Putnam County Complete Street Study









Prepared for Putnam County Planning, Development and Public Transportation

Prepared by AKRF, Inc.

June 2024



Environmental, Planning, and Engineering Consultants 34 south Broadway

Suite 300 White Plains, NY 10601 tel: 914 949-7336 fax: 929 284-1085 www.akrf.com

Memorandum

To:	Barabara Barosa, AICP; Putnam County Planning, Development and Public Transportation
From:	Michael Beattie, PE, PTOE and James Miller; AKRF, Inc.
Date:	June 15, 2024
Re:	Final Putnam County Complete Streets Study
cc:	

A. INTRODUCTION

The Putnam County Department of Planning, Development, and Public Transportation, funded through the New York Metropolitan Transportation Council (NYMTC) Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP), initiated a Complete Streets feasibility study along selected roadways in Putnam County. This planning effort examined the transportation network existing conditions and developed conceptual recommendations to enhance roadway safety and improve the active transportation (walking, biking, etc.) environment.

STUDY AREAS

The study areas were developed in coordination with Putnam County staff and included the following intersections and roadways in Putnam County:

- Towners Road and Hill & Dale in Lake Carmel;
- Fairfield Drive and Haviland Drive in Putnam Lake;
- Baldwin Place Road near Mahopac Schools;
- Oscawana Lake Road between Gilbert Lane and Enloe Street in Putnam Valley;
- Route 312 and Farm to Market Road in Southeast; and
- Route 9D between Chestnut Street and Chestnut Street/Paulding Avenue in Cold Spring.

The study locations are presented in Figure 1.

DATA COLLECTION

Vehicular and bicycle turning movement counts and pedestrian crosswalk volumes were collected at the study intersections or intersections along the study corridors during the weekday AM (7:00 AM - 9:00AM) and PM (4:00 PM - 6:00 PM) peak periods in March 2024 while schools were in session. In addition, seven day, 24-hour Automated Traffic Recorder (ATR) counts were deployed at key locations to obtain daily volumes and speeds. It should be noted that during the data collection period some of the



ATR tubes were damaged. For those locations data was supplemented with available information provided by New York State Department of Transportation (NYSDOT) Traffic Data Viewer. Count data is provided in **Appendix A** of this report.

Field visits were conducted during the traffic data collection time periods to observe traffic and active transportation operations, collect physical inventories, and identify land uses and access management in the study areas.

Finally, crash data for the most recent five-year period (September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023) were obtained from the NYSDOT. The data obtained quantify the total number of reportable crashes, fatalities, and injuries during the five years. Crash data was analyzed by study intersection and by study corridor.

REPORT ORGANIZATION

Given the wide geographic area covered by the study areas, this report is organized by study area to provide the reader a complete summary of existing and proposed conditions within one chapter. Therefore, for each study area chapter the following is provided:

- Intersection and/or roadway descriptions
- Traffic count summary and field observations
- Pedestrian and bicycle count summary and field observations
- Safety assessment
- Description of the proposed recommendations
- Conceptual drawings of the proposed recommendations.

Since improving intersection operations was not the focus of the study, intersection analyses are only provided for locations where a change in traffic control or lane geometries are proposed.

B. TOWNERS ROAD & HILL AND DALE ROAD & LAKESHORE DRIVE EAST IN LAKE CARMEL

EXISTING CONDITIONS

ROADWAY DESCRIPTION

Towners Road is an east-west County owned major collector road. It has one lane in each direction with 11-foot lanes and no sidewalks within the study area. It intersects with Hill and Dale Road, a north-south County owned major collector road with 11-foot lanes and no sidewalks, and Lakeshore Drive East, a local road that is 25 feet wide with no centerline and no sidewalks. The posted speed limit in the vicinity of the intersection is 30 miles per hour (mph). The intersection is two-way stop controlled with stop signs for Hill and Dale Road and Lakeshore Drive East. Towners Road curves sharply and changes grade significantly through this intersection.

