Legislature has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. The County Auditor, who must approve all expenditures from General, County Road, Road Machinery, Transportation and Capital Projects funds, may not authorize the disbursement of funds by the Commissioner of Finance unless the necessary funds have been appropriated. All functional transfers shall be subject to the following authorization:
 - (1) Transfers less than \$5,000 may be authorized by the Commissioner of Finance.
 - (2) Transfers between \$5,000 and \$10,000 may be authorized by the County Executive.
 - (3) Transfers less than \$10,000 must be approved by the Chairperson of Audit or his/her designee.
 - (4) Transfers between \$10,000 and \$25,000 must be approved by the Audit and Administrative Committee.
 - (5) Transfers over \$25,000 shall require approval of the Legislature for transfers between functions of a fund. Management may transfer the budgeted amounts within a function of a fund without a dollar limitation.
 - (6) Amendments which increase total fund appropriations require approval by the Legislature.
- k) Appropriations in the General, County Road, Road Machinery, Transportation and Debt Service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

B. Property Tax Limitation

The County is permitted by the Constitution of the State of New York to levy taxes for purposes other than debt service up to 1-1/2% of the five-year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the County. In accordance with this provision, the maximum amount of the tax levy for 2023 was \$227,405,602, which exceeded the actual levy by \$180,717,821.

Chapter 97 of the New York State Laws of 2011, as amended ('Tax Levy Limitation Law") modified previous law by imposing a limit on the amount of real property taxes a local government may levy. The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the County to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the 20 National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The County is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the County, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the County. The County Legislature may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the County Legislature first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the County Legislature, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

C. Fund Deficit

The Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation Enterprise Fund reflects a deficit at December 31, 2023 of \$16,889,690. This deficit will be reduced annually with the receipt of tobacco revenues.

D. New Accounting Pronouncement

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA's)", established a single model for SBITA accounting based on the concept that SBITA's are a financing of a "right-to-use" underlying asset. This statement requires a subscriber to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 96 are effective for the County's fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. The County has completed its evaluation of the financial impact of GASB Statement No. 96 and determined that the implementation of this standard was not required as it did not have a material impact on its financial statements.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Restricted Cash and Equivalents and Investments – Proprietary Fund

Restricted cash and equivalents, Enterprise Fund, at December 31, 2023 consisted of the following-

US Treasury Money Market	\$ 1,713
US Treasury Bills due May 2024, interest at 5.09%	 1,212,727
	\$ 1,214,440

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable at December 31, 2023 consisted of the following:

Returned school and village taxes	\$ 528,448
Tax liens	22,104,230
Taxes receivable - Pending	4,124,143
Property acquired for taxes	 4,818,772
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	 31,575,593 (11,582,270)
	\$ 19,993,323

Returned school and village taxes have been relevied in the subsequent year as County taxes. Taxes receivable are also partially offset by deferred tax revenues of \$19,052,381, which represents an estimate of the receivable which will not be collected within the first sixty days of the subsequent year.

C. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The composition of due from/to other funds at December 31, 2023 were as follows:

Fund	Due From	Due To
General	\$ -	\$ 13,586,694
Capital Projects	3,099,302	-
Non-Major Governmental	9,621,038	-
Internal Service	866,354	
	\$ 13,586,694	\$ 13,586,694

The composition of due from/to the fiduciary fund at December 31, 2023 were as follows:

Fund	Due From	Due To
General Fiduciary	\$ 11,432,103 	\$-
	<u>\$ 11,432,103</u>	<u>\$ 11,432,103</u>

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Leases Receivable

The County leases real property. The leases range from twenty-three to one hundred eighty months and the County will receive monthly payments ranging from \$800 to \$14,200. The County recognized \$358,018 in lease revenue and \$13,967 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to these leases. As of December 31, 2023, the County's receivable for lease payments was \$1,507,735. Also, the County has a deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of December 31, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$1,298,289.

Leases receivable at December 31, 2023 are due as follows:

		Principal	Interest			
2024	\$	330,201	\$	12,142		
2025	Ŧ	437,601	Ŧ	9,830		
2026		252,456		7,256		
2027		38,524		6,476		
2028		39,054		5,946		
2029-2033		233,840		21,160		
2034-2038		176,059		3,941		
	\$	1,507,735	\$	66,751		

E. Capital Assets

Changes in the County's capital assets are as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2023
Capital Assets, not being depreciated Land Construction-in-Progress	\$ 6,617,653 28,482,710	\$- 	\$- 	\$ 6,617,653 39,292,800
Total Capital Assets, not being Depreciated	\$ 35,100,363	<u>\$ 11,198,836</u>	\$ 388,746	\$ 45,910,453
Capital Assets, being depreciated/amortized: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Right-to-use Buildings and Improvements Right-to-use Machinery and Equipment Right-to-use Infrastructure	\$ 114,524,569 33,694,160 107,866,361 989,181 470,422 1,054,306	\$ 1,283,341 2,982,682 3,674,660 - -	\$ 1,974,752 	\$ 115,807,910 34,702,090 111,541,021 989,181 470,422 1,054,306
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated/Amortized	258,598,999	7,940,683	1,974,752	264,564,930
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Right-to-use Buildings and Improvements Right-to-use Machinery and Equipment Right-to-use Infrastructure	76,192,608 27,479,894 64,828,621 137,084 151,090 91,347	3,023,564 2,190,598 5,400,049 125,407 140,804 91,347	1,974,752 - - -	79,216,172 27,695,740 70,228,670 262,491 291,894 182,694
Total Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization	168,880,644	10,971,769	1,974,752	177,877,661
Capital Assets, being Depreciated/Amortized, net	\$ 89,718,355	\$ (3,031,086)	\$-	\$ 86,687,269
Capital Assets, net	\$ 124,818,718	\$ 8,167,750	\$ 388,746	\$ 132,597,722

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Depreciation/Amortization expense was charged to the County's functions and programs as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government Support	\$ 1,394,423
Education	105,692
Public Safety	1,465,451
Health	103,404
Transportation	5,747,725
Economic Opportunity and Development	777,600
Culture and Recreation	1,375,476
Home and Community Services	 1,998

Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense <u>\$ 10,971,769</u>

F. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued Liabilities at December 31, 2023 were as follows:

	_	vernmental Activities	 usiness - Type activities	 Total
Payroll and employee benefits Other	\$	1,071,167 876,164	\$ - 63,500	\$ 1,071,167 939,664
Total Accrued Liabilities	\$	1,947,331	\$ 63,500	\$ 2,010,831

G. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the County's long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance January 1, 2023	New Issues and/or Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance December 31, 2023	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds Payable \$ Plus	45,158,000	\$-	\$ 6,013,000	\$ 39,145,000	\$ 5,135,000
Unamortized premium on bonds	2,172,926		330,921	1,842,005	330,921
	47,330,926		6,343,921	40,987,005	5,465,921
Energy Performance Contract Payable	3,811,873		192,128	3,619,745	197,506

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Balance January 1, 2023	New Issues and/or Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance December 31, 2023	Due Within One Year
Financed Purchases Payable	\$ 816,998	\$ 180,334	\$ 243,484	\$ 753,848	\$ 258,923
Fayable	φ 010,990	φ 100,334	φ 243,404	φ 755,040	φ 230,923
Leases payable	2,169,848		346,761	1,823,087	291,967
Other Non-current Liabilities					
Compensated Absences	4,979,404	392,635	498,000	4,874,039	487,000
Net Pension Liability	-	44,553,287	-	44,553,287	-
Claims Payable	4,307,437	645,351	626,051	4,326,737	433,000
Other Postemployment Benefit					
Liability	271,027,438	15,038,837	66,143,172	219,923,103	5,900,000
Postclosure Care Costs	1,018,421		3,964	1,014,457	4,000
Total Other Non-Current Liabilities	281,332,700	60,630,110	67,271,187	274,691,623	6,824,000
Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 335,462,345	\$ 60,810,444	\$ 74,397,481	\$ 321,875,308	\$ 13,038,317
Business-Type Activities					
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$ 21,620,424	\$-	\$ 300,001	\$ 21,320,423	\$ 300,000

Governmental fund liabilities for general obligation bonds and leases are liquidated by the Debt Service Fund, which is funded by other governmental funds and property taxes. The liability for compensated absences, net pension liability, claims payable, other postemployment benefit liability and postclosure care costs are liquidated by the General, County Road, Road Machinery, and Worker Compensation funds.

General Obligation Bonds Payable

General obligation bonds payable at December 31, 2023 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Purpose	Year of Issue		Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates			Amount Dutstanding December 31, 2023
Public improvement	2010	\$	4,740,000	November, 2028	6.436 - 7.213	%	\$	1,715,000
Refunding	2013	Ŧ	19,965,000	January, 2036	3.000 - 4.000		Ŧ	12,365,000
Public improvement	2014		3,478,274	November, 2031	2.125 - 3.000			1,925,000
Refunding	2015		11,060,000	January, 2031	2.750 - 5.000			7,100,000
Public improvement	2016		2,114,575	June, 2031	2.000 - 2.250			1,290,000
Public improvement	2016		2,100,000	June, 2028	2.000 - 2.500			1,025,000
Public improvement	2017		3,333,350	June, 2028	2.000			1,760,000
Public improvement	2017		800,000	June, 2027	2.750 - 2.875			380,000
Public improvement	2018		2,033,125	June, 2030	3.000			1,365,000
Refunding	2019		3,315,000	November, 2025	2.000 - 5.000			405,000
Public improvement	2020		5,845,300	June, 2033	.7500 - 1.125			4,930,000
Refunding	2020		2,865,000	November, 2026	4.000			1,515,000
Public improvement	2021		3,058,000	June, 2032	.5000 - 2.000			2,770,000
Refunding	2021		2,485,000	November, 2025	4.000			600,000
							\$	39,145,000

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Interest expenditures of \$1,331,788 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund. Interest expense of \$1,117,084 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

Energy Performance Contract Payable

The County, during 2020, entered into a \$4,184,693 contractual agreement to install energy saving equipment and/or to upgrade existing facilities to enhance performance. The agreement provides for annual payments of \$298,823, including interest at 2.799% through April 2038. The contract further provides that the savings in energy costs resulting from this modernization will equal or exceed the payment terms. Interest expenditures of \$106,694 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund. Interest expense of \$103,108 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities. The balance due at December 31, 2023 was \$3,619,745.

Financed Purchases Payable

The County has entered into an agreement to finance the cost of purchasing certain equipment. The leases meets the criteria of a capital lease. The terms of the agreements provide for repayment in annual installments, through February 2026, including interest rates ranging from 1.34% to 2.29%. Interest expenditures of \$11,565 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund and in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities. The balance due at December 31, 2023 was \$753,848.

Leases Payable

Leases payable as of December 31, 2023 are comprised of the following individual agreements:

					Amount
		Original	C	Dutstanding	
	Year of	lssue	Final	at D	December 31,
Purpose	lssue	Amount	Maturity		2023
Buildings	2022	\$ 88,558	2025	\$	51,808
Buildings	2016	69,980	2026		38,559
Buildings	2016	804,674	2031		647,989
Equipment	2022	74,692	2028		56,943
Equipment	2020	278,707	2025		120,092
Infrastructur	e 2021	994,141	2035		877,234
Infrastructur	e 2020	60,165	2025		30,462
				\$	1,823,087

Interest expense of \$24,632 was recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund and in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize debt outstanding as of December 31, 2023 including interest payments of \$6,303,825 are as follows:

Year Ended	Bonds		E	Energy Performance Contract			Financed Purchases Payable					
December 31,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	F	Principal		Interest
2024	\$	5,135,000	\$	1,125,251	\$	197,506	\$	101,317	\$	258,923	\$	10,671
2025		5,320,000		952,811		203,034		95,788		263,608		7,520
2026		4,450,000		783,102		208,717		90,106		231,317		3,604
2027		4,050,000		633,311		214,559		84,264		-		-
2028		4,090,000		500,464		220,564		78,258		-		-
2029-2033		13,000,000		1,167,803		1,198,956		295,157		-		-
2034-2038		3,100,000		150,672		1,376,409		117,703		-		-
	\$	39,145,000	\$	5,313,414	\$	3,619,745	\$	862,593	\$	753,848	\$	21,795
		Lea	ases			Тс	otal					
	_	Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest				
2024	\$	291,967	\$	21,356	\$	5,883,396	\$	1,258,595				
2025	Ŧ	257,508	Ŧ	18,133	+	6,044,150	+	1,074,252				
2026		165,346		15,496		5,055,380		892,308				
2027		166,901		13,272		4,431,460		730,847				
2028		164,852		11,023		4,475,416		589,745				
2029-2033		670,653		25,933		14,869,609		1,488,893				
2034-2038		105,860		810		4,582,269		269,185				
	\$	1,823,087	\$	106,023	\$	45,341,680	\$	6,303,825				

The above general obligation bonds are direct borrowings of the County for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the County.

Bonds payable of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation ("PTASC") at December 31, 2023 are comprised of the following:

	 Balance January 1, 2023	Vaturities and/or Payments	D	Balance ecember 31, 2023	_	ue Within Dne Year
Blended Component Unit						
Bonds Payable	\$ 21,620,424	\$ 300,001	\$	21,320,423	\$	300,000
Less:						
Unamortized Original Issue						
Discount on Term Bonds	(169,869)	25,564		(144,305)		-
Unaccreted amounts on Turbo Capital Appreciation Bonds	 (1,618,796)	 311,661		(1,307,135)		_
Rusiness Type Activities						
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 19,831,759	\$ 637,226	\$	19,868,983	\$	300,000

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

PTASC issued bonds on August 25, 2005 and June 1, 2010 as follows:

\$3,400,000 of Turbo Term Bonds due June 1, 2041 with interest at 6.25% and a projected final Turbo Redemption date of June 1, 2024.* Balance due at December 31, 2023 is \$2,200,000.

\$9,165,000 of Turbo Term Bonds due June 1, 2042 with interest at 5.0% and a projected final Turbo Redemption date of June 1, 2024.* Balance due at December 31, 2023 is \$9,165,000.

\$3,325,000 of Turbo Term Bonds due June 1, 2045 with interest at 5.0% and a projected final Turbo Redemption date of June 1, 2026.* Balance due at December 31, 2023 is \$3,325,000.

\$2,567,122 (net of unaccreted amounts of \$453,873) of Turbo Capital Appreciation Bonds due June 1, 2050 with a yield of 5.875% and a projected final Turbo Redemption date of June 1, 2027.*

\$2,666,167 (net of unaccreted amounts of \$853,262) of Turbo Capital Appreciation Bonds due June 1, 2055 with a yield of 6.375% and a projected final Turbo Redemption date of June 1, 2029.*

*Assumes Turbo Redemption payments are made based on the receipt of surplus pledged TSR's in accordance with the Global Insight Base Case Forecast of future tobacco consumption.

A payment schedule, based upon planned structured principal maturities, is as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	 Principal		Interest	 Total
2024	\$ 12,090,000	* \$	446,000	\$ 12,536,000
2025	1,720,000		87,000	1,807,000
2026	3,010,233		22,000	3,032,233
2027	1,789,063		-	1,789,063
2028	1,812,299		-	1,812,299
2029 and thereafter	 898,828		-	 898,828
	21,320,423	\$	555,000	\$ 21,875,423
Unamortized Original Issue Discount on Term Bonds	(144,305)			
Unaccreted amounts on Capital				
Appreciation Bonds	 (1,307,135)			
	\$ 19,868,983			

* Principal payment assumes "catch up" payment is made June 1, 2024.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The required plan structured principal payments are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2024	\$ 300,000
2025	400,000
2026	400,000
2027	400,000
2028	400,000
2029 and thereafter	<u> </u>

Legal Debt Margin

The County is subject to legal limitations on the amount of debt that it may issue. The County's legal debt margin is 7% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real property.

Compensated Absences

County employees who are members of a labor union earn vacation leave based upon the terms of their particular collective bargaining agreement. Vacation leave is accumulated on a monthly basis up to a maximum of forty days and is payable upon termination. The maximum sick leave accumulation is 180 days. Sick leave accumulates on a monthly basis with all union employees earning twelve days per year. Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave the service of the County, with the exception of Deputy Sheriff's Benevolent Association employees. These employees, upon retirement from the County, are entitled to a sick leave buyout at daily rates ranging from \$40 to \$100 per day, depending on the number of days accumulated. The value of compensated absences has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Retirement System

The County participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") ("System"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The County also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about_us/financial_statements_/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 2, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the plan year ended March 31, 2023 are as follows:

Tier/Plan	Rate
1 751	17.5 %
2 751	15.9
3 553	21.6
3 A14	13.0
4 553	21.6
4 89PBE	16.5
4 A15	13.0
5 553	20.1
5 89PBE	14.6
5 A15	11.1
6 553	16.9
6 89PBE	11.4
6 A15	8.2

At December 31, 2023, the County reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for ERS:

Measurement date	Ν	<i>l</i> arch 31, 2023
Net pension liability	\$	44,553,287
County's proportion of the net pension liability		0.2256138%
Change in proportion since the		
prior measurement date		(0.0267093%)

The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present future value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the County recognized its proportionate share of pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of \$15,627,523 for ERS. Pension expenditures of \$7,101,667 for ERS were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the following funds:

Fund		Amount
General	\$	6,778,477
County Road		241,579
Road Machinery		79,976
Transportation		1,635
	<u>\$</u>	7,101,667

At December 31, 2023, the County reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,745,274	\$ 1,251,224
Changes of assumptions	21,637,950	239,140
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	261,749
Changes in proportion and differences between		
County contributions and proportionate		
share of contributions	1,526,257	1,622,807
County contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	5,119,348	
	\$ 33,028,829	\$ 3,374,920

\$5,119,348 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS, resulting from the County's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the plan's year ended March 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended March 31,	
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 5,671,973 (2,321,965) 9,304,877 11,879,676
	\$ 24,534,561

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The total pension liability for the ERS measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation date as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to that measurement date. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were as follows:

Measurement Date	March 31, 2023
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2022
Investment rate of return	5.9% *
Salary scale	4.4%
Inflation rate	2.9%
Cost of living adjustments	1.5%

*Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below.

Asset Type	Target Allocation	Long-Te Expecte Real Ra of Retu	ed Ite
Domestic Equity	32 %	4.30	%
International Equity	15	6.85	
Private Equity	10	7.50	
Real Estate	9	4.60	
Opportunistic / ARS Portfolio	3	5.38	
Credit	4	5.43	
Real Assets	3	5.84	
Fixed Income	23	1.50	
Cash	1	-	
	100 %		

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.9%.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 5.9%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.9%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.9%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(4.90%)	(5.90%)	(6.90%)
County's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 107,666,186	\$ 44,553,287	\$ (8,184,882)

The components of the collective net pension liability (asset) for ERS as of the March 31, 2023 measurement date were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 232,627,259,000
Fiduciary net position	211,183,223,000
Employers' net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 21,444,036,000
Fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of total pension asset	90.78%

Employer contributions to ERS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the System's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Retirement contributions as of December 31, 2023 represent the employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023 based on prior year ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Retirement contributions to ERS for the nine months ended December 31, 2023 were \$5,119,348.

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The County can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the County will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

Unpaid Claim Liabilities

The Internal Service Funds reflect workers' compensation claim liabilities which are based upon estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

reported, but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability and damage awards, the process used in computing claim liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflects past inflation and other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience.

An analysis of the activity of unpaid claim liabilities is as follows:

		2023	2022			
Balance - Beginning of Year Provision for Claims and	\$	4,307,437	\$	4,255,094		
Claims Adjustment Expenses		645,351		668,361		
Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses Paid		(626,051)		(616,018)		
Balance - End of Year	\$	4,326,737	\$	4,307,437		
Due Within One Year	\$	433,000	\$	431,000		

Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the County provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the County may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing postemployment health care benefits is shared between the County and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the County's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the County. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

At December 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	399
Active employees	576
	975

The County's total OPEB liability of \$219,923,103 was measured as of January 1, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases	2.00%, average, including 2.5% inflation
Discount rate	3.72%
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.0% for 2023, decreasing up to 0.8% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.7% for 2090 and later years
Retirees' share of benefit-related	Varies from 8% to 50%, depending on applicable
costs	retirement year and bargaining unit

The discount rate was based on Bond Buyer Weekly 20-Bond GO Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Mortality Table for employees and healthy annuitants, sex distinct, with generational mortality adjusted to 2006 using scale MP-2014, and projected forward with scale MP-2021.

The County's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$ 271,027,438
Service cost	9,324,306
Interest	5,714,531
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(60,248,496)
Benefit payments	 (5,894,676)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 219,923,103

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.72%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.72%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.72%)	(3.72%)	(4.72%)
Total OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 261,400,858</u>	\$ 219,923,103	\$ 187,300,634

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.0% decreasing to 3.7%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.0% decreasing to 5.7%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

		Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rates	Increase
	(5.0% decreasing	(6.0% decreasing	(7.0% decreasing
	to 3.7%)	to 4.7%)	to 5.7%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 182,753,366	\$ 219,923,103	\$ 268,805,342

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$14,011,251 in the government-wide financial statements. At December 31, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience County's contributions subsequent to the	\$ 30,233,472 3,609,074	\$ 57,437,807 653,729
measurement date	6,370,787	
	\$ 40,213,333	\$ 58,091,536

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	
2024	\$ (981,994)
2025	21,484
2026	(937,209)
2027	(5,541,013)
2028	(8,129,662)
2029 and Thereafter	 (8,680,596)
	\$ (24,248,990)

Postclosure Care Costs

In 2008, the County recognized a pollution remediation expense amounting to \$650,000 and a corresponding liability was recorded in the statement of net position. The liability related to future remediation activities associated with the removal of materials and soil contamination of a landfill. The expense provision was measured at its current value utilizing the prescribed expected cash flow method. The pollution remediation obligation is an estimate and is subject to revision due to

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

price increases or reductions, change in technology, or change in applicable laws or regulations and estimated recoveries reducing the liability. In 2009, the liability was decreased to \$265,000 based on the County's intention to move the waste and reclaim and sell the land. In 2010, the liability was increased to \$1,200,000 based on the County's revised plan to continue operating the landfill and capping it. In 2012 the landfill was capped. The remaining liability of \$1,014,457 at December 31, 2023 is the estimated postclosure care costs that will be paid in the future for certain maintenance and monitoring costs at the site for the next 30 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

H. Significant Commitments - Encumbrances

As discussed in Note 2A, Budgetary Data, encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At December 31, 2023, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

Fund	Amount
General Non-Major Governmental	\$ 964,528 178,807
Total	\$ 1,143,335

I. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers:

		Transfers In							
		Capital			Ν	Non-Major			
	(General Projects			Governmental				
Transfers Out		Fund		Fund		Funds		Total	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	5,086,366	\$	33,814	\$	5,120,180	
Capital Projects Fund		130,689		-		3,600		134,289	
	\$	130,689	\$	5,086,366	\$	37,414	\$	5,254,469	

Transfers are used to 1) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures and to move funds from the fund with collection authorization to the funds where additional amounts are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

J. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Casualty Reserve Benefits and Workers' Compensation Benefits - the component of net position that have been established to set aside funds to be used for a specific purpose in accordance with Section 6N and 6J of General Municipal Law.

Restricted for Law Enforcement - the component of net position that represents the unexpended proceeds of seized funds which are restricted by New York State Law for use in law enforcement activities.

Restricted for Health - Adolescent Tobacco Use Prevention Act - the component of net position restricted by state regulations representing 50% of collections of tobacco related infractions to be used to support health education related activities.

Restricted for Driving While Intoxicated Program - the component of net position that represents State revenues that are limited by State directive to be used in accordance with the parameters of the Driving While Intoxicated Program.

Restricted for Grants and Obligations - the component of net position that represents a segregation of fund balance to fund shortfalls of outstanding grants and obligations.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Restricted for Special Revenue Funds - the component of net position that represents funds restricted for specific purposes under New York State law or by external parties and/or statutes.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

K. Fund Balances

		203	23		2022					
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental	Total	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental	Total		
Nonspendable	¢ 0.459.709	¢	\$ 98.657	¢ 0.057.455	¢ 0.011.051	\$-	¢ 02.512	¢ 0.404.262		
Prepaid expenditures Leases	\$ 2,158,798	\$-	\$ 98,657	\$ 2,257,455	\$ 2,011,851 115,940	ъ -	\$ 92,512	\$ 2,104,363 115,940		
Leases Long-term receivables	4,000,000			4,000,000	4,000,000			4,000,000		
Total Nonspendable	6,158,798		98,657	6,257,455	6,127,791		92,512	6,220,303		
Restricted										
Law enforcement	549,746	-	-	549,746	558,213	-	-	558,213		
Health	14,321	-	-	14,321	20,308	-	-	20,308		
Driving while intoxicated program	72,707	-	-	72,707	18,771	-	-	18,771		
Opioid	1,385,400	-	-	1,385,400	-	-		-		
Grants and obligations	1,622,538	-	-	1,622,538	1,196,035	-	-	1,196,035		
Capital projects	-	13,019,239	-	13,019,239	-	15,000,387	-	15,000,387		
Debt service	-		65,384	65,384	-		75,662	75,662		
Debt service for subsequent year's	s		00,001	00,001			10,002	10,002		
expenditures	-	_	125,000	125,000	-		90,000	90,000		
Trusts	_	_	378,519	378,519	-	-	497,527	497,527		
110313			010,010	570,515			401,021	401,021		
Total Restricted	3,644,712	13,019,239	568,903	17,232,854	1,793,327	15,000,387	663,189	17,456,903		
Assigned										
Purchases on order										
General government support	323,552	-	-	323,552	308,619	-	-	308,619		
Public safety	429,707	-	125,200	554,907	872,123	-	3,165	875,288		
Health	496	-	-	496	9,266	-	-	9,266		
Transportation	67,874	-	53,607	121,481	77,451	-	235,006	312,457		
Economic opportunity	103,726	-	-	103,726	141,115	-	-	141,115		
Culture and recreation	38,089	-	-	38,089	41,736	-	-	41,736		
Home and community services	1,084			1,084	157,576			157,576		
	964,528	-	178,807	1,143,335	1,607,886	-	238,171	1,846,057		
For subsequent year's expenditures										
General Fund	3,652,611	-	-	3,652,611	2,283,691	-	-	2,283,691		
Retirement	1,500,000	-	-	1,500,000	-	-	-	-		
Future Capital projects	5,250,000	-	-	5,250,000	-	-	-	-		
Retirement	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	2,693,196	-	-	2,693,196		
Future Capital projects	7,500,000	-	-	7,500,000	5,738,086	-	-	5,738,086		
Tax stabilization	7,500,000	-	-	7,500,000	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000		
Insurance	5,800,000	-	-	5,800,000	5,800,000	-	-	5,800,000		
Post Employment	6,000,000	-	-	6,000,000	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000		
State Aid	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000		
Callable Bond	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	-	-	-	-		
Disaster Recovery	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	-	-	-	-		
Judgements and Settlements	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000			-	-		
County Road Fund	0,000,000	_	3,618,909	3,618,909	-	-	2,516,884	2,516,884		
Road Machinery Fund	_	_	910,422	910,422	-	-	693,602	693,602		
Transportation Fund		_	4,967,732	4,967,732			3,582,556	3,582,556		
			4,001,102	4,007,702			0,002,000	0,002,000		
Total Assigned	56,167,139		9,675,870	65,843,009	33,122,859		7,031,213	40,154,072		
Unassigned	78,332,212			78,332,212	71,425,850			71,425,850		
Total Fund Balances	\$ 144,302,861	\$ 13,019,239	\$ 10,343,430	\$ 167,665,530	\$ 112,469,827	\$ 15,000,387	\$ 7,786,914	\$ 135,257,128		

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

L. Fund Balances

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures has been established to account for retirement and health insurance payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Long-Term Receivables represents funds set aside to indicate that certain receivables will not be collected in sufficient time to use the funds to satisfy liabilities of the period. A reserve has been established to indicate that the funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though the amounts are a component of current assets.

The amounts restricted for trusts have been established to set aside funds in accordance with the terms of the grants.

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the County's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriations will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at December 31, 2023, the County Legislature has assigned the above amounts to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Assigned for Retirement represents funds set aside for the purpose of financing retirement contributions to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System.

Assigned for Future Capital Projects represents funds set aside for the purpose of financing future capital projects.

Assigned for Tax Stabilization represents funds set aside for an emergency to prevent a large tax increase.

Assigned for Insurance has been established to fund uninsured losses, claims, actions, or judgments that the County is authorized or required to purchase or maintain insurance.

Assigned for Postemployment has been established to fund future increasing postemployment costs.

Assigned for State Aid has been established to fund potential declining state aid reimbursements.

Assigned for Callable Bond has been established to fund potential principal payment on bond called prior to maturity.

Assigned for Disaster Recovery has been established to fund potential unanticipated disaster.

Assigned for Judgements and Settlements has been established to fund potential claims.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or assigned.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The County receives numerous notices of claims for damages arising generally from personal injury, wrongful death, false arrest, negligence, bodily injury, breach of contract, defamation of character and invasion of privacy. The County currently carries both conventional general liability insurance to cover possible losses arising from these actions. In the opinion of the County Attorney, and apart from matters provided for by applicable insurance coverage, there are two (2) claims or actions pending which, if determined against the County, would have an adverse material effect on the financial condition of the County; (1) This is a claim alleging wrongful conviction. Plaintiff was tried and convicted of arson and spent 9 years in jail before being released. The claims are that the Putnam County Fire Inspectors and members of another police agency fabricated evidence, resulting in the wrongful conviction. A trial is scheduled for October 2023. If plaintiff is successful, damages could approach one million dollars per year of incarceration. The County has an excess insurance policy of ten million dollars. (2) This is a claim of wrongful conviction. Plaintiff was tried and convicted for rape and murder and spent twenty years in jail. The plaintiff was acquitted after a retrial. The County settled a similar case and is expected to quickly resolve this case for similar reasons. The case is pending final settlement.

The County is also a defendant in numerous pending tax certiorari proceedings, the results of which cannot be determined at this time. Any future refunds resulting from adverse settlements will be funded in the year in which the payments are made.

B. Contingencies

The County participates in various Federal grant programs, principal of which are programs of the Department of Health and Human Services. These programs are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Uniform Guidance. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the County anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Significant Contingencies - Putnam County Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation

The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the State (and thus the bondholders) and of the obligations of a participating manufacturer under the MSA are subject to the Bankruptcy Code and the other applicable insolvency, moratorium or similar laws relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights. Some of the risks include risks of delay in or reduction of amounts of payment or of non- payment under the MSA and the risk that the State (and thus the County and/or PTASC) may be stayed for an extended time from enforcing any rights under the MSA and the Consent Decree or with respect to the payments owed by the bankrupt participating manufacturer or from commencing legal proceedings against the bankrupt participating manufacturer. As a result, if a participating manufacturer becomes a debtor in a bankruptcy case and defaults in making payment, funds available to PTASC to pay bondholders may be reduced or eliminated.

The bonds are payable only from the assets of PTASC. The bonds are neither legal nor moral obligations of the County or the State of New York, and no recourse may be had thereto for payment of amounts owing on the bonds. PTASC's only source of funds for payments on the bonds is the collections and amounts on deposit in pledged accounts pursuant to the indenture. PTASC has no taxing power and no significant assets other than the rights to receive tobacco settlement revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

D. Risk Management

The County and other villages, counties, towns, cities and district corporations within the State have formed a reciprocal insurance company to be owned by these municipalities. This reciprocal operates under an agreement effective September 1, 1993. The purpose of this reciprocal is to provide local governments with the opportunity to gain control over their insurance programs and bring stability to their insurance costs. The reciprocal provides general liability, automobile, property, umbrella and police and public officials' liability coverage. The reciprocal retains a management company, which is responsible for the overall supervision and management of the reciprocal. The reciprocal is managed by a Board of Governors and an Attorney-in-fact. The Board of Governors is comprised of employees of the subscribers. The subscribers have elected those who sit on the board and each subscriber has a single vote. The Attorney-in-fact derives all of its authority from the Board of Governors and New York State Insurance Laws, and is the entity which enters into contracts on behalf of the reciprocal. The reciprocal is an "assessable" insurance company, in that, the subscribers are severally liable for any financial shortfall of the reciprocal and can be assessed their proportionate share by the State Insurance Department if the funds of the reciprocal are less than what is required to satisfy its liabilities. The subscribers are required to pay premiums as well as a minimal capital contribution.

The County purchases various insurance coverages from the reciprocal to reduce its exposure to loss. The County maintains general liability and automobile liability policies with coverage of \$1 million per occurrence and \$2 million in the aggregate, bodily injury and property damage are subject to a \$250,000 deductible. The County maintains public officials and law enforcement liability policies with coverage of \$1 million per occurrence and \$2 million in the aggregate. The County also maintains an umbrella policy with coverage up to \$10 million per occurrence and \$20 million in the aggregate. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The County is self-insured for workers' compensation. The County purchases a stop loss policy which limits the County's exposure to \$1.5 million per occurrence. The policy is excess workers' compensation over the County's self- insurance subject to a \$1,500,000 Self-Insured Retention. The policy covers over the Self Insured Retention Part One, Workers Compensation for Statutory Limits and Part Two, Employers Liability of \$1,000,000 each accident & each employee. The Employer's Liability portion is "unlimited" in New York. The limit refers to any other state.

Note 5 - Tax Abatements

The County has real property tax abatement agreements exempt under Real Property Tax Law, Section 412a and General Municipal Law, Section 874. The total tax abatement for the year ended December 31, 2023 was determined not to be material.

Note 6 - Recently Issued GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences" provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for compensated absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 102, "Certain Risk Disclosures" provides guidance related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. A concentration is defined as a lack of diversity related to an aspect of a significant inflow of resources or outflow of resources. A constraint is a limitation imposed on a government by an external party or by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Concentrations and constraints may limit a government's ability to acquire resources or control spending.

GASB Statement No. 103, "*Financial Reporting Model Improvements*", has been issued to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025.

This is not an all-inclusive list of recently issued GASB pronouncements but rather a listing of Statements that the County believes will most impact its financial statements. The County will evaluate the impact this and other pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the

County's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1) (2)

	 2023	 2022 (5)	2021	
Total OPEB Liability: Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs * Benefit payments	\$ 9,324,306 5,714,531 - - (60,248,496) (5,894,676)	\$ 8,576,710 5,499,285 - 4,856,381 4,062,925 (5,582,828)	\$	7,304,629 6,128,180 - - 26,313,374 (4,965,585)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(51,104,335)	17,412,473		34,780,598
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year	 271,027,438	 253,614,965		218,834,367
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$ 219,923,103	\$ 271,027,438	\$	253,614,965
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 49,241,912	\$ 46,230,711	\$	48,489,899
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 447%	 586%		523%
* Discount Rate	 3.72%	 2.06%		2.12%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2018 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

(2) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related benefits.(3) Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) Additional Changes in assumptions or other inputs. Updated the mortality tables, updated the NYS Retirement System rates for withdrawals and retirements, Healthcare trend rates were updated for 2020.

(5) Changes in experience include demographic shifts that occurred between 2020 and 2022 as there are 23 fewer fulltime employee and 7 more retirees. Changes to assumptions and other inputs include updated mortality tables and a change in the discount rate.

 2020 (4)	 2019	 2018
\$ 4,666,517 7,310,319 1,346,900 (1,743,281) 35,934,064 (4,628,212)	\$ 6,007,886 6,619,486 - - (20,969,154) (4,258,403)	\$ 5,198,127 7,158,707 (4,628,868) 2,614,909 (3,796,795) (4,366,980)
42,886,307 175,948,060	(12,600,185) 188,548,245	2,179,100 186,369,145 (3)
\$ 218,834,367	\$ 175,948,060	\$ 188,548,245
\$ 45,054,266	\$ 43,699,125	\$ 47,001,125
 486%	 403%	 401%
 2.74%	 4.10%	 3.44%

Required Supplementary Information New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (asset) (2)									
	2023 (3)	2022 (4)	2021 (4)	2020 (3)					
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.2077654%	0.2256138%	0.1989045%	0.2025755%					
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 44,553,287	\$ (18,442,994)	\$ 198,057	\$ 53,643,160					
County's covered payroll	\$ 48,838,456	\$ 48,949,590	\$ 51,443,392	\$ 46,299,019					
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	91.23%	-37.68%	0.38%	115.86%					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	90.78%	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%					
Discount Rate	5.90%	5.90%	5.90%	6.80%					
	Schedule of C	Contributions							
	2023	2022	2021	2020					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 7,295,604	\$ 6,921,091	\$ 9,924,453	\$ 7,705,778					
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(7,295,604)	(6,921,091)	(9,924,453)	(7,705,778)					
Contribution excess	\$ -	\$-	\$-	<u>\$ </u>					
County's covered payroll	\$ 51,313,059	\$ 48,917,392	\$ 48,929,310	\$ 52,597,729					
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.22%	14.15%	20.28%	14.65%					

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

(2) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

(3) Increase in proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investment losses.