Both Hill and Dale Road and Lakeshore Drive East have stop signs set back a significant distance from the travelled path of Towners Road. The Lakeshore Drive East approach currently does not have a stop line. At this junction there are several businesses that have driveway aprons with perpendicular parking.

TRAFFIC

Traffic Volumes

The intersection experiences 316 vehicles during the AM peak hour, with 10 percent heavy vehicles, and 444 vehicles during the PM peak hour, with 2 percent heavy vehicles. NYSDOT Traffic Data Viewer indicates 85 percentile speeds at 35 mph.

Field Observations

Due to the curve and grade changes, there is poor sight distance on approaches. In addition, due to the curve along Towners Road and the large turn radius between Towners Road and Hill and Dale Road it is often unclear where oncoming vehicles are headed, making the two-way stop control problematic. Drivers

headed eastbound on Towners Road turning right onto Hill and Dale Road often did not slow down or use a turn signal. The unusual geometry of the intersection combined with the through and right turn movements along Towners Road not being stop controlled made the intersection confusing to navigate as a pedestrian and as a driver.

The lack of a stop bar on the Lakeshore Drive East approach (**Figure 2**) along with the stop sign being positioned over 30 feet away from the edge line of Towners Road along with the significant up grade made sight distance and judging gaps in traffic challenging without travelling a significant distance past the stop sign.

Figure 2 – Lakeshore Drive East Approach

PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE

Volumes

Minimal pedestrian and bicycle activity were observed during the AM and PM data collection periods with less than 10 pedestrians during each peak period and no bicyclists during the AM peak period and two bicyclists during the PM peak period.

Field Observations

A school bus was observed (**Figure 3**) dropping of students on Towners Road immediately west of the intersection on the south side. Parents and students crossed at that point to access businesses on the north side. Due to the large parking/driveway aprons, the area where pedestrians are exposed to traffic is very large and there are no safe places to wait for gaps in traffic to cross. Due to Towners Road not being stop controlled, gaps in traffic to cross were more challenging to find.

Figure 3 – School Bus Drop-Off

SAFETY ASSESSMENT

As shown in **Table 1**, during the five-year period, 10 crashes occurred at the Hill and Dale Road / Lakeshore Drive East and Towners Road intersection, resulting in three injuries and zero fatalities.

As shown in **Table 2**, the predominant crash type at the intersection is a left turn collision with right angle crashes secondary. This could be attributed to the intersection geometries and curve in the road as described above. In addition, environmental factors did not play a significant role in crashes. Dry





conditions were present for 90 percent of all crashes. All crashes at the intersection were attributed to driver error.

Table 1 Hill and Dale Road / Lakeshore Drive East and Towners Road Intersection Crash Summary

		Crashes by Year					Total	Pedestrian
InterSection	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Fatalities	Injuries	Crashes
Hill and Dale Road / Lakeshore Drive East and Towners Road	4	0	2	0	4	0	3	0
Source: NYSDOT September 1, 2018 through Aug	just 31, 2	2023 cra	ash data					
Bold = high crash locations defined as an intersec	tion exc	eeding t	en crasł	nes in or	ne conse	ecutive year		
 Bold = high crash locations defined as an intersection exceeding ten crashes in one consecutive year. Year 1 = September 2018 through August 2019, Year 2 = September 2019 through August 2020, Year 3 = September 2020 through August 2021, Year 4 = September 2021 through August 2022, Year 5 = September 2022 through August 2023 							otember 2020 rough August	

		Crash Types					
Crash Type	Number	Percentage					
Rear End	1	10%					
Right Turn	1	10%					
Left Turn	4	40%					
Sideswipe	0	0%					
Right Angle	3	30%					
Overtaking	0	0%					
Fixed Object	1	10%					
Overturning	0	0%					
Head On	0	0%					
Pedestrian	0	0%					
Bicycle	0	0%					
Animal	0	0%					
Other	0	0%					
Total	10	100%					
Source: NYSDOT, September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.							

Table 2 Hill and Dale Road / Lakeshore Drive East and Towners Road Cruck Types

PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS

The proposed improvements focused on addressing the geometric deficiencies of the intersection which were contributing to the crash history and driver confusion (see conceptual plan presented below). By realigning Lakeshore Drive East through public land and converting a portion Lakeshore Drive East to a one-way northbound roadway with on-street parking, the single four-leg intersection is converted into two T-intersections. The intersection of Towners Road and Hill and Dale Road would be all-way stop controlled. At the intersection of Towners Road and the realigned Lakeshore Drive East, Towners Road has free operation and Lakeshore Drive East has a stop sign.

The intersection is tightened with striping and curbed islands with pedestrian landings on the south side of the Towers Road/Hill and Dale intersection to decrease turn radii and bring the intersection closer to 90 degrees Based on field observations, vehicle operations at Gino's Deli and JPE Automobile Repair should not be impacted with the curbed islands but would need to be further investigated if the concept is progressed to a design phase. Crosswalks would be provided at each leg of the Towners Road and Hill and Dale Road intersection, enhanced with "Yield to Pedestrians" signage.

Sidewalks would be provided on the north side of Towners Road, which would also provide an opportunity to install bus shelters for the Putnam Area Rapid Transit's PART 5 route.

The sidewalk adjacent to Parlor 109 would remove access to the existing parking spaces. To replace the parking, eight on-street parallel parking spaces (five on Towners Road and three on the converted Lakeshore Drive East roadway) would be provided.

In addition to the sidewalks on Towners Road, a 5 foot sidewalk could also be provided along Lakeshore Drive East to connect to residential and recreational land uses further north.

INTERSECTION OPERATIONS ANALYSIS

With the proposed conversion from a two-way to all-way stop controlled intersection, an intersection analysis was conducted using the Synchro software to assess the existing and proposed intersection operations. As shown in **Table 3**, the intersection would operate at a level of service A on all approaches.

Table 3

Existing Conditions and Proposed Improvements Intersection Level of Service Analysis

Intersection		Lana	AM	Peak Hour	,	PM P	eak Hour			
		Group	V/C Ratio	Delay (sec)	LOS	V/C Ratio	Delay (sec)	LOS		
Existing Conditions										
Townore Bood	Eastbound	LTR	0.01	7.3	А	0.02	7.4	А		
TOWNERS Road	Westbound	LTR	0.03	7.5	A	0.02	7.5	A		
Hill and Dale Road	Northbound	LTR	0.15	11.0	В	0.30	12.9	В		
Lakeshore Drive East	Southbound	LTR	0.09	10.0	В	0.07	10.0	В		
Proposed Improvemen	nts									
Townore Road	Eastbound	TR	0.12	7.5	А	0.21	8.6	А		
Towners Roau	Westbound	LT	0.18	8.4	A	0.19	8.7	А		
Hill and Dale Road	Northbound	LR	0.13	8.2	A	0.25	9.2	A		
Lakeshore Drive East	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Notes: L = Left Turn, T =	Notes: L = Left Turn, T = Through, R = Right Turn; V/C = volume-to-capacity ratio; LOS = Level of Service									



AKRF INC. 34 SOUTH BROADWAY, SUITE 300 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601 (914) 949-7336 (PHONE) (914) 949-7559 (FAX) PUTNAM COUNTY PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