(4) Decrease in the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) mainly attributable to increase in plan fiduciary net position due to investment gains.

 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
 0.2148007%	 0.2163465%	 0.2080991%	 0.2116106%	 0.2035676%
\$ 15,219,284	\$ 6,982,464	\$ 19,553,458	\$ 33,964,087	\$ 6,877,010
\$ 45,978,543	\$ 46,596,425	\$ 46,735,501	\$ 43,741,198	\$ 42,545,018
 33.10%	 14.98%	 41.84%	 77.65%	 16.16%
 96.27%	 98.20%	 94.70%	 90.70%	 97.90%
 7.00%	 7.00%	 7.00%	 7.00%	 7.50%
 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 7,655,574	\$ 7,841,062	\$ 8,573,018	\$ 7,689,383	\$ 8,952,292
 (7,655,574)	 (7,841,062)	 (8,573,018)	 (7,689,383)	 (8,952,292)
\$ -	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$
\$ 46,001,051	\$ 45,824,106	\$ 46,576,602	\$ 44,716,201	\$ 43,768,828
 16.64%	 17.11%	 18.41%	 17.20%	 20.45%

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the County in that it includes all revenues and expenditures not required by law to be accounted for in other funds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund is utilized to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

A00570	 2023	 2022
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 26,607,446	\$ 47,113,916
Investments	 122,038,629	 67,957,457
Taxes receivable		
Returned school and village taxes	528,448	453,763
Tax liens	22,104,230	23,668,207
Taxes receivable - Pending	4,124,143	3,607,125
Property acquired for taxes	 4,818,772	 2,597,538
	31,575,593	30,326,633
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	 (11,582,270)	 (10,517,601)
Other received a	 19,993,323	 19,809,032
Other receivables Accounts	12,339,541	12,404,198
State and Federal aid	15,405,814	15,981,113
Due from other governments	1,367,595	1,157,291
Due from fiduciary fund	11,432,103	10,690,797
Leases	1,507,735	1,772,247
	 42,052,788	 42,005,646
Prepaid expenditures	 2,158,798	 2,011,851
Total Assets	\$ 212,850,984	\$ 178,897,902
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities	 	
Accounts payable	\$ 5,757,984	\$ 4,850,827
Accrued liabilities	1,892,452	1,734,700
Unearned revenues	22,580,418	22,290,801
Due to other funds Deposits	13,586,694 363,463	11,622,904 364,000
Employee tax deductions	209,957	181,455
Total Liabilities	44,390,968	41,044,687
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred tax revenues	19,052,381	18,862,819
Unavailable revenues	2,685,614	2,859,173
Lease related	1,298,289	1,656,307
Opioid related	 1,120,871	 2,005,089
Total Deferred inflows of resources	 24,157,155	 25,383,388
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 68,548,123	 66,428,075
Fund balance		
Nonspendable	6,158,798	6,127,791
Restricted	3,644,712	1,793,327
Assigned	56,167,139	33,122,859
Unassigned	 78,332,212	 71,425,850
Total Fund Balance	 144,302,861	 112,469,827
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 212,850,984	\$ 178,897,902

See independent auditors' report.

General Fund

Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Years Ended December 31,

	2023								
	Original			Final			١	ariance with	
DEVENUES	Budget		Budget		Actual			inal Budget	
REVENUES Real property taxes	\$ 30,382,4	178	\$	30,382,478	\$	29,301,109	\$	(1,081,369)	
Other tax items	φ 00,002,- 5,216,8		Ψ	5,460,852	Ψ	5,410,056	Ψ	(1,001,005) (50,796)	
Non-property taxes	75,895,0			77,205,632		89,627,893		12,422,261	
Departmental income	13,201,7			13,594,832		12,495,701		(1,099,131)	
Use of money and property	1,022,8			3,559,301		6,598,936		3,039,635	
Licenses and permits	884,7			1,218,108		954,255		(263,853)	
Fines and forfeitures	92,3	306		102,756		174,283		71,527	
Sale of property and	- 4			450 444		100.010		(05 500)	
compensation for loss	71,1			156,114		120,612		(35,502)	
State aid	21,942,2			25,867,273		25,137,307		(729,966)	
Federal aid	8,133,0			29,497,076		11,598,066		(17,899,010)	
Miscellaneous	1,149,5	500		2,205,765		2,795,384		589,619	
Total Revenues	157,991,8	346		189,250,187		184,213,602		(5,036,585)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government support	32,503,6			34,017,721		29,353,041		4,664,680	
Education	12,583,6			13,094,876		13,045,098		49,778	
Public safety	43,507,8			44,629,898		39,310,568		5,319,330	
Health Transportation	15,771,8 1,579,2			18,186,272 1,579,276		15,983,261 1,525,288		2,203,011 53,988	
Economic opportunity and	1,579,2	270		1,579,270		1,525,200		55,966	
development	38,796,5	515		40,003,568		32,484,018		7,519,550	
Culture and recreation	7,252,2			8,046,724		7,003,291		1,043,433	
Home and community services	2,668,6			3,088,372		1,873,341		1,215,031	
Employee benefits	, , -			-,,-		,,-		, ,,,,,,	
Undistributed	6,849,7	719		6,849,719		6,813,171		36,548	
Total Expenditures	161,513,4	123		169,496,426		147,391,077		22,105,349	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	(3,521,5	577)		19,753,761		36,822,525		17,068,764	
	· · · ·								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in				120 690		120 680			
Transfers in	(370,0	-		130,689 (21,499,547)		130,689 (5,120,180)		- 16,379,367	
	(370,0	<u>,000</u>		(21,499,547)		(3,120,100)		10,579,507	
Total Other Financing Uses	(370,0	000)		(21,368,858)		(4,989,491)		16,379,367	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,891,5	577)		(1,615,097)		31,833,034		33,448,131	
FUND BALANCE									
Beginning of Year	3,891,5	577		1,615,097		112,469,827		110,854,730	
End of Year	\$	-	\$		\$	144,302,861	\$	144,302,861	
	¥		Ψ		Ψ	,002,001	Ψ	,002,001	

See independent auditors' report.

	202	2		
Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	∕ariance with Final Budget
\$ 31,606,314 5,263,800 66,145,000 12,736,270 700,388 904,700	\$ 31,606,314 5,388,800 66,145,000 13,066,365 1,665,875 904,700	\$	30,620,334 5,390,190 83,550,054 12,098,187 1,780,232 999,600	\$ (985,980) 1,390 17,405,054 (968,178) 114,357 94,900
94,325 44,500 20,770,190 7,409,735 934,081	94,325 79,704 22,447,510 13,646,113 1,736,282		125,420 189,595 20,221,644 10,346,931 1,894,986	109,891 (2,225,866) (3,299,182) 158,704
146,609,303	 156,780,988		167,217,173	 10,436,185
29,584,179 12,085,422 40,639,093 13,747,114 1,440,276	29,969,269 12,037,531 42,312,116 17,223,115 1,543,043		26,549,089 11,891,287 36,971,819 13,905,530 1,543,043	3,420,180 146,244 5,340,297 3,317,585
37,796,683 6,635,600 2,404,632	39,133,072 7,362,672 2,913,029		30,521,966 6,475,356 1,847,333	8,611,106 887,316 1,065,696
5,860,711	 6,040,602 158,534,449		6,007,920 135,713,343	 32,682 22,821,106
(3,584,407)	 (1,753,461)		31,503,830	 33,257,291
- (380,000)	 - (9,624,807)		- (9,624,807)	 -
(380,000)	 (9,624,807)		(9,624,807)	 _
(3,964,407)	(11,378,268)		21,879,023	33,257,291
3,964,407	 11,378,268		90,590,804	 79,212,536
\$ -	\$ -	\$	112,469,827	\$ 112,469,827

General Fund Schedule of Revenues Compared to Budget Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Actuals for 2022)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	2022 Actual
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 30,382,478	\$ 30,382,478	\$ 29,301,109	\$ (1,081,369)	\$ 30,620,334
OTHER TAX ITEMS					
Gain from sale of tax acquired property	100,000	100,000	55,186	(44,814)	-
Interest and penalties on real property taxes	5,050,000	5,294,052	5,294,052	_	5,326,305
Payments in lieu of taxes	66,800	66,800	60,818	(5,982)	63,885
Total Other Tax Items	5,216,800	5,460,852	5,410,056	(50,796)	5,390,190
NON-PROPERTY TAXES					
Sales taxes	74,750,000	76,060,632	88,398,039	12,337,407	82,377,329
Automobile use tax	670,000	670,000	751,115	81,115	698,295
Emergency telephone system surcharge	475,000	475,000	478,739	3,739	474,430
Total Non-Property Taxes	75,895,000	77,205,632	89,627,893	12,422,261	83,550,054
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME					
General					
Clerk fees	900,500	900,500	797,633	(102,867)	1,029,101
Board of elections	-	-	338	338	459
Motor vehicle fees	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,263,169	13,169	1,245,568
Vacancy factor	300,000	-	-	-	-
Real property tax services - Computer Commissioner of Finance fees	46,000 11,000	46,000 11,000	47,395 16,936	1,395	45,579 8,565
County share - Examination fees	15,000	15,000	17,092	5,936 2,092	8,505 13,209
Department fees - Other	134,293	134,293	100,559	(33,734)	89,764
Charges for tax advertising	80,000	80,000	57,400	(22,600)	70,350
Central services chargebacks	845,696	889,094	756,905	(132,189)	480,060
Mortgage tax fees	352,019	352,019	352,019		352,019
	3,934,508	3,677,906	3,409,446	(268,460)	3,334,674

Public safety Sheriff fees Prisoner board Restitution surcharge SRO/SPO program Deputy outside services Court protection Child Advocacy Center Grant Stop DWI contributions Other	101,000 1,478,250 23,000 1,823,683 100,000 15,600 25,247 60,450 189,451	101,000 1,491,350 23,000 1,823,683 142,469 15,600 25,247 60,450 194,451	98,580 969,700 17,931 1,645,215 210,737 17,555 25,247 58,912 124,212	(2,420) (521,650) (5,069) (178,468) 68,268 1,955 - (1,538) (70,239)	104,190 1,410,375 21,101 1,507,037 192,735 14,349 25,247 59,738 150,538
	3,816,681	3,877,250	3,168,089	(709,161)	3,485,310
Health Public health fees Early Learning fees for service Home nursing charges Local conservation grant New York City Department of Environmental Protection Health - Other	256,800 90,200 1,000 170,000 210,000 25,100 753,100	256,800 90,200 1,000 184,294 210,000 78,761 821,055	304,799 73,803 - 179,793 262,377 91,267 912,039	47,999 (16,397) (1,000) (4,501) 52,377 12,506 90,984	265,562 95,969 - 173,410 205,697 19,680 760,318
Economic Opportunity and Development Medical assistance Aid to dependent children Child support Child care Home relief Home Energy Assistance Program Contribution from schools Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Juvenile Delinquent Repayments Inspection fees Outreach Nutrition	200,000 - 35,196 10,000 50,000 15,817 1,254,067 50,000 - 25,000 53,000 98,515 1,791,595	200,000 - 67,701 40,977 50,000 44,986 1,254,067 50,438 - 25,000 53,000 98,515 1,884,684	180,900 - 125,433 33,625 30,560 54,664 940,640 21,878 3,592 24,070 61,650 94,117 1,571,129	(19,100) 57,732 (7,352) (19,440) 9,678 (313,427) (28,560) 3,592 (930) 8,650 (4,398)	199,615 451 35,772 115,945 35,900 49,128 774,878 33,337 300 24,390 63,228 86,695
Culture and Recreation	<u>, </u>		<u> </u>	(313,555)	1,419,639
Parks and recreation Tree program	28,200	28,200	33,482	5,282	29,753 11,475
Putnam National	2,704,800	3,132,837	3,328,216	195,379	3,007,233
	2,733,000	3,161,037	3,361,698	200,661	3,048,461
	,,	-, -,	_,		-,,

(Continued)

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Actuals for 2022)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	2022 Actual
Home and Community Services Waste haulers permit fees Other	\$ 22,900 150,000	\$ 22,900 150,000	\$ 28,700 44,600	\$	\$ 28,880 20,905
	172,900	172,900	73,300	(99,600)	49,785
Total Departmental Income	13,201,784	13,594,832	12,495,701	(1,099,131)	12,098,187
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY					
Earnings on investments Rental income - Co-op extension Commissions	517,000 488,833 17,000	3,053,468 488,833 17,000	6,000,446 559,976 38,514	2,946,978 71,143 21,514	1,188,037 574,621 17,574
Total Use of Money and Property	1,022,833	3,559,301	6,598,936	3,039,635	1,780,232
LICENSES AND PERMITS					
Business and occupational licenses	884,700	1,218,108	954,255	(263,853)	999,600
FINES AND FORFEITURES					
Fines and forfeited bail	15,250	25,700	26,894	1,194	14,212
Fines and penalties - other	1,250	1,250	5,775	4,525	6,550
Stop DWI fines	75,806	75,806	141,614	65,808	104,658
Total Fines and Forfeitures	92,306	102,756	174,283	71,527	125,420
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS					
Minor sales	71,100	147,894	112,308	(35,586)	155,158
Insurance recoveries		8,220	8,304	84	34,437
Total Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	71,100	156,114	120,612	(35,502)	189,595

STATE AID

General		100 110	07 770	(0.070)	240
Records management Court facilities	- 240,000	100,148 300,000	97,776	(2,372)	348 220,000
District attorney salary	240,000 77,934	77,934	314,357 77,934	14,357	77,934
Criminal justice grant	33,934	184,334	184,334	-	133,397
Miscellaneous	143,900	492,317	421,767	- (70,550)	76,683
Indigent Legal Services	987,859	1,977,197	1,467,095	(510,102)	774,556
Indigent Legal Services	907,009	1,977,197	1,407,095	(310,102)	114,550
	1,483,627	3,131,930	2,563,263	(568,667)	1,282,918
Education					
Education and transportation of handicapped children	4,424,725	4,734,125	5,018,449	284,324	4,196,736
Public safety					
Probation services	206,462	206,462	206,462	-	206,462
Prisoner board	-	-	-	-	1,600
Raise the age	20,000	20,000	-	(20,000)	-
Alternatives to incarceration	12,811	12,811	12,461	(350)	11,135
Grants	118,237	208,237	202,235	(6,002)	17,075
Civil defense	294,000	294,000	334,425	40,425	294,000
	651,510	741,510	755,583	14,073	530,272
Health					
Public health	2,077,860	2,106,363	2,297,591	191,228	2,046,097
Early intervention	515,000	515,000	464,763	(50,237)	477,805
Mental Health OASIS	285,219	301,987	301,987	-	278,062
Mental health administration	326,072	384,519	368,320	(16,199)	277,990
Mental health Local Governmental Unit SPOA	135,072	135,072	139,124	4,052	133,342
Environmental conservation	59,750	59,750	50,299	(9,451)	34,125
Rabies	25,987	23,087	29,408	6,321	20,419
Communicable diseases	35,287	35,287	39,545	4,258	39,719
Mental health services	1,788,053	2,651,387	2,656,355	4,968	1,329,029
Mental health - Local Governmental Unit	124,678	124,678	129,596	4,918	121,964
Mental health - Commissioner's performance	1,684,002	1,759,222	1,663,092	(96,130)	1,417,591
Mental Health - CSS Int case management	370,627	385,895	385,895	-	325,013
Drinking supply	194,244	194,244	201,741	7,497	203,803
Opioid	-	-	586,182	586,182	-
Other	<u> </u>	22,208	22,208		22,000
—	7,621,851	8,698,699	9,336,106	637,407	6,726,959
Transportation Transportation grants	16,000	16,000	13,632	(2,368)	12,142
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(Continued)

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Actuals for 2022)

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget			2022 Actual
Economic Opportunity and Development Social Services administration	\$	3,297,852	\$	3,515,566	\$	3,188,883	\$	(326,683)	\$	3,057,026
Child care	Ψ	623,289	Ψ	623,289	Ψ	534,732	Ψ	(88,557)	Ψ	744,190
Child advocacy center		153,119		162,549		151,648		(10,901)		150,832
Day care		737,272		737,272		616,294		(120,978)		230,039
Juvenile delinguents		90,135		90,135		64,178		(25,957)		331,590
Emergency aid for adults		5,400		5,400		1,043		(4,357)		750
Petro Octane testing		3,000		3,000		3,129		129		3,147
Veterans' service agency		25,000		438,068		436,453		(1,615)		240,610
Caregiver's grants		- 20,000		-		-		(1,010)		19,728
Office for Senior resources		168,084		168,084		186,518		18,434		384,308
TANF		226,287		226,287		90,244		(136,043)		34,437
Unmet needs - OSR		980,369		980,369		962,830		(17,539)		739,103
Safety Net		203,000		203,000		87,003		(115,997)		53,224
I Love New York - Tourism		60,000		60,000		47,877		(12,123)		48,897
Refund prior year's expenditures		-		75,363		33,991		(41,372)		74,090
Medical assistance		(79,000)		(34,377)		(147,749)		(113,372)		(95,446)
Expanded services		254,046		254,046		238,655		(15,391)		343,284
Services to the elderly								(10,001)		162,219
Services for recipients		550,152		550,152		382,607		(167,545)		460,077
		7,298,005		8,058,203		6,878,336		(1,179,867)		6,982,105
Culture and Recreation										
Programs for the aging		169,118		169,118		206,099		36,981		174,710
Youth programs		129,031		152,832		149,035		(3,797)		150,348
		298,149		321,950		355,134		33,184		325,058
Home and Community Services										
Soil and water		-		-		50,431		50,431		66,000
County planning		10,000		10,000		10,000		-		10,000
Waste water DEP grant		37,500		37,500		46,273		8,773		49,454
Environmental conservation		-		16,447		9,191		(7,256)		40,000
Other		100,909		100,909		100,909		-		
		148,409		164,856		216,804		51,948		165,454
Total State Aid		21,942,276		25,867,273		25,137,307		(729,966)		20,221,644