841 FAIR STREET CARMEL, NY 10512 (845) 878-3480 (PHONE) (845) 808-1948 (FAX)
 PROJECT
 SHEET TITLE

 PUTNAM COUNTY COMPLETE STREETS
 TOWNERS ROAD/HILL AND DALE/LAKESHORE DRIVE E LAKE CARMEL

 DRAWN BY
 CHECKED BY

 JM
 MB

 SCALE
 DATE

 1" = 40'
 2024-6-5

June 15, 2024

C. FAIRFIELD DRIVE & HAVILAND DRIVE IN PUTNAM LAKE

EXISTING CONDITIONS

ROADWAY DESCRIPTION

Fairfield Drive is a County owned major collector road running east-west across Putnam Lake, continuing into Connecticut to the east. It intersects with Haviland Drive, a County owned major collector road that runs north-south. This forms a T-intersection with a channelized right turn lane from Fairfield Drive westbound to Haviland Drive northbound, creating a triangular central area which contains a monument with a flagpole. It is an all-way stop controlled intersection with no sidewalks or marked crosswalks. Both roads have 12-foot lanes and a speed limit of 30 mph in the vicinity of the intersection. There are several small businesses along the south side of Fairfield Drive beginning immediately west of the intersection which have perpendicular parking in an apron immediately abutting the road edge. Along the north side of Fairfield Drive, the Putnam Lake Fire Station has approximately 300 feet of frontage with seven (7) garage doors and two (2) parking areas. West of the fire station there is a supermarket with a parking lot containing approximately 50 parking spaces. Putnam Area Rapid Transit (PART) Route 1 runs through this intersection and operates as a flag system meaning riders can flag down a bus at any point along the route to board or disembark.

TRAFFIC

Traffic Volumes

During the AM peak hour, this intersection had a total volume of 682 with 5 percent heavy vehicles. At the PM peak hour, the total volume was 862 with 2 percent heavy vehicles. NYSDOT Traffic Data Viewer indicates 85 percentile speeds at 35 mph.

Field Observations

The perpendicular parking along the south side of Fairfield Drive (**Figure 4**) requires drivers to back out into the travel lane with limited visibility, often relying on other drivers to stop to let them out. Four near misses were witnessed during the observation period at lunch hour. At the intersection, the Haviland Drive approach does not have a stop line and the stop sign does not indicate that it is an all way stop. The channelized right turn from Fairfield Drive to Haviland Drive also does not have a stop line.

PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE

Volumes

Minimal pedestrian and no bicycle activity were observed during the AM and PM peak periods data collection periods. Less than 10 pedestrians during each peak period and no bicyclists during either AM peak or PM peak periods.

Field Observations

The only crosswalk in the vicinity of the intersection is over 200 feet away and lands in front of an auto repair shop, 80 feet away from the private sidewalk in front of the restaurants and other small businesses along the south side of Fairfield Drive. On the north side, due to the 300 feet



Figure 4 – Perpendicular Parking along Fairfield Drive



Figure 5 – Pedestrian Walking in Front of Fire Station

of driveway apron in front of the fire station, pedestrians have no protection from traffic while walking between the commercial area and nearby residential areas (Figure 5).

SAFETY ASSESSMENT

During the September 2018 through August 2023 period, a total of four reported crashes occurred at the study intersection resulting in no injuries, including no serious injuries, no pedestrian crashes, and no bicycle crashes. There were no recorded fatalities during the five-year period. A summary of the study intersection crashes is presented in Table 4.

Table 4
Fairfield Drive and Haviland Drive
Intersection Crash Assessment Summary

Intersection		Crashes by Year					Total	Pedestrian
		Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Fatalities	Injuries	Crashes
Fairfield Drive and Haviland Drive	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0
Source: NYSDOT September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.								
Bold = high crash locations defined as an intersect	tion exc	eeding t	en crasł	nes in or	ne conse	ecutive year		
Year 1 = September 2018 through August 2019, Year 2 = September 2019 through August 2020, Year 3 = September 2020 through August 2021, Year 4 = September 2021 through August 2022, Year 5 = September 2022 through August 2023								

As shown in Table 5, the predominant crash types were rear end and right turn crashes. All crashes at the intersection were attributed to driver error.