FEDERAL AID General					
American Rescue Plan Act Emergency management assistance	-	17,135,166	1,333,415 138,789	(15,801,751) 138,789	1,690,641 124,800
Miscellaneous	247,161	365,161	278,628	(86,533)	97,697
Education	247,161	17,500,327	1,750,832	(15,749,495)	1,913,138
Medicaid 3-5	75,000	75,000	37,784	(37,216)	28,399
Public Safety					44.077
Cares act Sheriff	- 55,676	- 129,108	- 43,254	- (85,854)	44,977 28,936
Homeland security grant		805,287	384,728	(420,559)	258,539
Public safety other	118,291	143,291	126,594	(16,697)	137,910
Grants	4,680	102,031	101,065	(966)	9,821
	178,647	1,179,717	655,641	(524,076)	480,183
Health Public Health Emergency Preparedness grant	1,210,158	1,621,145	922,588	(698,557)	938,974
Early intervention	110,000	110.000	922,588 156,341	46,341	131,665
Wellness grant	3,165	6,065	3,434	(2,631)	3,175
Early intervention	85,351	85,351	84,483	(868)	81,658
Mental Health - Local Governmental Unit		179,209	67,553	(111,656)	33,779
	1,408,674	2,001,770	1,234,399	(767,371)	1,189,251
Transportation Transportation grants	121,600	1,649,536	1,631,901	(17,635)	318,272
Economic Opportunity and Development					
Social Services administration	2,563,214	2,631,857	2,379,847	(252,010)	2,482,988
Food stamp program administration	675,425	675,425	742,790	67,365	627,805
Services for recipients	26,325	342,612	(11,262)	(353,874)	106,463
Child care Safety net	71,000	71,000	99,601 1,808	28,601 1,808	87,492 2,858
Nutrition	- 193,155	- 193,155	218,491	25,336	195,749
Fuel crisis - Home Energy Assistance Program	-	118,999	63,440	(55,559)	106,305
Community service elderly	33,637	33,637	34,160	523	33,637
Workforce Investment Act	181,435	217,859	229,686	11,827	224,372
Incentive program	1,293,824	1,293,824	1,566,495	272,671	1,280,426
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	641,047	1,025,265	559,009	(466,256)	491,820
Caregiver grant	111,591	111,591	118,034	6,443	165,809

(Continued)

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Actuals for 2022)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	2022 Actual
Economic Opportunity and Development (Continued) OSR - MIPPA Medical assistance Crime victims Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	\$ 16,395 (79,000) 349,673 24,266	\$	\$	\$ (1,081) (64,686) (24,496) 171	\$ 16,097 (90,026) 304,301 24,630
Home and Community Services Planning	6,101,987	7,090,726	6,287,509	(803,217)	6,060,726 356,962
Total Federal Aid	8,133,069	29,497,076	11,598,066	(17,899,010)	10,346,931
MISCELLANEOUS Refund of prior year's expenditures Gift and donations Other Opioid settlement OTB distributed earnings Retiree health contribution Proceeds of seized property	239 83,084 40,167 - - 968,210 57,800	21,059 160,095 160,480 804,364 - 968,210 91,557	266,119 223,912 236,735 884,203 96,932 983,276 104,207	245,060 63,817 76,255 79,839 96,932 15,066 12,650	474,099 72,375 382,393 - 6,516 831,508 128,095
Total Miscellaneous	1,149,500	2,205,765	2,795,384	589,619	1,894,986
TOTAL REVENUES	157,991,846	189,250,187	184,213,602	(5,036,585)	167,217,173
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in Capital Projects Fund		130,689	130,689		
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 157,991,846	\$ 189,380,876	\$ 184,344,291	\$ (5,036,585)	\$ 167,217,173

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Actuals for 2022)

GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT		Original Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget			2022 Actual
County Legislature	\$	1,386,501	\$	1,413,644	\$	1,197,864	\$	215,780	\$	1,179,938
County share of judicial expenditures	Ψ	392,495	Ψ	482,417	Ψ	386,472	Ψ	95,945	Ψ	345,385
District Attorney		2,577,281		2,709,942		2,469,064		240,878		2,460,037
Legal Aid Society		1,604,418		2,548,152		2,520,678		240,070		1,428,657
Audit		566,134		589,999		582,229		7,770		543,336
Court appointed legal defense of indigents		825,000		900,000		900,000		1,110		613,243
Justice of the Peace and Constables		4,000		4,000		2,440		- 1,560		3,080
Coroners		451,459		4,000		361,695		89,764		421,587
County Executive		857,420		977,483		865,579		111,904		623,152
Department of Finance		2,434,939		2,377,763		2,193,947		183,816		2,147,285
Division of Purchasing - Central services		519,510		374,391		358,042		16,349		336,756
Real property tax services		345,736		361,049		342,486		18,563		320,603
Tax advertising and expense		80,000		80,000		68,339		11,661		63,524
Expenditures on property acquired for taxes		155,000		207,770		207,222		548		95,718
County Clerk as Registrar		1,643,188		1,630,225		1,504,467		125,758		1,455,373
County Clerk as Notor Vehicles Commissioner		1,368,287		1,315,013		1,098,931		216,082		1,080,869
Department of Law		1,722,485		1,987,617		1,646,313		341,304		1,511,632
Personnel Department		1,450,505		1,450,505		1,369,988		80,517		1,255,442
Highway Engineering		300,485		297,156		208,608		88,548		191,616
Board of Elections		2,216,967		2,228,295		1,875,250		353,045		2,033,304
Records Management		443,521		494,610		484,299		10,311		365,706
Department of Highway and Facilities		4,937,183		4,932,863		4,233,780		699,083		4,333,121
Central services administration		710,515		1,004,521		606,050		398,471		363,527
Insurance		943,656		1,009,372		1.009.220		152		848,571
Dues		35,582		35,582		32,387		3,195		32,858
Taxes on County property		172,000		173,852		173,852		5,195		154,268
Judgments and claims		176,909		361,909		324,123		- 37,786		444,020
Metropolitan Commuter Transportation Mobility Tax		207,280		207,280		179,597		27,683		175,193
Information Technology and GIS		•						•		
Office for Disabled		2,445,708 42,936		2,446,858 82,771		2,096,593 53,526		350,265 29,245		1,690,556 30,732
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		42,936 1,486,510		82,771		55,520		29,245 881,223		30,732
Contingency fund		1,400,310		001,223				001,223		-
Total General Government Support		32,503,610		34,017,721		29,353,041		4,664,680		26,549,089

EDUCATION					
Community college tuition	3,700,000	3,690,382	3,690,382	-	3,367,556
Education of handicapped children	8,883,694	9,404,494	9,354,716	49,778	8,523,731
Total Education	12,583,694	13,094,876	13,045,098	49,778	11,891,287
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Bureau of Emergency Services	6,442,548	7,664,309	6,313,453	1,350,856	5,654,593
Sheriff	22,411,038	22,205,650	19,461,993	2,743,657	18,339,140
Probation Department	2,542,957	2,546,122	2,213,955	332,167	2,243,343
Jail	12,017,656	12,009,932	11,122,674	887,258	10,555,057
Stop DWI	93,310	103,310	98,213	5,097	89,442
Homeland Security Grant	295	100,575	100,280	295	90,244
Total Public Safety	43,507,804	44,629,898	39,310,568	5,319,330	36,971,819
HEALTH					
Public health	7,456,631	7,931,796	6,963,367	968,429	6,528,266
Early Intervention Program	1,903,646	1,905,986	1,843,225	62,761	1,900,288
Communicable disease treatment	14,000	14,505	14,497	8	12,877
Substance abuse	339,482	339,482	339,482	-	339,482
Alcoholism	188,457	192,821	156,821	36,000	186,594
Mental health administration	835,904	1,738,267	694,204	1,044,063	481,598
Mental health - Clinic	551,242	620,593	604,394	16,199	459,409
Mental health - Eliot House	1,514,376	2,387,646	2,382,678	4,968	1,055,352
Family Support Services	780,817	815,387	799,214	16,173	711,340
Mental health - Reinvestment	801,799	837,481	837,481	-	734,540
Mental health - County Contribution	443,480	443,480	443,480	-	413,951
Mental health - LGU Services	430,678	447,446	447,446	-	423,521
Mental health - LGU SPOA	393,476	393,482	340,238	53,244	587,357
Litter program	117,900	117,900	116,734	1,166	70,955
Total Health	15,771,888	18,186,272	15,983,261	2,203,011	13,905,530
TRANSPORTATION					
Metropolitan Transportation Authority subsidy	380,276	380,276	380,276	-	380,276
Metropolitan Transportation Authority station maintenance	1,199,000	1,199,000	1,145,012	53,988	1,162,767
Total Transportation	1,579,276	1,579,276	1,525,288	53,988	1,543,043

(Continued)

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Actuals for 2022)

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget Actual		Variance with Final Budget		 2022 Actual	
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND DEVELOPMENT							
Social services administration	\$ 10,678,823	\$ 10,740,371	\$	9,357,054	\$	1,383,317	\$ 9,252,536
County Contribution	8,398,908	8,390,208		8,235,628		154,580	7,471,869
Purchase of services	1,400,000	1,400,000		893,308		506,692	839,440
Medical assistance	42,000	42,000		12,900		29,100	18,564
Aid to dependent children	2,225,000	2,225,000		864,676		1,360,324	682,313
Child care	3,523,000	3,523,000		2,421,739		1,101,261	2,388,898
Juvenile delinquents	569,089	569,089		100,333		468,756	386,587
Safety net	712,107	708,824		356,628		352,196	246,017
State fuel assistance	-	118,999		101,526		17,473	132,084
Emergency aid for adults	20,000	20,000		1,970		18,030	3,800
Grants	157,983	333,471		159,292		174,179	360,974
Child advocacy center	161,407	193,047		179,778		13,269	193,713
Day care	800,000	800,000		742,534		57,466	331,984
Putnam Industrial Development Agency	40,000	40,000		-		40,000	40,000
Putnam workforce partnership	248,684	254,279		229,378		24,901	223,713
Putnam tourism promotional agency	449,898	455,778		420,827		34,951	416,017
SNAP program	573,073	566,923		471,620		95,303	480,588
Veterans' Service Agency	302,989	716,073		637,483		78,590	399,807
Veterans' Home	50,369	50,369		37,896		12,473	35,974
Consumer affairs and weights and measures	565,238	565,238		546,891		18,347	562,986
Office for Senior Resources - Title III	3,597,699	3,657,450		3,081,633		575,817	1,737,775
Office for Senior Resources - RSVP	173,508	259,927		220,526		39,401	275,047
Office for Senior Resources - General	1,455,466	1,507,063		958,737		548,326	-
Nutrition for the elderly	1,462,170	1,606,667		1,338,844		267,823	2,648,546
In-Home Service Program	280,945	282,753		233,350		49,403	145,767
Workforce Partnership	722	875		867		8	688
Community services for the elderly	572,557	592,722		535,905		56,817	968,125
Victim of crimes	321,963	370,525		329,778		40,747	265,674
Community Action Program Cap	 12,917	 12,917		12,917			 12,480
Total Economic Opportunity and							
Development	 38,796,515	 40,003,568		32,484,018		7,519,550	 30,521,966

CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Parks and recreation administration	3,178,224	3,897,893	3,567,282	330,611	3,270,105
Youth Bureau	998,507	1,030,388	769,321	261,067	774,080
Library board	478,374	478,374	478,374	-	462,198
County Historian	157,435	157,435	85,208	72,227	96,769
Arts Council	68,890	68,890	68,890	-	66,560
County Museum	57,093	57,093	57,093	-	55,162
Constitution Island Association	10,350	10,350	10,350	-	10,000
Southeast Museum	36,211	36,211	36,211	-	34,986
Recreation for the elderly	320,688	323,835	183,589	140,246	200,652
Department of Highway Parks and Recreation	1,946,452	1,986,255	1,746,973	239,282	1,504,844
Total Culture and Recreation	7,252,224	8,046,724	7,003,291	1,043,433	6,475,356
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Planning	1,738,809	2,090,975	955,440	1,135,535	1,079,688
Soil and water	145,286	162,628	117,868	44,760	85,438
Recycling	141,799	141,970	107,234	34,736	69,999
Humane Society	154,720	154,720	154,720	-	149,488
Fish and game	24,164	24,164	24,164	-	23,347
Extension	362,305	362,305	362,305	-	350,053
SPCA	101,610	151,610	151,610		89,320
Total Home and Community Services	2,668,693	3,088,372	1,873,341	1,215,031	1,847,333
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS -					
UNDISTRIBUTED					
Unemployment benefits	30,000	30,000	24,622	5,378	14,633
Disability, accident and health insurance	6,819,719	6,819,719	6,788,549	31,170	5,993,287
Total Employee Benefits - Undistributed	6,849,719	6,849,719	6,813,171	36,548	6,007,920
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	161,513,423	169,496,426	147,391,077	22,105,349	135,713,343
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out					
Capital Projects Fund	370,000	21,248,748	5,086,366	16,162,382	9,134,992
Road Machinery Fund	-	-	-	-	116,500
Transportation Fund	-	-	-	-	210,000
Debt Service Fund		250,799	33,814	216,985	163,315
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	370,000	21,499,547	5,120,180	16,379,367	9,624,807
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER					
FINANCING USES	\$ 161,883,423	\$ 190,995,973	\$ 152,511,257	\$ 38,484,716	\$ 145,338,150

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

	2023		 2022
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	2,022,114	\$ 6,340,543
Investments		3,059,499	
Restricted cash		478,794	 729,681
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid receivable		- 9,794,001	 20,854 7,775,762
		9,794,001	 7,796,616
Due from other funds		3,099,302	 4,002,052
Total Assets	\$	18,453,710	\$ 18,868,892
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable Unearned revenues	\$	2,532,667 2,901,804	\$ 972,052 2,846,881
Due to other funds			 49,572
Total Liabilities		5,434,471	 3,868,505
Fund balance Restricted		13,019,239	 15,000,387
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	18,453,710	\$ 18,868,892

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended December 31,

	2023			2022		
REVENUES State aid	\$	3,908,688	\$	6,569,003		
Federal aid		7,650,201		6,751,048		
Miscellaneous		73,262		273,835		
Total Revenues		11,632,151		13,593,886		
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay		18,745,710		18,688,830		
Deficiency of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(7,113,559)		(5,094,944)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Financed Purchase Debt Issued		180,334		868,086		
Lease Obligations Issued		-		163,250		
Transfers in		5,086,366		9,134,992		
Transfers out		(134,289)		(49,572)		
Total Other Financing Sources		5,132,411		10,116,756		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,981,148)		5,021,812		
FUND BALANCE						
Beginning of Year		15,000,387		9,978,575		
End of Year	\$	13,019,239	\$	15,000,387		

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- **County Road Fund** The County Road Fund is established pursuant to New York State Highway Law and is used to account for the maintenance and repair of County roads and bridges and snow removal costs.
- **Road Machinery Fund** The Road Machinery Fund is used to account for the purchase, repair and maintenance of highway machinery, tools and equipment and for the purchase, construction and maintenance of buildings for the storage and repair of highway machinery and equipment.
- **Transportation Fund** The Transportation Fund is used to account for the activities of a County-wide bus system funded under the auspices of the Urban Mass Transportation Administration and the New York State Department of Transportation.
- **Special Purpose Fund** The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the County in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

• The Debt Service Fund is provided to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for the redemption of principal and interest on long-term debt.