1 411 11	ciu Dirive anu i						
		Crash Type					
Crash Type	Number	Percentage					
Rear End	2	50%					
Right Turn	0	0%					
Left Turn	0	0%					
Sideswipe	0	0%					
Right Angle	2	50%					
Overtaking	0	0%					
Fixed Object	0	0%					
Overturning	0	0%					
Head On	0	0%					
Pedestrian	0	0%					
Bicycle	0	0%					
Animal	0	0%					
Other	0	0%					
Total	4						
Source: NYSDOT, September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.							

Table 5 Fairfield Drive and Haviland Drive

PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS

The proposed improvements, see conceptual plan presented below, focused on adding pedestrian facilities to improve pedestrian safety and accessibility to the commercial area, as well as improving the safety of the parking along Fairfield Drive.

Due to this intersection's proximity to several small businesses, significant pedestrian activity is anticipated. Adding sidewalks and crosswalks will improve safety for pedestrians while also creating a main street feel. The proposed changes include adding a 10-foot sidewalk, allowing for pedestrian circulation as well as amenities for the adjacent business, with a parallel parking bay in front of the businesses on the south side of Fairfield Drive. The parallel parking would remove the conflicts occurring with vehicles backing out of a perpendicular space with limited sight distance on Fairfield Avenue, however, it should be noted that this would serve vehicles traveling eastbound on Fairfield Avenue.

On both ends of the sidewalk, crosswalks are provided to connecting to sidewalks on the north side of Fairfield Drive and Haviland Drive. The sidewalk to the west connects to the driveway for the supermarket parking lot. This parking lot is a potential opportunity for created a shared parking scheme to compensate for the reduction in parking spaces due to converting the perpendicular parking to parallel parking. Connecting these areas with pedestrian facilities allows for shoppers to park once and walk to multiple destinations.

To the east, a section of the Fire Department's parking lot street frontage can be converted into a sidewalk along the north side of Haviland Drive, creating a pedestrian connection to the nearby neighborhoods and to another commercial area along the east side of Haviland Drive.

The addition of sidewalks and the relocated midblock cross walk offers opportunities for bus stops or shelters. On the south side of the street there may be room with the widened sidewalk to provide a bus stop with shelter. On the north side of the road there would be an opportunity to place a bus stop here, however, the available width might not be able to accommodate a bus shelter.

An alternate option explored, shown below, is to convert the intersection into a mini roundabout with the monument at the center and a mountable apron around it. This option can be combined with the same sidewalks and parallel parking bay as above. Traffic calming may be diminished compared to the all-way stop option due to eastbound through traffic on Fairfield Drive having only a minor deflection angle. Additionally, eastbound left turns from Fairfield Drive may not be possible for trucks over a certain length, requiring a truck detour through side streets. During traffic counts there were 10 trucks observed making this turn at AM peak hour and three (3) at PM peak hour.



SITE/CIVIL ENGINEER	CLIENT	PROJECT	
ØAKRF	PUTNAM COUNTY PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION	PUTNAM COUN STRE	ITY COMPLETE EETS
AKRF INC. 34 SOUTH BROADWAY, SUITE 300 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601 (214) 040 7238 (PHONE)	841 FAIR STREET CARMEL, NY 10512 (845) 878-3480 (PHONE) (845) 808-1948 (FAX)	DRAWN BY JM	CHECKED BY MB
(914) 949-7559 (FAX)		SCALE	DATE
		1" = 40'	2024-6-4

SHEET 2 OF 14

FAIRFIELD DRIVE/HAVILAND DRIVE PUTNAM LAKE

2

SHEET NO.