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for 2022)

	 County Road	 Road Machinery			Special Purpose
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 300	\$ -	\$		\$ 378,519
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other funds	 22,344 243,270 3,650,619	 230 - 995,486		- 381,455 4,784,549	 - - -
	 3,916,233	 995,716		5,166,004	
Prepaid expenditures	 74,250	 24,383		24	
Total Assets	\$ 3,990,783	\$ 1,020,099	\$	5,166,028	\$ 378,519
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 105,914 39,875	\$ 47,756 14,066	\$	193,834 938	\$ -
Total Liabilities	145,789	61,822		194,772	-
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned	 74,250 - 3,770,744	 24,383 - 933,894		24 - 4,971,232	 - 378,519 -
Total Fund Balances	 3,844,994	 958,277		4,971,256	 378,519
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,990,783	\$ 1,020,099	\$	5,166,028	\$ 378,519

Debt		Total Nor Governmen		•						
Service		2023	lari	2022						
		2020		2022						
\$ -	\$	378,819	\$	497,827						
-		22,574		18						
-		624,725		1,166,347						
 190,384		9,621,038		6,608,552						
 190,384		10,268,337		7,774,917						
 		98,657		92,512						
\$ 190,384	\$	10,745,813	\$	8,365,256						
\$ -	\$	347,504	\$	515,788						
 _		54,879		62,554						
-		402,383		578,342						
		98,657		92,512						
- 190,384		568,903		663,189						
- 190,004		9,675,870		7,031,213						
 190,384		10,343,430		7,786,914						
\$ 190,384	\$	10,745,813	\$	8,365,256						

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for 2022)

REVENUES	 County Road	 Road Machinery	Tra	ansportation	Special Purpose
Real property taxes Departmental income	\$ 4,991,629 -	\$ 1,891,459 -	\$	2,030,024 168,667	\$ - 4,314
Intergovernmental charges	737,181	-		-	-
Use of money and property Interfund revenues	-	- 491,720		- 113,356	-
State aid	-	491,720		1,434,064	-
Federal aid	-	-		246,852	-
Miscellaneous	34,612	 10,002		-	 -
Total Revenues	 5,763,422	 2,393,181		3,992,963	 4,314
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public safety Health	-	-		-	- 123,322
Transportation	4,686,066	2,195,441		2,617,257	-
Debt service					
Principal Serial bonds					
Energy Performance Contract	-	-		-	-
Installment Purchase	 -	 -		-	 -
	4,686,066	2,195,441		2,617,257	123,322
Interest					
Serial bonds Energy Performance Contract	-	-		-	-
Installment Purchase	-	-		-	-
	 	 -			
Total Expenditures	 4,686,066	 2,195,441		2,617,257	 123,322
Excess (Deficiency) of Rev- enues Over Expenditures	 1,077,356	 197,740		1,375,706	 (119,008 <u>)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	 	 -		-	 -
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,077,356	197,740		1,375,706	(119,008)
FUND BALANCES	0 767 000	760 507			407 507
Beginning of Year	 2,767,638	 760,537		3,595,550	 497,527
End of Year	\$ 3,844,994	\$ 958,277	\$	4,971,256	\$ 378,519

	Total Non-Major								
Debt		Governme	ental	Funds					
 Service		2023		2022					
\$ 7,392,191	\$	16,305,303 172,981	\$	15,081,467 158,679					
-		737,181		898,920					
311,776		311,776		250,634					
-		605,076		634,764					
-		1,434,064		1,089,593					
- 182,000		246,852 226,614		1,023,938 13,324					
 7,885,967		20,039,847		19,151,319					
:		- 123,322		147 28,208					
-		9,498,764		9,889,546					
6,013,000		6,013,000		5,520,300					
192,128		192,128		186,897					
 243,484		243,484		199,912					
 6,448,612		16,070,698		15,825,010					
1,331,788		1,331,788		1,549,382					
106,694		106,694		111,926					
 11,565		11,565		2,874					
 1,450,047		1,450,047		1,664,182					
 7,898,659		17,520,745		17,489,192					
 (12,692)		2,519,102		1,662,127					
37,414		37,414		539,387					
24,722		2,556,516		2,201,514					
165,662		7,786,914		5,585,400					
\$ 190,384	\$	10,343,430	\$	7,786,914					

County Road Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

	2023			2022		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	300	\$	300		
Receivables		00.044		10		
Accounts State and Federal aid		22,344 243,270		18 243,270		
Due from other funds		3,650,619		2,745,362		
		3,916,233		2,988,650		
Prepaid expenditures		74,250		70,566		
Total Assets	\$	3,990,783	\$	3,059,516		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	105,914	\$	229,451		
Accrued liabilities	φ	39,875	φ	62,427		
Total Liabilities		145,789		291,878		
Fund balance						
Nonspendable		74,250		70,566		
Assigned		3,770,744		2,697,072		
Total Fund Balance		3,844,994		2,767,638		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	3,990,783	\$	3,059,516		

County Road Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended December 31,

	2023						
	Original	Final		Variance with			
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget			
REVENUES							
Real property taxes	\$ 4,991,629	\$ 4,991,629	\$ 4,991,629	\$ -			
Intergovernmental charges	780,000	737,181	737,181	-			
Miscellaneous	10,000	34,612	34,612	-			
Total Revenues	5,781,629	5,763,422	5,763,422	-			
EXPENDITURES Current							
Transportation	5,961,817	4,866,379	4,686,066	180,313			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(180,188)	897,043	1,077,356	180,313			
FUND BALANCE							
Beginning of Year	180,188	(897,043)	2,767,638	3,664,681			
			·	<u>.</u>			
End of Year	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 3,844,994	\$ 3,844,994			

			20)22			
	Original		Final				ariance with
	Budget		Budget		Actual	Fi	inal Budget
\$	4,808,299	\$	4,808,299	\$	4,808,299	\$	-
	780,000		780,000		898,920		118,920
	10,000		10,000		13,304		3,304
	5,598,299		5,598,299		5,720,523		122,224
	5,682,650		5,798,255		4,928,429		869,826
	, , ,		, , _		, ,		,
	(84,351)		(199,956)		792,094		992,050
	84,351		199,956		1,975,544		1,775,588
\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,767,638	\$	2,767,638
Ť		<u> </u>			,,		,,

Road Machinery Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

ASSETS	2023			2022		
Receivables						
Accounts	\$	230	\$	-		
Due from other funds		995,486		820,946		
		995,716		820,946		
Prepaid expenditures		24,383		21,946		
Total Assets	\$	1,020,099	\$	842,892		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities	\$	47,756	\$	82,228		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	φ	47,750 14,066	φ	02,220 127		
		11,000		121		
Total Liabilities		61,822		82,355		
Fund balance						
Nonspendable		24,383		21,946		
Assigned		933,894		738,591		
Total Fund Balance		958,277		760,537		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,020,099	\$	842,892		

Road Machinery Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended December 31,

	2023							
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget				
REVENUES Real property taxes Interfund revenues Miscellaneous	\$ 1,891,459 533,800 -		\$ 1,891,459 491,720 10,002	\$ - 984 -				
Total Revenues	2,425,259	2,392,197	2,393,181	984				
EXPENDITURES Current Transportation	2,470,248	2,216,151	2,195,441	20,710				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	s (44,989) 176,046	197,740	21,694				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in								
Net Change in Fund Balance	(44,989) 176,046	197,740	21,694				
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	44,989	(176,046)	760,537	936,583				
End of Year	<u>\$</u> -	\$-	\$ 958,277	\$ 958,277				

	202	22		
 Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual		riance with nal Budget
\$ 1,850,113 446,800 -	\$ 1,850,113 450,800 -	\$	1,850,113 437,416 20	\$ - (13,384) 20
2,296,913	2,300,913		2,287,549	(13,364)
 2,363,323	 2,483,823		2,249,572	 234,251
(66,410)	(182,910)		37,977	220,887
 -	 116,500		116,500	 -
(66,410)	(66,410)		154,477	220,887
 66,410	 66,410		606,060	 539,650
\$ _	\$ 	\$	760,537	\$ 760,537

Transportation Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

ASSETS	2023	2022
ASSETS Receivables		
State and Federal aid	\$ 381,455	\$ 923,077
Due from other funds	4,784,549	2,876,582
	5,166,004	3,799,659
Prepaid expenditures	24	
Total Assets	\$ 5,166,028	\$ 3,799,659
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 193,834	\$ 204,109
Accrued liabilities	938	
Total Liabilities	194,772	204,109
Fund balance		
Nonspendable	24	-
Assigned	4,971,232	3,595,550
Total Fund Balance	4,971,256	3,595,550
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 5,166,028	\$ 3,799,659

Transportation Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended December 31,

				20	023					
	Original Final							ariance with		
	B	udget		Budget		Actual	Fi	nal Budget		
REVENUES Real property taxes Departmental income Interfund revenues State aid	. ,	030,024 182,000 114,228 884,400	\$	2,030,024 182,000 114,228 1,260,390	\$	2,030,024 168,667 113,356 1,434,064	\$	- (13,333) (872) 173,674		
Federal aid		323,600		323,600		246,852		(76,748)		
Total Revenues	3,	534,252	3,910,242 3,992,963		3,992,963		.2 3,992,963			82,721
EXPENDITURES Current										
Transportation	3,	547,246		3,923,236		2,617,257		1,305,979		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(12,994)		(12,994)		1,375,706		1,388,700		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in		-		-		-		-		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(12,994)		(12,994)		1,375,706		1,388,700		
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		12,994		12,994		3,595,550		3,582,556		
		12,994		12,994		3,395,550		5,562,550		
End of Year	\$		\$	-	\$	4,971,256	\$	4,971,256		

	20)22	
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
 \$ 1,337,542 237,000 127,320 884,400 323,600 2,909,862 	\$ 1,337,542 237,000 127,320 884,400 323,600 2,909,862	 \$ 1,337,542 154,178 197,348 1,089,593 1,023,938 3,802,599 	\$- (82,822) 70,028 205,193 700,338 892,737
2,969,352	3,179,352	2,711,545	467,807
(59,490)	(269,490)	1,091,054	1,360,544
	210,000	210,000	
(59,490)	(59,490)	1,301,054	1,360,544
\$59,490	\$59,490	2,294,496	2,235,006
<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 3,595,550	\$ 3,595,550

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

	2023			2022		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	378,519	\$	497,527		
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$	378,519	\$	497,527		

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended December 31,

		2023	2022		
REVENUES Departmental income	\$	4,314	\$	4,501	
EXPENDITURES Current					
Public Safety Health		- 123,322		147 28,208	
Total Expenditures		123,322		28,355	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(119,008)		(23,854)	
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		497,527		521,381	
End of Year	\$	378,519	\$	497,527	

Debt Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheet December 31,

	2023			2022		
ASSETS Due from other funds	\$	190,384	\$	165,662		
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$	190,384	\$	165,662		

Debt Service Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended December 31,

	2023							
		Original		Final				riance with
REVENUES		Budget		Budget		Actual	Fir	al Budget
Real property taxes Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	7,392,191 200,483 -	\$	7,392,191 307,435 182,000	\$	7,392,191 311,776 182,000	\$	- 4,341 -
Total Revenues		7,592,674		7,881,626		7,885,967		4,341
EXPENDITURES Debt service Principal								
Serial bonds		6,013,000		6,013,000		6,013,000		-
Energy Performance Contract		192,128		192,128		192,128		-
Financed Purchase		37,000		278,297		243,484		34,813
Interest		6,242,128		6,483,425		6,448,612		34,813
Serial bonds		1,331,788		1,331,788		1,331,788		_
Energy Performance Contract		106,694		106,694		106,694		_
Financed Purchase		2,064		11,566		11,565		1
		1,440,546		1,450,048		1,450,047		1
Total Expenditures		7,682,674		7,933,473		7,898,659		34,814
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(90,000)		(51,847)		(12,692)		39,155
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in				71,228		37,414		(33,814)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(90,000)		19,381		24,722		5,341
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		90,000		(19,381)		165,662		185,043
End of Year	\$		\$	-	\$	190,384	\$	190,384

2022									
 Original	ginal Final				Var	Variance with			
 Budget		Budget Actual		Budget		Actual	Fin	al Budget	
\$ 7,085,513 232,465 -	\$	7,085,513 232,465 -	\$	7,085,513 250,634 -	\$	- 18,169 -			
 7,317,978		7,317,978		7,336,147		18,169			

5,520,300	5,520,300	5,520,300	-
186,897	186,897	186,897	-
36,598	199,913	199,912	1
,,	,	·	
5,743,795	5,907,110	5,907,109	1
1,549,382	1,549,382	1,549,382	-
111,926	111,926	111,926	-
2,875	2,875	2,874	1
1,664,183	1,664,183	1,664,182	1
7,407,978	7,571,293	7,571,291	2
(90,000)	(253,315)	(235,144)	18,171
(00,000)	(200,010)	(200,111)	
-	212,887	212,887	-
(90,000)	(40,428)	(22,257)	18,171
()		() -)	- ,
90,000	40,428	187,919	147,491
\$-	\$-	\$ 165,662	\$ 165,662
		<u> </u>	·

ENTERPRISE FUND

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private enterprises or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that provide services to the public. The operations of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, a blended component unit, are recorded as an enterprise fund.

Enterprise Fund -Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation Comparative Statement of Net Position December 31,

	2023			2022
ASSETS				
Current assets			•	
Cash and equivalents	\$	32,970	\$	69,348
Investments Accounts receivable		115,498		-
Prepaid expenses		1,160,000 8,171		1,160,000 8,173
Frepaid expenses		0,171		0,173
Total Current Assets		1,316,639		1,237,521
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted cash and equivalents		1,713		975
Restricted investments		1,212,727		1,213,438
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,214,440		1,214,413
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,214,440		1,214,410
Total Assets		2,531,079		2,451,934
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred loss on refunding bonds		511,715		602,372
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accrued liabilities		63,500		65,062
Current maturities of bonds payable		300,000		300,000
Total Current Liabilities		363,500		365,062
Negeurent liebilities				
Noncurrent liabilities		10 569 094		10 521 750
Bonds payable, less current maturities		19,568,984		19,531,759
Total Liabilities		19,932,484		19,896,821
NET POSITION Unrestricted	\$	(16,889,690)	\$	(16,842,515)
Unicolliced	φ	(10,009,090)	φ	(10,042,010)

Enterprise Fund -Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31,

	2023	2022
OPERATING REVENUES Tobacco settlement revenues	\$ 1,126,093	\$ 1,294,075
OPERATING EXPENSES Professional fees Insurance Administrative charges	12,998 8,173 35,000	11,071 7,866 32,000
Total Operating Expenses	56,171	50,937
Income from Operations	1,069,922	1,243,138
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income Interest expense	80,598 (1,197,695)	19,411 (1,200,781)
Total Non-Operating Expenses	(1,117,097)	(1,181,370)
Change in Net Position	(47,175)	61,768
NET POSITION Beginning of Year	(16,842,515)	(16,904,283)
End of Year	\$ (16,889,690)	\$ (16,842,515)

Enterprise Fund -Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation Comparative Statement of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31,

	 2023	 2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from tobacco settlement revenues Cash payments to vendors	\$ 1,126,093 (56,169)	\$ 1,191,695 (51,244)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	 1,069,924	 1,140,451
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	80,598	13,912
Sale of investments	 (114,787)	
Net Cash From Investing Activities	 (34,189)	 13,912
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of bonds Interest paid	 (300,000) (771,375)	 (400,000) (793,250)
Net Cash From Non-Capital Financing Activities	 (1,071,375)	 (1,193,250)
Net Change in Cash and Equivalents	(35,640)	(38,887)
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year	 70,323	 109,210
End of Year	\$ 34,683	\$ 70,323
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND EQUIVALENTS TO THE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION		
Cash and equivalents Restricted cash and equivalents	\$ 32,970 1,713	\$ 69,348 975
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH	\$ 34,683	\$ 70,323
FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income from operations Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash from operating activities Changes in assets and liabilities	\$ 1,069,922	\$ 1,243,138
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	 - 2	 (102,380) (307)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	\$ 1,069,924	\$ 1,140,451
NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES Increase in bonds payable from amortization of original issue discount	\$ 25,564	\$ 25,564
Increase in bonds payable from accreted interest on Series 2005 capital appreciation bonds	311,661	293,394
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources from amortization of loss on refunding bonds	90,657	90,657

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The County has established its Workers' Compensation Benefits and Casualty Reserve Benefits funds as internal service funds. Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for 2022)

	Co	Workers' ompensation	Casualty Reserve	 		tals	
		Benefits	 Benefits	 2023		2022	
ASSETS							
Cash and equivalents	\$	4,088,950	\$ 1,522,194	\$ -) -)	\$	5,371,905	
Accounts receivable		22,738	-	22,738		-	
Due from other funds		866,354	 -	 866,354		1,061,872	
Total Assets		4,978,042	 1,522,194	 6,500,236		6,433,777	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities							
Current portion of claims payable		433,000	-	433,000		431,000	
Noncurrent liabilities							
Claims payable, less current portion		3,893,737	 	 3,893,737		3,876,437	
Total Liabilities		4,326,737	 -	 4,326,737		4,307,437	
NET POSITION							
Restricted	\$	651,305	\$ 1,522,194	\$ 2,173,499	\$	2,126,340	

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Totals for 2022)

	Cor	Norkers' npensation	Casualty Reserve				tals		
		Benefits		Benefits	2023			2022	
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	855,454	\$	-	\$	855,454	\$	971,158	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Administration		337,293		-		337,293		325,142	
Employee benefits		645,351		-		645,351		668,361	
Total Operating Expenses		982,644		-		982,644		993,503	
Loss from Operations		(127,190)		-		(127,190)		(22,345)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES Interest income		127,190		47,159		174,349		35,615	
Change in Net Position		-		47,159		47,159		13,270	
NET POSITION									
Beginning of Year		651,305		1,475,035		2,126,340		2,113,070	
End of Year	\$	651,305	\$	1,522,194	\$	2,173,499	\$	2,126,340	

Internal Service Funds					
Combining Statement of Cash Flows					
Year Ended December 31, 2023					
(With Comparative Totals for 2022)					

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Co	Workers' ompensation Benefits	 Casualty Reserve Benefits
Cash received from interfund services provided Cash received from miscellaneous Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants Cash payments to vendors	\$	1,050,972 (22,738) (626,051) (337,293)	\$ - - - -
Net Cash From Operating Activities		64,890	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income		127,190	 47,159
Net Change in Cash and Equivalents		192,080	47,159
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year		3,896,870	 1,475,035
End of Year	\$	4,088,950	\$ 1,522,194
RECONCILIATION OF LOSS FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss from operations Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash from operating activities Changes in operating assets and liabilities	\$	(127,190)	\$ -
Accounts receivable Due from other funds Claims payable		(22,738) 195,518 19,300	 - - -
Net Cash From Operating Activities	\$	64,890	\$

Totals							
 2023	2022						
\$ 1,050,972 (22,738) (626,051) (337,293)	\$	1,734,236 24,645 (616,018) (325,142)					
 64,890		817,721					
 174,349 239,239		35,615 853,336					
 5,371,905		4,518,569					
\$ 5,611,144	\$	5,371,905					
\$ (127,190)	\$	(22,345)					
(22,738) 195,518 19,300		24,645 763,078 52,343					
\$ 64,890	\$	817,721					

Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position December 31,

ASSETS	 2023	 2022
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 4,088,950 22,738	\$ 3,896,870
Due from other funds	 866,354	 1,061,872
Total Assets	 4,978,042	 4,958,742
LIABILITIES Current liabilities		
Current portion of claims payable	433,000	431,000
Noncurrent liabilities Claims payable, less current portion	 3,893,737	 3,876,437
Total Liabilities	 4,326,737	 4,307,437
NET POSITION Restricted	\$ 651,305	\$ 651,305
NET POSITION	\$ 	\$

Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31,

	 2023	 2022
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 855,454	\$ 971,158
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Administration Employee benefits	 337,293 645,351	 325,142 668,361
Total Operating Expenses	 982,644	 993,503
Loss from Operations	(127,190)	(22,345)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES Interest income	 127,190	 22,345
Change in Net Position	-	-
NET POSITION		
Beginning of Year	 651,305	 651,305
End of Year	\$ 651,305	\$ 651,305

Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund Comparative Statement of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31,