LEGEND

20

 \cap

40

SCALE: 1" = 40'

WHITE - EDGE LINES AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS YELLOW - CENTERLINES CYAN - ROAD EDGE GREEN - SIDEWALKS BLUE - PARKING BAY

80

123

SHEET TITLE CLIENT PROJECT SITE/CIVIL ENGINEER PUTNAM COUNTY PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION PUTNAM COUNTY COMPLETE ROUNDABOUT ALTERNATE STREETS FAIRFIELD DR/HAVILAND DR PUTNAM LAKE 841 FAIR STREET AKRF INC CARMEL, NY 10512 (845) 878-3480 (PHONE) (845) 808-1948 (FAX) 34 SOUTH BROADWAY, SUITE 300 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601 (914) 949-7336 (PHONE) (914) 949-7559 (FAX) DRAWN BY CHECKED BY SHEET NO. JM MB 3 SCALE DATE 1" = 40' 2024-6-4 SHEET 3 OF 14

D. BALDWIN PLACE ROAD NEAR MAHOPAC SCHOOLS

EXISTING CONDITIONS

ROADWAY DESCRIPTION

Baldwin Place Road is a County owned major collector road that runs north-south. It has 11-foot lanes and a school zone speed limit of 30 mph north of Ryan Court. South of Ryan Court the speed limit is 40 mph. There are no sidewalks along Baldwin Place Road within the study area. The road runs along the east edge of a campus containing three (3) schools in the Mahopac Central School District. There are three driveways for the school campus. There is a two-way driveway at the north edge of the campus for Mahopac Middle School, directly across from Drago Lane, a dead-end subdivision street serving fewer than a dozen homes. The next driveway is a quarter mile south of Drago Lane and is a one-way entrance driveway to Mahopac High School. Five hundred (500) feet south of that is a two-lane exit driveway, directly across from Gleneida Boulevard, a subdivision street serving several dozen homes. Half a mile south of Gleneida Blvd, Baldwin Place Road intersects with Myrtle Avenue, a county owned road which runs north-south along the west edge of the school campus with driveways serving Mahopac Falls Academy. Another half mile south of Myrtle Ave, Baldwin Place Road intersects with Grand Meadow Drive which connects to a small subdivision of 15 homes, a preschool, and Baldwin Meadows Park.

All three school driveways have sidewalks that end at the intersection with Baldwin Place Road. Several students were observed walking on the edge of Baldwin Place Road both adjacent to, and south of campus, on both sides of the road and in both directions. Additionally, traffic counts conducted showed 30 pedestrians crossing from Gleneida Boulevard to the High School exit driveway across Baldwin Place Road, conflicting with turning cars and school buses at AM peak hour, with all pedestrian crossings within 30 minutes of each other.

TRAFFIC

Traffic Volumes

Baldwin Place Road had a weekday traffic volume of approximately 3,330 vehicles. During the AM peak hour from 7 to 8 AM, there were 366 vehicles total. During the PM peak hour from 4 to 5 PM, there were 276 vehicles. In addition, at the Mahopac High School exit driveway across from Gleneida Boulevard, there were 197 vehicles observed exiting during the AM peak hour with 25 percent of which were heavy vehicles (i.e., school buses). The 85th percentile speed along Baldwin Place Road was measured to be 45 mph.

Field Observations

Traffic operations appeared to be acceptable during field observations within the study area. On occasion a queue would form on the northbound approach to the intersection of Baldwin Place Road and Lake Boulevard—north of the study area—extending to the Mahopac Middle School driveway/Drago Lane.

PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE

Volumes

Significant pedestrian volumes were observed at the High School exit driveway and Gleneida Boulevard intersection, with 34 pedestrians crossing during peak hour despite the lack of pedestrian facilities (crosswalks, pedestrian crossing signs, etc.) All pedestrians observed appeared to be high school students. All except one crossed from the east side of Baldwin Place Road to the school on the west side with one exception who walked along the west side of Baldwin Place Road from south of the intersection. There were no bicyclists observed during the AM or PM peak hours.

Field Observations

During field observations several school age pedestrians were seen walking along the edge of Baldwin Place Road, both adjacent to the school campus as well as south of the school campus. (**Figure 6**) Due to the lack of pedestrian facilities or a road shoulder, these pedestrians were exposed to relatively high volumes of high-speed traffic.