	 2023	 2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from interfund services provided Cash received from miscellaneous Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants Cash payments to vendors	\$ 1,050,972 (22,738) (626,051) (337,293)	\$ 1,734,236 24,645 (616,018) (325,142)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	 64,890	 817,721
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	 127,190	 22,345
Net Change in Cash and Equivalents	192,080	840,066
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year	 3,896,870	 3,056,804
End of Year	\$ 4,088,950	\$ 3,896,870
RECONCILIATION OF LOSS FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss from operations Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash from operating activities Changes in operating assets and liabilities	\$ (127,190)	\$ (22,345)
Accounts receivable Due from other funds Claims payable	 (22,738) 195,518 19,300	 24,645 763,078 52,343
Net Cash From Operating Activities	\$ 64,890	\$ 817,721

Internal Service Fund - Casualty Reserve Benefits Fund Comparative Statement of Net Position December 31,

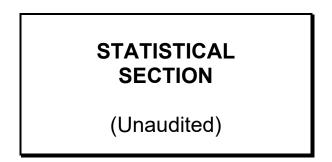
ACCETC	2023			
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,522,194	\$ 1,475,035		
NET POSITION Restricted	\$ 1,522,194	\$ 1,475,035		

Internal Service Fund - Casualty Reserve Benefits Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31,

	 2023	 2022
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Income from Operations	-	-
NON-OPERATING REVENUES Interest income	 47,159	 13,270
Change in Net Position	47,159	13,270
NET POSITION Beginning of Year	 1,475,035	 1,461,765
End of Year	\$ 1,522,194	\$ 1,475,035

Internal Service Fund - Casualty Reserve Benefits Fund Comparative Statement of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31,

	 2023	 2022
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	\$ 47,159	\$ 13,270
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year	 1,475,035	 1,461,765
End of Year	\$ 1,522,194	\$ 1,475,035
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income from operations	\$ 	\$



This part of the County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. These schedules include:

Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Ten Fiscal Years					
	 2014		2015	 2016	 2017
Governmental Activities:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 43,155,200	\$	43,227,146	\$ 43,366,761	\$ 44,759,518
Restricted	7,092,530		3,997,935	4,941,107	5,546,032
Unrestricted	(61,742,858)		(69,542,557)	(80,343,037)	(88,289,627)
Total Governmental Activities					
Net Position	\$ (11,495,128)	\$	(22,317,476)	\$ (32,035,169)	\$ (37,984,077)
Business - Type Activities (1) - Unrestricted	\$ (16,363,877)	\$	(15,781,169)	\$ (15,712,150)	\$ (16,114,189)
Primary Government:					
Net Invested in Capital Assets	\$ 43,155,200	\$	43,227,146	\$ 43,366,761	\$ 44,759,518
Restricted	7,092,530		3,997,935	4,941,107	5,546,032
Unrestricted	(78,106,735)		(85,323,726)	(96,055,187)	(104,403,816)
Total Primary Government	· · ·		· · ·	<i>.</i>	<u> </u>
Net Position	\$ (27,859,005)	\$	(38,098,645)	\$ (47,747,319)	\$ (54,098,266)
		_			

(1) The activities of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation have been included as a blended component unit effective with the 2004 fiscal year in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Technical Bulletin 2004-1.

 2018	2019		 2020		2021	 2022	2023		
\$ 46,926,061 4,817,914 (138,584,471)	\$	52,651,372 5,361,753 (136,810,909)	\$ 57,507,148 5,911,605 (138,143,085)	\$	69,747,477 6,590,759 (121,934,230)	\$ 87,425,200 4,582,856 (101,492,693)	\$	100,001,919 6,387,114 (85,730,982)	
\$ (86,840,496)	\$	(78,797,784)	\$ (74,724,332)	\$	(45,595,994)	\$ (9,484,637)	\$	20,658,051	
\$ (16,364,851)	\$	(16,747,866)	\$ (16,861,479)	\$	(16,904,283)	\$ (16,842,515)	\$	(16,889,690)	
\$ 46,926,061 4,817,914 (154,949,322)	\$	52,651,372 5,361,753 (153,558,775)	\$ 57,507,148 5,911,605 (155,004,564)	\$	69,747,477 6,590,759 (138,838,513)	\$ 87,425,200 4,582,856 (118,335,208)	\$	100,001,919 6,387,114 (102,620,672)	
\$ (103,205,347)	\$	(95,545,650)	\$ (91,585,811)	\$	(62,500,277)	\$ (26,327,152)	\$	3,768,361	

Changes In Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2014		2015		2016		2017
Expenses								
Governmental Activities:								
General government support	\$	32,353,661	\$	29,090,717	\$	28,652,223	\$	27,992,898
Education		9,378,964		9,406,579		9,617,363		10,423,919
Public safety		39,778,386		40,422,619		40,992,057		42,110,925
Health		13,669,801		13,424,309		15,173,052		14,694,859
Transportation		17,636,756		18,177,587		17,657,346		16,749,862
Economic opportunity								
and development		35,934,835		36,112,568		36,955,938		36,666,894
Culture and recreation		5,085,712		5,622,633		5,619,737		6,049,103
Home and community								
services		2,671,019		2,031,015		1,706,362		1,893,965
Interest		1,963,765		2,152,974		2,074,647		1,993,587
				_,,		_,,		.,,
otal Governmental Activities Expenses		158,472,899		156,441,001		158,448,725		158,576,012
Business-type Activities (1) -								
Putnam Tobacco Asset								
Securitization Corporation		1,244,728		1,248,860		1,219,183	. <u> </u>	1,199,494
otal Primary Government Expenses	\$	159,717,627	\$	157,689,861	\$	159,667,908	\$	159,775,506
Program Revenues								
Governmental Activities:								
Charges for Services:								
General government support	\$	5,707,939	\$	4,920,516	\$	5,205,591	\$	5,614,047
Public safety	Ŧ	1,927,751	Ŧ	1,938,396	Ŧ	2,329,177	Ŧ	2,431,110
Health		883,497		981,362		889,807		860,578
Transportation		1,471,585		1,606,913		1,053,074		1,391,748
Economic opportunity		1,111,000		1,000,010		1,000,011		1,001,710
and development		2,066,278		1,930,935		1,695,010		1,681,662
Culture and recreation		2,116,042		2,394,896		2,493,753		2,480,154
Home and community		2,110,042		2,004,000		2,400,700		2,400,104
services		192,699		25,442		26,205		25,232
		25,153,744				20,205		26,756,792
Operating Grants and Contributions				25,909,207				
Capital Grants and Contributions		3,357,947		5,248,262		5,205,333		3,670,446
otal Governmental Activities								
Program Revenues		42,877,482		44,955,929		46,694,545		44,911,769
usiness-type Activities -								
Charges for Services -								
Putnam Tobacco Asset								
Securitization Corporation		1,259,418		1,856,566		1,309,584		815,054
otal Primary Government Program Revenues		44,136,900						
	\$		\$	46,812,495	\$	48,004,129	\$	45,726,823

 2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
 2010	 2010	 	 2021	 LULL	
\$ 27,004,646 11,030,390 40,565,332 13,991,655 17,785,751	\$ 28,623,123 11,792,890 43,324,029 13,165,335 17,033,546	\$ 34,378,393 10,415,221 47,556,214 15,911,465 16,659,571	\$ 30,745,529 11,271,247 46,003,787 15,034,635 16,815,999	\$ 30,954,017 11,990,756 43,918,619 15,563,463 18,469,275	\$ 35,918,632 13,150,774 50,583,957 18,408,647 18,125,300
35,563,347 7,683,154	35,231,120 7,788,837	36,738,696 6,774,939	32,007,436 7,315,762	33,289,812 8,078,852	36,170,882 8,719,063
 1,673,642 1,853,636	 1,741,520 1,774,441	 1,962,064 1,670,510	 2,412,947 1,596,626	 2,120,436 1,479,602	 2,110,326 1,256,389
157,151,553	160,474,841	172,067,073	163,203,968	165,864,832	184,443,970
 1,247,113	 1,255,515	 1,254,725	 1,262,596	 1,251,718	 1,253,866
\$ 158,398,666	\$ 161,730,356	\$ 173,321,798	\$ 164,466,564	\$ 167,116,550	\$ 185,697,836
\$ 5,533,225 2,540,504 808,316 1,510,055	\$ 5,612,413 2,936,152 797,551 1,463,351	\$ 5,575,030 2,899,064 798,160 824,553	\$ 5,948,188 4,080,578 807,082 960,142	\$ 5,757,977 3,612,088 760,318 1,056,241	\$ 5,945,467 3,344,032 912,039 908,502
1,464,989 2,966,723	1,817,343 3,269,013	2,185,220 2,533,460	1,913,583 3,240,268	1,419,639 3,048,461	1,571,129 3,361,698
 25,379 28,459,366 5,357,376	 51,194 27,689,882 7,386,047	 27,750 30,713,513 7,457,186	 48,195 29,971,614 15,008,390	 49,785 33,357,880 13,844,520	 73,300 38,650,463 12,125,927
48,665,933	51,022,946	53,013,936	61,978,040	62,906,909	66,892,557
 969,450	 836,968	 1,128,270	 1,219,723	 1,294,075	 1,126,093
\$ 49,635,383	\$ 51,859,914	\$ 54,142,206	\$ 63,197,763	\$ 64,200,984	\$ 68,018,650
					(Continued)

(Continued)

Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal years

	_	2014	_	2015	 2016	 2017
Net Expense/Revenue: Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	\$	(115,595,417) 14,690	\$	(111,485,072) 607,706	\$ (111,754,180) 90,401	\$ (113,664,243) (384,440)
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$	(115,580,727)	\$	(110,877,366)	\$ (111,663,779)	\$ (114,048,683)
General Revenues Governmental Activities: Taxes:						
Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items Non-property Taxes Unrestricted Use of Money and Property Sale of Property and	\$	37,835,861 5,041,598 56,105,827 73,494	\$	41,083,016 5,035,733 55,080,624 64,357	\$ 35,664,434 5,479,429 60,120,626 103,012	\$ 41,792,992 4,692,425 60,000,569 215,857
Compensation for Loss Miscellaneous Opioid Settlement Transfers		111,315 736,322 - 25,000		55,389 944,903 - 25,000	107,346 536,640 - 25,000	57,812 925,680 - 30,000
Total Governmental Activities		99,929,417		102,289,022	 102,036,487	 107,715,335
Business-type Activities: Unrestricted Use of Money and Property Transfers		10 (25,000)		2 (25,000)	 3,618 (25,000)	 12,401 (30,000)
Total Business-type Activities		(24,990)		(24,998)	 (21,382)	 (17,599)
Total Primary Government General Revenues	\$	99,904,427	\$	102,264,024	\$ 102,015,105	\$ 107,697,736
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	\$	(15,666,000) (10,300)	\$	(9,196,050) 582,708	\$ (9,717,693) 69,019	\$ (5,948,908) (402,039)
Total Primary Government	\$	(15,676,300)	\$	(8,613,342)	\$ (9,648,674)	\$ (6,350,947)

(1) The activities of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation have been included as a blended component unit effective with the 2004 fiscal year in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Technical Bulletin 2004-1.

 2018	 2019	 2020	2021 2022		2022	 2023	
\$ (108,485,620) (277,663)	\$ (109,451,895) (418,547)	\$ (119,053,137) (126,455)	\$	(101,225,928) (42,873)	\$	(102,957,923) 42,357	\$ (117,551,413) (127,773)
\$ (108,763,283)	\$ (109,870,442)	\$ (119,179,592)	\$	(101,268,801)	\$	(102,915,566)	\$ (117,679,186)
\$ 43,134,059 4,877,949 64,525,488 465,110	\$ 42,793,970 5,464,888 67,710,168 744,452	\$ 49,146,545 5,053,180 67,683,950 220,874	\$	43,848,387 4,849,033 79,874,243 125,615	\$	45,879,692 5,390,190 83,550,054 1,223,652	\$ 45,795,974 5,410,056 89,627,893 6,174,795
 111,591 520,599 - -	119,219 661,910 - -	 140,990 881,050 - -		450,993 1,205,995 - -		189,595 831,008 2,005,089 -	 120,612 564,771 - -
 113,634,796	 117,494,607	 123,126,589		130,354,266		139,069,280	 147,694,101
 27,001	 35,532	 12,842		69		19,411	 80,598
 27,001	 35,532	 12,842		69		19,411	 80,598
\$ 113,661,797	\$ 117,530,139	\$ 123,139,431	\$	130,354,335	\$	139,088,691	\$ 147,774,699
\$ 5,149,176 (250,662)	\$ 8,042,712 (383,015)	\$ 4,073,452 (113,613)	\$	29,128,338 (42,804)	\$	36,111,357 61,768	\$ 30,142,688 (47,175)
\$ 4,898,514	\$ 7,659,697	\$ 3,959,839	\$	29,085,534	\$	36,173,125	\$ 30,095,513

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Fund	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$ 2,003,733 3,781,919 - 8,963,563 20,129,757	\$ 4,386,166 3,916,163 5,719,436 8,857,851 12,476,739	\$ 3,848,189 1,870,489 - 18,057,991 13,869,403	\$ 3,986,893 1,847,169 - 18,101,617 15,845,855
Total General Fund	\$ 34,878,972	\$ 35,356,355	\$ 37,646,072	\$ 39,781,534
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$ - 5,942,998 2,083,484 -	\$ 141,323 3,847,638 1,990,264 -	\$ 127,105 5,412,111 2,580,944 -	\$ 109,101 5,505,991 2,583,857 -
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 8,026,482	\$ 5,979,225	\$ 8,120,160	\$ 8,198,949
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 42,905,454	\$ 41,335,580	\$ 45,766,232	\$ 47,980,483

 The County implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010.

 2018	 2019	 2020	 2021	 2022	 2023
\$ 3,929,419 1,903,800	\$ 3,881,182 2,375,913	\$ 5,895,830 3,026,400	\$ 6,409,653 3,768,389	\$ 6,127,791 1,793,327	\$ 6,158,798 3,644,712
 - 15,715,837 21,977,572	 - 14,510,528 29,864,516	 - 15,612,466 43,267,359	 - 14,733,372 65,679,390	 - 33,122,859 71,425,850	 - 56,167,139 78,332,212
\$ 43,526,628	\$ 50,632,139	\$ 67,802,055	\$ 90,590,804	\$ 112,469,827	\$ 144,302,861
\$ 95,281 6,857,500 2,250,627	\$ 93,783 8,274,205 2,478,311	\$ 98,045 11,909,281 4,133,130	\$ 125,380 10,687,875 4,750,720	\$ 92,512 15,663,576 7,031,213	\$ 98,657 13,588,142 9,675,870
 _,,	 	 	 	 	
\$ 9,203,408	\$ 10,846,299	\$ 16,140,456	\$ 15,563,975	\$ 22,787,301	\$ 23,362,669
\$ 52,730,036	\$ 61,478,438	\$ 83,942,511	\$ 106,154,779	\$ 135,257,128	\$ 167,665,530

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Revenues Real property taxes \$ Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss	2014 38,400,507 5,041,598 56,105,827 11,715,452 1,174,922 625,687 741,059 195,607 111,528 411,117 16,474,187 9,962,601	\$ 2015 38,771,702 5,035,733 55,080,624 10,963,865 1,308,496 584,850 775,203 224,407 55,389	\$ 2016 39,304,229 5,479,429 60,120,626 11,111,171 753,928 638,292 861,486 249,508	\$ 2017 41,793,023 4,692,425 60,000,569 11,348,444 1,124,919 872,168 805,881
Real property taxes\$Other tax items\$Non-property taxes\$Departmental income\$Intergovernmental charges\$Use of money and property\$Licenses and permits\$Fines and forfeitures\$Sale of property and compensation	5,041,598 56,105,827 11,715,452 1,174,922 625,687 741,059 195,607 111,528 411,117 16,474,187	\$ 5,035,733 55,080,624 10,963,865 1,308,496 584,850 775,203 224,407	\$ 5,479,429 60,120,626 11,111,171 753,928 638,292 861,486	\$ 4,692,425 60,000,569 11,348,444 1,124,919 872,168 805,881
Real property taxes\$Other tax items\$Non-property taxes\$Departmental income\$Intergovernmental charges\$Use of money and property\$Licenses and permits\$Fines and forfeitures\$Sale of property and compensation	5,041,598 56,105,827 11,715,452 1,174,922 625,687 741,059 195,607 111,528 411,117 16,474,187	\$ 5,035,733 55,080,624 10,963,865 1,308,496 584,850 775,203 224,407	\$ 5,479,429 60,120,626 11,111,171 753,928 638,292 861,486	\$ 4,692,425 60,000,569 11,348,444 1,124,919 872,168 805,881
Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation	5,041,598 56,105,827 11,715,452 1,174,922 625,687 741,059 195,607 111,528 411,117 16,474,187	5,035,733 55,080,624 10,963,865 1,308,496 584,850 775,203 224,407	5,479,429 60,120,626 11,111,171 753,928 638,292 861,486	4,692,425 60,000,569 11,348,444 1,124,919 872,168 805,881
Departmental income Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation	11,715,452 1,174,922 625,687 741,059 195,607 111,528 411,117 16,474,187	10,963,865 1,308,496 584,850 775,203 224,407	11,111,171 753,928 638,292 861,486	11,348,444 1,124,919 872,168 805,881
Departmental income Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation	1,174,922 625,687 741,059 195,607 111,528 411,117 16,474,187	1,308,496 584,850 775,203 224,407	753,928 638,292 861,486	1,124,919 872,168 805,881
Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation	625,687 741,059 195,607 111,528 411,117 16,474,187	584,850 775,203 224,407	638,292 861,486	872,168 805,881
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation	741,059 195,607 111,528 411,117 16,474,187	775,203 224,407	861,486	805,881
Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation	195,607 111,528 411,117 16,474,187	224,407		
Sale of property and compensation	111,528 411,117 16,474,187		249,508	
	411,117 16,474,187	55,389		201,658
for loss	411,117 16,474,187	55,389		
	16,474,187		107,346	57,812
Interfund revenues		428,071	372,217	385,281
State aid	9 962 601	18,175,724	19,323,125	19,738,249
Federal aid		10,525,090	12,418,266	9,937,788
Miscellaneous	2,788,748	 3,400,237	 1,970,646	 2,004,772
Total Revenues	143,748,840	 145,329,391	 152,710,269	 152,962,989
Expenditures				
Current	07 040 040	04.040.000	04.070.005	00 754 054
General government support	27,219,313	24,043,863	24,070,985	23,754,954
Education	9,379,106	9,408,513	9,618,908	10,423,919
Public safety Health	34,541,586	35,198,063 11,522,277	36,303,280	36,767,396
Transportation	11,464,578 11,457,884	11,808,058	12,945,287 10,642,584	13,026,106 10,890,372
Economic opportunity and development	32,481,284	32,420,370	34,241,746	33,639,289
Culture and recreation	3,429,702	3,601,424	4,686,558	4,983,259
Home and community services	1,768,927	1,721,015	1,640,432	1,742,315
Employee benefits	4,045,623	4,202,823	4,578,254	4,750,314
Debt Service:	1,010,020	1,202,020	1,070,201	1,700,011
Principal	3,396,535	3,848,000	4,063,274	4,210,000
Interest	2,456,043	2,320,914	2,203,331	2,134,655
Refunding bond issuance costs	-	108,412	-	-
Capital Outlay	6,883,651	 6,828,945	 7,524,553	 8,628,997
Total Expenditures	148,524,232	 147,032,677	 152,519,192	 154,951,576
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(4,775,392)	(1,703,286)	191,077	(1,988,587)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Bonds issued	3,478,274	-	4,214,575	4,133,350
Refunding bonds issued	-	11,060,000	-	-
Issuance premium	-	1,544,523	-	39,488
Energy performance contract issued	-	-	-	-
Financed purchase debt issued	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Leases Issued	-	(12,496,111)	-	-
Transfers in	- 924,161	- 935,756	- 936,561	- 2,151,816
Transfers out	(1,899,161)	(910,756)	(911,561)	(2,121,816)
Total Other Financing Sources	2,503,274	 133,412	 4,239,575	 4,202,838
Net Change in Fund Balances <u>\$</u>	(2,272,118)	\$ (1,569,874)	\$ 4,430,652	\$ 2,214,251
Debt Service as a Percentage of Non-Capital Expenditures	4.1%	4.4%	4.3%	4.4%

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
 \$ 40,231,841 4,877,949 64,525,488 11,421,718 1,275,182 1,026,855 924,395 218,697 	 \$ 41,177,572 5,464,888 67,710,168 12,560,243 1,230,723 1,248,370 879,168 312,323 	 \$ 47,543,092 2,335,370 67,683,950 11,933,405 717,182 716,562 961,520 222,760 	 \$ 43,470,407 4,628,143 79,874,243 13,882,209 817,977 759,126 951,118 173,583 	 \$ 45,701,801 5,390,190 83,550,054 12,256,866 898,920 2,030,866 999,600 125,420 	 \$ 45,606,412 5,410,056 89,627,893 12,668,682 737,181 6,910,712 954,255 174,283
111,591 595,917 21,935,041 11,195,803 1,618,224	119,219 569,536 23,021,242 11,428,019 1,594,518	140,990 457,236 24,485,166 12,921,128 2,228,230	450,993 615,900 24,319,540 17,107,225 2,861,847	189,595 634,764 27,880,240 18,121,917 2,182,145	120,612 605,076 30,480,059 19,495,119 3,095,260
159,958,701	167,315,989	172,346,591	189,912,311	199,962,378	215,885,600
23,863,181 11,030,625 36,368,645 12,878,133 11,670,153 33,492,969 5,916,734 1,593,484 5,053,139 4,609,575 2,058,557	24,869,527 11,793,506 37,283,576 11,791,534 11,446,902 32,905,063 6,329,687 1,636,429 5,178,712 4,973,350 1,952,089	$\begin{array}{c} 24,904,477\\ 10,508,173\\ 36,339,893\\ 12,623,328\\ 9,550,576\\ 31,943,130\\ 5,077,068\\ 1,743,828\\ 5,395,673\\ \\ 5,228,125\\ 1,793,359\\ \end{array}$	26,294,133 11,214,715 38,530,921 13,276,228 10,970,715 29,800,621 6,081,277 2,290,104 5,325,954 5,585,249 1,812,858	26,549,089 11,891,287 36,971,966 13,933,738 11,432,589 30,521,966 6,475,356 1,847,333 6,007,920 5,907,109 1,664,182	29,353,041 13,045,098 39,310,568 16,106,583 11,024,052 32,484,018 7,003,291 1,873,341 6,813,171 6,448,612 1,450,047
- 8,732,562	63,045 8,407,212	54,589 14,988,031	56,580 19,635,121	- 18,688,830	- 18,745,710
157,267,757	158,630,632	160,150,250	170,874,476	171,891,365	183,657,532
2,690,944	8,685,357	12,196,341	19,037,835	28,071,013	32,228,068
2,033,125 - 25,484 -	- 3,315,000 239,641 -	5,845,300 2,865,000 408,135 4,184,693	3,058,000 2,485,000 253,453 -	-	-
-	- (3,491,596)	183,150 (3,218,546)	- (2,622,020)	868,086	180,334 -
- 3,148,201 (3,148,201)	3,145,001	2,362,778 (2,362,778)	524,431 (524,431)	163,250 9,674,379 (9,674,379)	- 5,254,469 (5,254,469)
2,058,609	63,045	10,267,732	3,174,433	1,031,336	180,334
\$ 4,749,553	\$ 8,748,402	\$ 22,464,073	\$ 22,212,268	\$ 29,102,349	\$ 32,408,402
4.5%	4.6%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.8%

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. These schedules include:

Sales Tax Rates

Taxable Sales by Industry

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation

Principal Taxpayers

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017
New York State *	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %
MTA (1) **	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375
County ***	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000
Total	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %

(1) Metropolitan Transit Authority

* Effective June 1, 2003 - May 31, 2005 the NYS rate increased from 4% to 4 1/2% Effective June 1, 2005 the NYS rate decreased from 4 1/2% to 4%.

** Effective June 1, 2005 the MTA rate increased from 1/4% to 3/8%

*** Effective September 1, 2005 the County rate increased from 3% to 3.5% Effective September 1, 2007 the County rate increased from 3.5% to 4%.

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %
0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375
4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000
8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %

Taxable Sales By Industry Ten Years Stated

Industry	arch 2014 to bruary 2015	arch 2015 to bruary 2016		arch 2016 to bruary 2017		arch 2017 to ebruary 2018
Utilities (excluding residential energy)	\$ 28,496	\$ 24,298	\$	24,815	\$	28.617
Construction	28,290	29,108		34,852		37,287
Manufacturing	35,585	41,628		65,696		48,896
Wholesale Trade	81,939	81,830		90,728		92,545
Retail Trade:	,					
Motor Vehicles and Parts	208,174	226,475		228,186		235,809
Furniture and Home Furnishings	18,364	19,851		23,857		25,652
Electronics and Appliances	11,191	12,084		12,703		12,253
Building Materials and Garden Equipment	91,508	98,053		100,704		105,540
Food and Beverage	89,562	89,625		87,001		92,896
Health and Personal Care	16,115	16,646		17,097		17,472
Gasoline Stations	157,072	122,539		118,981		123,321
Clothing	25,869	27,384		29,570		32,474
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book and Music Stores	14,268	16,118		15,878		15,374
General Merchandise	38,609	39,383		37,506		37,648
Miscellaneous Retail	44,409	40,740		44,646		43,767
Nonstore Retail	52,268	54,252		59,051		68,017
Information	74,899	76,778		74,351		71,183
Professional, Scientific, and Technical	11,540	11,934		14,045		13,493
Administrative/Support Services	34,574	37,402		40,776		41,005
Health Care	1,194	1,468		2,231		2,293
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	17,718	18,834		18,337		19,175
Accommodation and Food Services:						
Accommodation	1,691	1,923		1,753		1,590
Food Services	101,091	110,632		115,983		118,604
Other Services:						
Repair and Maintenance	46,604	49,562		52,362		53,804
Personal and Laundry Services	5,985	6,577		6,097		7,842
All Other Services	578	615		646		618
Ag., Mining, Trans., Fire, Educ., Govt.	42,836	52,024		128,661		125,771
Unclassified by Industry	 3,812	 287	-	500	-	354
Grand Total	\$ 1,284,241	\$ 1,308,050	\$	1,447,013	\$	1,473,300

	arch 2018 to bruary 2019		arch 2019 to bruary 2020		rch 2020 to ruary 2021	Ma	arch 2021 to Feb-22		arch 2022 to oruary 2023**		arch 2023 to bruary 2024*
\$	34,821	\$	39,119	\$	37,175	\$	39,169	\$	42,631	\$	35,163
Ψ	41,167	Ψ	39,991	Ψ	36,604	Ψ	44,337	Ŷ	49,967	Ψ	54,670
	57,512		62,888		73,216		84,454		93,409		84,493
	109,290		106,242		107,158		134,400		157,057		166,473
	250,563		247,632		230,784		266,302		276,806		291,167
	25,100		26,766		27,795		35,160		32,342		29,902
	13,106		12,845		15,443		17,563		18,525		17,806
	112,374		112,179		132,902		145,830		154,203		145,848
	106,514		120,105		122,532		127,405		123,742		134,465
	17,903		18,057		18,607		18,982		19,346		17,514
	121,930		119,384		88,956		125,746		106,412		137,288
	35,323		41,241		41,320		50,901		51,743		53,884
	15,623		17,565		24,043		22,690		21,404		19,623
	36,791		30,257		26,821		32,317		30,520		29,664
	44,700		44,229		52,727		61,740		67,567		67,869
	77,091		114,975		197,015		219,876		227,775		243,038
	69,986		78,956		85,206		87,088		84,167		82,135
	15,902		19,941		19,006		31,574		27,258		31,176
	47,483		59,576		48,045		51,484		53,777		57,326
	3,746		3,574		4,446		4,040		2,807		2,363
	20,627		21,316		14,170		19,994		21,053		17,999
	1,940		1,878		1,885		3,300		3,605		4,039
	119,966		123,957		102,058		142,420		159,241		169,547
	56,782		56,629		50,255		63,095		68,930		72,850
	7,886		7,959		5,656		8,188		11,235		12,753
	580		569		229		382		455		578
	132,192		139,176		144,349		160,164		168,409		170,412
_	526	_	513	_	1,147		1,473		11,384	_	25,936
\$	1,577,424	\$	1,667,519	\$	1,709,550	\$	2,000,074	\$	2,085,770	\$	2,175,981

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	 Commercial Property (3)	 Residential Property (3)	T	otal Net Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Eq	State Special ualization Rate (2)	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	[Total Direct Tax Rate
2014	\$ 2,024,797,218	\$ 8,451,494,698		10,476,291,916		79.56 %	\$ 13,167,787,728	\$	3.91
2015	2,088,710,755	8,256,117,153		10,344,827,908		78.61	13,159,684,401		3.88
2016	1,824,882,385	8,577,549,147		10,402,431,532		77.89	13,355,285,058		3.08
2017	1,904,362,639	8,500,005,949		10,404,368,588		77.55	13,416,336,026		3.09
2018	2,297,915,761	10,214,081,096		12,511,996,857		91.48	13,677,303,079		3.10
2019	2,318,696,605	10,822,488,745		13,141,185,350		91.67	14,335,317,279		3.10
2020	2,388,805,649	11,147,809,447		13,536,615,096		91.39	14,811,921,541		3.10
2021	2,361,825,418	11,608,162,852		13,969,988,270		89.19	15,663,177,789		3.04
2022	2,390,706,247	11,581,545,064		13,972,251,311		90.57	15,427,019,224		3.02
2023	1,118,930,728	13,234,950,996		14,353,881,724		87.18	16,464,649,833		2.76

(1) Assessed valuations are established by the Town governments comprising the County.

(2) The equalization rate is the average of the equalization rates for each of the six towns within the County.

The Town's equalization rates are established by the New York State Board of Equalization and Assessment.

(3) Real Property Department

N/A Breakout of total taxable assessed value between commercial and residential is not readily available

Note: Estimated actual taxable value is calculated by dividing taxable assessed value by the state special equalization rate. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Per \$1,000 Of Assessed Valuation Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
County Direct Rates	\$ 3.75	5 \$ 3.91	\$ 3.88	\$ 3.08	\$ 3.09
Town Rates	1.34 - 7.83	3 1.41-8.03	1.42 - 8.20	1.42 - 8.34	1.46 - 8.08
Village Rates	4.60 - 10.68	4.73-10.81	4.69 - 10.97	4.76 - 11.03	4.76 - 12.04
School Districts	9.16 - 58.47	9.46-52.29	9.45 - 57.31	9.64 - 67.50	9.85 - 53.95

Source: State of New York, Office of the State Comptroller.

0040		0004	0000	0000
 2019	 2020	 2021	 2022	 2023
\$ 3.10	\$ 3.10	\$ 3.10	\$ 3.02	\$ 2.76
1.95-7.52	1.37-7.52	1.36-7.49	1.31-7.46	1.76-7.24
4.65-11.36	4.54-11.51	4.38-11.51	4.45-11.71	4.16-11.92
9.96-52.22	9.93-52.45	9.75-52.52	9.46-56.15	8.72-65.96

Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2023		
Rank	Taxpayer	Type of Business	 Taxable Assessed Valuation	Percent of Taxable Assessed Valuation
1	City of New York	Government	\$ 768,847,630	5.36 %
2	NYS Elec & Gas	Public Utility	201,290,681	1.40
3	State Of New York	Government	120,799,593	0.84
4	Algonquin Gas Transmission Co	Public Utility	99,869,860	0.70
5	Verizon New York, Inc.	Public Utility	24,414,498	0.17
6	UB Brewster LLC	Private Corp.	23,286,328	0.16
7	Highlands Center	Private Corp.	22,562,260	0.16
8	Putnam Hospital Center	Private Corp	19,816,710	0.14
9	Putnam Plaza, LLC	Private Corp	19,425,200	0.16
10	Putam Ridge Real Estate, LLC	Private Corp.	18,460,000	0.13
	Total		\$ 1,318,772,760	9.19 %
		2014		
Rank	Taxpayer	Type of Business	 Taxable Assessed Valuation	Percent of Taxable Assessed Valuation
1	City of New York	Government	\$ 652,562,915	6.23 %
2	State of New York	Government	162,913,361	1.56
3	NYS Electric & Gas Corporation	Public Utility	101,378,273	0.97
4	Algonquin Gas	Public Utility	75,778,738	0.72
5	Verizon	Public Utility	51,003,060	0.49
6	Consolidated Edison	Public Utility	29,204,692	0.28
7	Highland Center, LLC	Private Corp.	25,538,000	0.24
8	Central Hudson	Public Utility	22,008,922	0.21
9	Lakeview Plaza	Private Corp.	21,670,200	0.21
10	Putnam Ridge Estate	Private Corp.	 20,000,000	0.19
	Total		\$ 1,162,058,161	11.09 %

Source: Putnam County Real Property

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	County Taxes Levied _ for the		Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy Percentage		Total Collections to Date Percentag		
Year	Fiscal Year (1)	Amount	of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	of Levy	
2013	\$ 134,431,543	128,261,135	95.41	5,956,812	134,217,947	99.84	
2014	137,606,543	131,015,190	95.21	5,915,751	136,930,941	99.51	
2015	141,461,972	134,459,604	95.05	6,049,718	140,509,322	99.33	
2016	141,120,725	134,230,717	95.12	5,678,859	139,909,576	99.14	
2017	142,130,612	135,232,547	95.15	5,258,168	140,490,715	98.85	
2018	145,037,281	138,975,993	95.82	5,030,494	144,006,487	99.29	
2019	149,166,923	142,212,778	95.34	4,656,547	146,869,325	98.46	
2020	151,924,021	144,400,715	95.05	5,089,396	149,490,111	98.40	
2021	155,662,727	148,991,961	95.71	3,517,788	152,509,749	97.97	
2022	158,772,926	151,954,200	95.71	2,431,729	154,385,929	97.24	
2023	161,364,358	154,932,204	96.01	*	154,932,204	96.01	

(1) The total tax levy includes County taxes, as well as relevied school taxes and that portion of current school tax returned to the County for collection and enforcement in November of the previous year.

* Data not available

Source: Putnam County Finance Department

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future. These schedules include:

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Direct and Underlying Governmental Activities Debt

Legal Debt Margin Information

Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gov								
Fiscal Year		General Obligation Bonds	Sei	ess Debt vice Funds Available		Net	Ρ	Energy erformance Contract Payable	Financed Purchases Payable
2014	\$	66,715,014	\$	522,020	\$	66,192,994	\$	-	\$ -
2015		63,629,516		437,144		63,192,372		-	-
2016		63,525,194		226,176		63,299,018		-	-
2017		63,231,512		167,987		63,063,525		-	-
2018		60,420,802		158,467		60,262,335		-	-
2019		55,240,764		325,566		54,915,198		-	-
2020		55,636,295		233,470		55,402,825		4,184,693	183,150
2021		53,182,147		187,919		52,994,228		3,998,770	148,824
2022		47,330,926		165,662		47,165,264		3,811,873	816,998
2023		40,987,005		190,384		40,796,621		3,619,745	753,848

(1) - Population and personal income data can be found in the schedule of demographic and economic statistics

- (2) The financial statements of the Putnam Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation have been reflected as a blended component unit of the County beginning in 2004 in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Technical Bulletin 2004-1.
- (3) Personal income and population divided by gross general obligations and tobacco securitization bonds.
- Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

*Data not available

 Leases Payable	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	 Business- type Activities Tobacco Securitization Bonds (2)	otal Primary vernment, Net	Gross Percentage Personal Income (1)(;	
\$ -	0.51 %	\$ 19,993,540	\$ 86,186,534	1.53	%
-	0.48	20,141,437	83,333,809	1.44	
-	0.48	19,246,192	82,545,210	1.40	
-	0.47	19,433,722	82,497,247	1.31	
-	0.44	19,559,794	79,822,129	1.23	
-	0.39	22,520,423	77,435,621	1.14	
-	0.41	22,320,423	82,091,091	1.14	
2,350,659	0.38	22,020,423	81,512,904	1.06	
2,169,848	0.35	21,620,424	75,584,407	0.96	
1,823,087	0.29	21,320,424	68,313,725	*	

Ca	Gross Per pita (1)(3)	Gross Percentage Personal Income (1)(Per			
\$	873.62	1.52	%	\$	868.36	
	843.91	1.43			842.61	
	836.92	1.40			831.08	
	832.29	1.31			834.87	
	809.41	1.23			811.86	
	790.90	1.14			785.89	
	835.51	1.14			838.21	
	834.23	1.06			828.34	
	769.78	0.96			770.80	
	-	*			*	

Direct and Underlying Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2023

UNDERLYING DEBT Municipality or School District	Gross Long-Term Debt (1)	Amount Applicable To County (3)		
Towns: (as of December 31, 2023) Carmel Kent Patterson Philipstown Putnam Valley Southeast	\$ 34,136,000 * * * 1,620,000 *	\$ 16,906,194 * * * 163,368 *	\$ 17,229,806 - - 1,456,632 -	
Villages: (as of May 31, 2023) Brewster Cold Spring Nelsonville	* * *	* * *	- - -	
Schools: (as of June 30, 2023) Brewster Carmel Garrison Haldane Mahopac Putnam Valley	36,550,000 * 10,092,550 6,116,509 36,939,156 3,199,911	4,952,559 * 903,743 478,430 3,675,862 -	31,597,441 - 9,188,807 5,638,079 33,263,294 3,199,911	
Total Underlying Debt			101,573,970	
Direct Bonded Debt of the County			47,785,724	
Direct and Underlying Debt			\$ 149,359,694	

(1) Excludes proprietary funds.