Figure 6 – Pedestrian Walking on Shoulder along Balwin Place Road

SAFETY ASSESSMENT

During the September 2018 through August 2023 period, a total of 10 reported crashes occurred at study intersections along the Baldwin Place Road study corridor resulting in seven injuries, including no serious injuries, one pedestrian crash, and no bicycle crashes. There were no recorded fatalities during the five-year period. A summary of the study intersection crashes is presented in **Table 6**.

Table 6 Baldwin Place Road Corridor Intersection Crash Assessment Summary

		Crashes by Year					Total	Pedestrian
Intersection	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Fatalities	Injuries	Crashes
Baldwin Place Road and Drago Lane / Mahopac Middle School Driveway	1	1	0	0	0	0	4	0
Baldwin Place Road and Mahopac High School Entrance Driveway	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Baldwin Place Road and Gleneida Boulevard / Mahopac High School Driveway	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	1
Baldwin Place Road and Myrtle Avenue	1	1	0	0	1	0	2	0
Baldwin Place Road and Grand Meadow Drive	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	4	2	1	2	1	0	7	1
Source: NYSDOT September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.								

Bold = high crash locations defined as an intersection exceeding ten crashes in one consecutive year.

Year 1 = September 2018 through August 2019, Year 2 = September 2019 through August 2020, Year 3 = September 2020 through August 2021, Year 4 = September 2021 through August 2022, Year 5 = September 2022 through August 2023

A total of 29 reported midblock crashes occurred along the Baldwin Place Road corridor, resulting in 11 injuries, including no serious injuries, one pedestrian crash, and no bicycle crashes. There were no recorded fatalities during the five-year period. A summary of the midblock crashes is presented in **Table** 7.

Table 7 Baldwin Place Road Corridor Midblock Crash Assessment Summary

0. midan		Crashes by Year					Total	Pedestrian
Corridor	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Fatalities	Injuries	Crashes
Baldwin Place Road between Drago Lane and Grand Meadow Drive	10	5	3	5	6	0	11	1
Source: NYSDOT September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.								
Bold = high crash locations defined as an intersec	tion exc	eeding t	en crasł	nes in or	ne conse	ecutive year	r.	
Year 1 = September 2018 through August 2019, Year 2 = September 2019 through August 2020, Year 3 = September 2020 through August 2021, Year 4 = September 2021 through August 2022, Year 5 = September 2022 through August 2023								

Baldwin Place Road and Drago Lane / School Driveway

During the five-year period, two crashes occurred at the Baldwin Place Road and Drago Lane / School Driveway intersection, resulting in four injuries.

As shown in **Table 8**, the predominant crash types at the intersection were rear end and left turn crashes. In addition, wet road surface conditions (50 percent of the total crashes) were common contributing environmental factors. All crashes at the intersection were attributed to driver error.

		Crash Type				
Crash Type	Number	Percentage				
Rear End	1	50%				
Right Turn	0	0%				
Left Turn	1	50%				
Sideswipe	0	0%				
Right Angle	0	0%				
Overtaking	0	0%				
Fixed Object	0	0%				
Overturning	0	0%				
Head On	0	0%				
Pedestrian	0	0%				
Bicycle	0	0%				
Animal	0	0%				
Other	0	0%				
Total	2					
Source: NYSDOT, September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.						

Table 8 Baldwin Place Road and Drago Lane / School Driveway Crash Type

Baldwin Place Road and School Driveway

During the five-year period, one crash occurred at the Baldwin Place Road and School Driveway intersection, resulting in no injuries.

As shown in **Table 9**, the predominant crash type at this intersection is an overtaking crash. This crash was attributed to driver error.

		Crash Type					
Crash Type	Number	Percentage					
Rear End	0	0%					
Right Turn	0	0%					
Left Turn	0	0%					
Sideswipe	0	0%					
Right Angle	0	0%					
Overtaking	1	100%					
Fixed Object	0	0%					
Overturning	0	0%					
Head On	0	0%					
Pedestrian	0	0%					
Bicycle	0	0%					
Animal	0	0%					
Other	0	0%					
Total	1						
Source: NYSDOT, September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.							