(2) Exclusions reflect the amount available for repayment in the Debt Service Fund. For School Districts, the State School building aid has also been excluded.

(3) County percentage is 100% since all of the above municipalities and School Districts fall within the boundaries of the County.

* Not Available at time of Audit

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014			2015 2016			 2017
Debt Limit	\$	985,907,962	\$	954,312,902	\$	941,949,445	\$ 935,047,662
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit		59,542,148	. <u> </u>	54,911,767		55,063,068	 54,537,478
Legal Debt Margin	\$	926,365,814	\$	899,401,135	\$	886,886,377	\$ 880,510,184
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit		6.04%		5.75%		5.85%	5.83%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2023

Assessment Roll			State	
Year	Budget Year	Assessed Valuation	Special Equalization Ratio	Full Valuation
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ 12,869,725,712 13,141,185,350 13,577,806,988 13,972,251,311 14,977,840,952	91.67 91.39 89.19 90.57 87.18	% \$ 14,039,190,261 14,379,237,717 15,223,463,379 15,427,019,224 17,180,363,560
Total Five Year Full Valuation				\$ 76,249,274,141
Five Year Average Full Valuation of Taxa	\$ 15,249,854,828			
Debt Limit - 7% of Five Year Average Ful	l Valuation			1,067,489,838
Outstanding County Debt: Serial Bonds Lease Purchase			39,145,000 6,196,680	45,341,680
Less: Exclusion for Water and Sewer Districts Appropriations in 2023 Budget, Exclusiv of Water and Sewer Districts			5,923,962	5,923,962
Net Indebtedness Subject to Debt Limit				39,417,718
Net Debt Contracting Margin				\$ 1,028,072,120

(1) Full valuations are furnished by the State Comptroller based on finalized town assessment rolls at the time of determination. Full valuations presented differ from values in other tables due to timing differences for establishing final rolls in the County's six component towns.

(2) Excludes enterprise fund bonds.

2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023	
\$	934,869,548	\$	947,069,184	\$	974,346,282	\$	1,006,656,780	\$	1,018,446,991	\$	1,067,489,838
	51,656,421		46,207,778		50,394,245		48,078,679		49,082,100		39,417,718
\$	883,213,127	\$	900,861,406	\$	923,952,037	\$	958,578,101	\$	969,364,891	\$	1,028,072,120
	5.53%		4.88%		5.17%		4.78%		4.82%		3.69%

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place. These schedules include:

Demographic Statistics

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Population (1)	_	Personal Income (1)	Per Capita Income (1)	Annual Ave Unemployment Rate (2)
2014	99,252		5,655,367,000	56,980	4.9 %
2015	99,265		5,822,347,000	58,655	4.3 %
2016	98,900		5,903,623,000	59,693	4.0 %
2017	99,323		6,303,935,000	63,469	4.2 %
2018	98,814		6,510,366,000	65,833	3.7 %
2019	98,320		6,819,961,000	69,365	3.5 %
2020	98,532		7,207,862,000	73,152	7.6 %
2021	97,936		7,712,854,000	78,754	5.3 %
2022	98,405	**	7,873,943,000	80,309	2.6 %
2023	98,060	**	*	*	3.4 %

Sources:

(1) U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

(2) New York State Department of Labor

*Data not available

** Estimate

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs. These schedules include:

> Construction Permit Data Principal Employers

Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Construction Permit Data Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Value of Residential Construction (1)	Number of Building Permits (1)
2014	\$ 13,233,825	58
2015	11,562,070	50
2016	12,369,758	41
2017	12,859,223	36
2018	11,725,068	45
2019	14,263,050	36
2020	8,593,947	21
2021	17,376,576	52
2022	14,136,353	43
2023	13,685,017	43

Sources:

(1) U.S Census Bureau

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	20	023
EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEES	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL EMPLOYMENT
Carmel Central School District	864	1.95 %
Putnam County	851	1.92
Mahopac Central School District	832	1.88
Brewster Central School District	800	1.81
Putnam Hospital Center	650	1.47
Ace Endico	620	1.40
Green Chimneys	525	1.19
Putnam Precision Products, Inc.	377	0.85
The ARC of Mid-Hudson	375	0.85
Putnam Valley Central School District	343	0.78
	6,237	%
	20)14 DEDOENTAGE
EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEES	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL EMPLOYMENT
Putnam Hospital Center	1,041	2.60 %
Mahopac Central School District	773	1.93
Carmel Central School District	712	1.78
Putnam County	700	1.75
Brewster Central School District	520	1.30
Green Chimneys	502	1.25
Putnam Associated Resource Center	375	0.94
Putnam Valley Central School District	290	0.72
Cerebral Palsy Assoc of Putnam & Southern Dutchess	264	0.64
A&P	260	0.65
	5,437	<u> </u>

Source: Putnam County Planning Department

Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31,				
Function	2014	2015	2016	2017	
General Government	156	141	153	144	
Education	1	1	1	1	
Public Safety	200	195	196	203	
Health	52	54	54	49	
Transportation	35	34	38	36	
Economic Opportunity and Development	156	143	157	153	
Culture and Recreation	21	11	14	13	
Home and Community Services	8	7	7	7	
Total	629	586	620	606	

Source: Putnam County Finance Department

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
152	165	155	153	152	161
1	1	1	1	1	1
206	215	207	204	203	204
50	48	47	49	50	55
37	38	35	39	38	34
156	168	159	161	163	154
17	20	22	20	21	24
8	8	9	8	6	9
627	663	635	635	634	642

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Ten Fiscal Years				
	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function:				
General Government:				
Motor Vehicles				
Number of drivers' licenses issued	11,458	11,521	11,861	21,250
County Clerk				
Number of mortgages recorded	2,391	2,601	2,808	2,655
Number of foreclosures initiated	477	410	303	276
Finance				
Number of certificates of residence				
issued	1,666	1,488	1,786	1,816
Highway:				
Number of permits issued	26	24	16	22
Public Safety:				
Emergency Services	00.000	04.005	05 470	00.000
Number of calls at 911 center	33,060	34,625	35,173	36,688
Corrections	700	000	000	000
Total Inmate admissions	720	662	680	628
Probation				
Average Monthly # Criminal Court			F 4 7	450
Supervision Cases	600	575	517	453
Health:				
Number of Vaccines (Immunization & flu)	5,041	4,522	4,375	4,153
Number of Vaccines (COVID-19)				
Culture and Recreation:				
Number of rounds of golf played	30,221	32,428	32,917	30,515
Home and Community Services:				
Transportation				
Ridership on public buses	144,151	134,381	143,681	132,931
Economic Assistance and Opportunity				
OSR				
Meals				
Homebound	32,240	33,928	33,298	34,608
Senior Centers	52,787	52,943	53,078	56,747

*For 2020 - the Senior Centers were closed most of the year . This figure includes Grab & Go and Congregate meals.

Source: Various County Departments

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
15,738	17,992	21,089	23,874	35,000	30,190
1,884 160	3,084 111	4,780 43	3,425 75	2,946 233	2,414 244
1,152	1,062	1,149	1,335	1,604	1,720
6	15	25	25	13	13
32,491	31,199	32,116	33,942	35,781	36,599
450	320	330	226	435	608
335	335	314	373	406	431
2,557 24	2,614 2,225	2,656 24,624	2,460	4,063	4,635
35,184	32,141	35,188	35,752	26,297	26,815
96,321	88,246	80,515	58,246	121,212	120,711
24,483 42,579	38,376 26,973	53,415 22,371	55,099 * 23,432	31,843 49,174	36,589 52,034

Capital Asset Statistics By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government -				
Buildings	8	8	9	9
Public Safety - Buildings	4	4	4	5
Health - Buildings	3	3	3	3
-	5	5	5	5
Transportation - Buildings	5	5	5	5
Culture and Recreation -				
Parks acreage	2,698	2,698	2,698	2,698
Buildings	8	8	8	8
Economic Opportunity - Buildings	5	5	6	6
Home & Community Services - Buildings	1	1	1	1

Source - Various County departments

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
9	9	9	8	8	8
5	6	6	6	6	6
3	3	3	3	3	3
5	5	5	5	5	5
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2,698	2,698	2,698	2,698	2,698	2,698
8	8	8	8	8	8
6	6	6	6	6	6
1	1	1	1	1	1
I	I	I	I	I	I

FEDERAL AWARDS



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Legislature of the County of Putnam, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Putnam, New York ("County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the County in a separate letter.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP Harrison, New York September 30, 2024



Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Legislature of the County of Putnam, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion of Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Putnam, New York's ("County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("*Government Auditing Standards*"); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error; as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Non-compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
 a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP Harrison, New York September 30, 2024

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ending December 31, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ <u>Program or Cluster Title</u>	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying	Provided to Sub-	Federal Program
U.S. Department of Agriculture SNAP Cluster:	Number	Number	Recipients	Expenditure
Indirect Program - Passed Through NYS Department of Temporary and Disability Assistance State Admin Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561		<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 781,118</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture/SNAP Cluster				781,118
U.S. Department of Justice				
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Office of Victim Services		OVS01-RFA-2022-		
Crime Victim Assistance Violence Against Women Formula Grants State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP) Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.575 16.588 16.606 16.607	2021BUBX21028307	-	389,345 25,040 97,350 25,071
Total U.S. Department of Justice				536,806
U.S. Department of Labor Indirect Programs - Passed through Westchester County WIOA Cluster	17.050			74.005
WIOA Adult Programs WIOA Dislocated Worker	17.258 17.278			74,835 154,851
Subtotal WIOA Cluster				229,686
Total U.S. Department of Labor				229,686
<u>U.S. Department of Transportation</u> Direct Programs <i>Transit Services Programs Cluster:</i>				
New Freedom Program	20.521	NY-57-X030		8,050
Federal Transit Cluster				
		PIN 8TM0.66: NY-2023- 063-03 / PIN 8762.43: NY-2020-085, NY-2005- 63 / PIN 8756.84: NY- 2019-059-02 / PIN 8759.05: NY-90-X636 / PIN 8757.06: NY-2021- 035 / NY-2023-010 /NY-		
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	2022-035-26		1,610,895
Indirect Programs - Passed through Department of Motor Vehicles Highway Safety Cluster				
		PTS-2023 PCSO-00158- (040) /HS1-2023-PC YTH BUREAU-00232- (40) / HS1-2024 PC YTH BUREAU-00186-		
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	(040)	-	94,641
National Priority Safety Program	20.616	CPS-2023-PCSO-00139- (40)		1,057
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Stop DWI Foundation Inc.				
		HS1-2023-NYS STOP DWI FOUND-00203- (088) / HS1-2024-NYS STOP-DWI FOUND-		
National Priority Safety Program	20.616	00199-(088)	25,522	30,620
Subtotal Highway Safety Cluster			25,522	126,318

(Continued)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ending December 31, 2023

<u>Federal Grantor</u> <u>Program Title</u>	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Sub- Recipients	Federal Program Expenditure
U.S. Department of Transportation (Continued)				
Indirect Programs - Passed through Governor's Traffic Safety Committee Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants	20.601		\$ -	\$ 8,536
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction:				
Highway Planning and Construction Total	20.205	PIN 8757.48.221 AND 8757.48.321 D035017; PIN 8761.97.221 AND 8761.97.121 D035941; PIN 8762.13.121 AND 8762.13.221 D040008; PIN 8756.09.221 and 8756.09.321 D035980; PIN 8757.65.121 and 8757.65.321 D036499 ; PUTNAM MOVES CONTRACT APPROVED BUT NOT FULLY EXECUTED	- -	7,309,650
		PIN 8797.38.404 FED		
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	GR #NY-18-X036	-	98,000
Metropolitan Transportation Planning	20.505	NYMTC UPWP C040367		481,180
Indirect Program - Passed through NYS Department of Homeland Security				7,888,830
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			25,522	9,642,629
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Indirect Program - Passed through NYS Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Management Disaster Grants - Public Assistance - (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	4480DRNY 000AMD#2558 PW2490V / 4480DRNY000AMD#27 36 PW 2583V / 4480DRNY000AMD#27 37 PW#2722V / 4480DRNY000AMD#27 38 PW#2726V / 4480DRNY000AMD#25 98 PW#2546		158,863
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	WM22185039 T185039		42,598
Homeland Security Grant Program Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	97.067	WM19972794 T972794 / WM20972700 C972700 / WM18972780 C972780 / WM19972790 C972790 / WM21836310 C836310 / WM22190164 C190164		<u> </u>

(Continued)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ending December 31, 2023

Federal Grantor Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Sub- Recipients	Federal Program Expenditure
	Number	Number	Recipients	Experialitie
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Indirect Program - Passed through the NYS Department of Health Special Education - Grants for Infants & Families	84.181	DFHC-36426GG	\$ -	\$ 59,169
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Office of Aging Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part D-Disease Prevention & Health Promotion Services	93.043			3,434
Aging Cluster Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part B-Grants for Supportive Services & Senior Centers Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part C - Nutrition Services Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.044 93.045 93.053			77,059 184,298 58,630
Subtotal Aging Cluster				319,987
National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052			40,975
Elders Abuse Prevention Interventions Program Elders Abuse Prevention Interventions Program-ARPA Elders Abuse Prevention Interventions Program-COVID	93.747 93.747A 93.747C		-	3,108 9,051 1,731
				13,890
Evidence-Based Falls Prevention Programs Financed Solely by Prevention and Public Health Funds (PPHF)	93.761	90FPSG 41-01-00 - ACL 7620-10166		69,256
Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program	93.071			15,314
				462,856
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance Guardianship Assistance	93.090			6,420
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		-	45,905
Child Support Enforcement	93.563			406,752
Low Income Home Energy Assistance HEAP Benefits issued through OSC	93.568 93.568		-	63,440 1,113,682
Subtotal HEAP				1,177,122
477 Cluster				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	22-OCFS-LCM 20 / 23- LCM-08(OTDA)	107,138	1,986,840
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	MOU #2307	76,003	487,524
Child Care Mandatory & Matching Funds of the Child Care & Development Fund	93.596			126,612
Subtotal 477 Cluster			183,141	2,600,976
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services	93.645			23,344
Foster Care Title IV E Foster Care Title IV E	93.658 93.658C	CARES	-	384,973 197
				385,170
Adoption Assistance-CARES Adoption Assistance	93.659C 93.659		-	4,672 82,115
				86,787
Social Services Block Grant - Title XX	93.667			310,382
John H. Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674			440
			183,141	5,043,298

(Continued)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ending December 31, 2023

<u>Federal Grantor</u> Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Sub- Recipients	Federal Program Expenditure
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (Continued) Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse:				
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Department of Health		HRI C 1592-17 / HRI		
		C#15-0686-11 / HRI		
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	C#15-0688-11	\$-	\$ 166,183
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	C-32536GG / C38463GG	-	11,752
COVID-19 Immunization Cooperative Agreements Child Health Plus	93.268C 93.767	C36951GG	-	9,529 70,297
Medical Assistance Program	93.778		-	1,115,266
Maternal and Child Health Services BG to the States	93.994	C37008GG	-	13,562
COVID-19 Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative Agreement for Emergency Response: Public Health Crisis Response (CARES ACT) COVID-19 Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.354	HRI ACCT 15-2000-07, HRI ACCT 15-2020-01 HRI 15-2001-07 PC	-	343,048
(CARES ACT)	93.323	CONTR# HRI 6915-01	_	372,287
	50.020			072,207
CDC'S Collaboration with Academia to Strengthen Public Health	93.967	C#7626-01	-	6,541
				2,108,465
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Office of the Secretary of Health and Human Services				
Medical Reserve Corp Small Grant Program	93.008	6HITEP200045-02-06		25,000
Indirect Programs - Passed through NYS Office for Aging Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Research,				
Demonstrations and Evaluations	93.779			34,160
Total U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services			183,141	7,673,779
U.S. Department of the Treasury				
		PIN 8757.48; PIN 8756.04; PIN 8756.09; PO 22002352; Hwy Infrastructure; Hwy		
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Equipment; Tyler Licensing -ARPA	134,723	1,317,443
Local Assistance and Tribal Consistency Fund	21.032	ARPA		100,000
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			134,723	1,417,443
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 343,386	\$ 20,971,224

See independent auditors' report and Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards ("Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the County of Putnam, New York ("County") under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the County.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditors issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting

- Material weakness(es) identified?
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs

- Material weakness(es) identified?
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Yes <u>X</u>No Yes <u>X</u>None reported

<u> Yes X</u>No

Yes <u>X</u>No Yes <u>X</u>None reported

Unmodified

____Yes <u>X</u>No

Identification of major federal programs

<u>Assistance</u> Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
16.575	Crime Victim Assistance
21.027	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
20.205	Highway Planning and Construction – Metropolitan Transportation Planning
97.067	Homeland Security Grant Program

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2023

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

<u>\$ 750,000</u> ___Yes __X_No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None