Table 9 Baldwin Place Road and School Driveway Crash Type

Baldwin Place Road and Gleneida Boulevard / School Driveway

During the five-year period, three crashes occurred at the Baldwin Place Road and Gleneida Boulevard / School Driveway intersection, resulting in no injuries.

As shown in **Table 10**, the predominant crashes are rear end, left turn, and pedestrian crashes. In addition, dark-road conditions (33 percent of total crashes) were common contributing environmental conditions. All crashes at the intersection were attributed to driver error.

		Crash Type
Crash Type	Number	Percentage
Rear End	1	33%
Right Turn	0	0%
Left Turn	1	33%
Sideswipe	0	0%
Right Angle	0	0%
Overtaking	0	0%
Fixed Object	0	0%
Overturning	0	0%
Head On	0	0%
Pedestrian	1	33%
Bicycle	0	0%
Animal	0	0%
Other	0	0%
Total	3	
Source: NYSDOT, September 1, 2018	3 through August 31,	2023 crash data.

Table 10 Baldwin Place Road and Gleneida Blvd / School Driveway Cresh Type

Baldwin Place Road and Myrtle Avenue

During the five-year period, three crashes occurred at the Myrtle Avenue and Baldwin Place Road intersection, resulting in two injuries and no serious injuries.

As shown in **Table 11**, the predominant crash type at the intersection is a fixed object collision with overturning crashes secondary. In addition, wet road surface conditions (33 percent of the total crashes) were common contributing environmental conditions. Sixty-seven percent of the crashes at the intersection were attributed to driver error.

Myrtle Avenue and Baldwin Place Road					
		Crash Type			
Crash Type	Number	Percentage			
Rear End	0	0%			
Right Turn	0	0%			
Left Turn	0	0%			
Sideswipe	0	0%			
Right Angle	0	0%			
Overtaking	0	0%			
Fixed Object	2	67%			
Overturning	1	33%			
Head On	0	0%			
Pedestrian	0	0%			
Bicycle	0	0%			
Animal	0	0%			
Other	0	0%			
Total	3				
Source: NYSDOT, September 1, 20	018 through August 31	, 2023 crash data.			

		Table 11
Myrtle Ayenue and	Roldwin	Place Road

Baldwin Place Road and Grand Meadow Drive

During the five-year period, one crash occurred at the Baldwin Place Road and Grand Meadow Drive intersection, resulting in no injuries.

As shown in **Table 12**, the predominant crash type at this intersection is a sideswipe crash. This crash was attributed to driver error.

		Crash Type			
Crash Type	Number	Percentage			
Rear End	0	0%			
Right Turn	0	0%			
Left Turn	0	0%			
Sideswipe	1	100%			
Right Angle	0	0%			
Overtaking	0	0%			
Fixed Object	0	0%			
Overturning	0	0%			
Head On	0	0%			
Pedestrian	0	0%			
Bicycle	0	0%			
Animal	0	0%			
Other	0	0%			
Total	1				
Source: NYSDOT, September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.					

Table 12 Baldwin Place Road and Grand Meadow Drive Crash Type

PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS

The proposed improvements, see conceptual plans below, focus on adding pedestrian facilities to safely accommodate the demand for pedestrian access to the school from nearby residential neighborhoods. This includes a sidewalk along the east side of Baldwin Place Road between Muscoot Road and Gleneida Boulevard and on the west side of Baldwin Place Road between Gleneida Boulevard and Myrtle Ave. This would provide safe pedestrian connectivity to the school from several residential streets along

Baldwin Place Road. While the was pedestrian demand observed on the west side of the roadway, the recommended sidewalk south of Gleneida Avenue would likely require right of way acquisition and/or shifting Baldwin Place Road based on some of the existing physical constrains. For example, there is landscape and stairway to a private residence near Ryan Court (**Figure 7**) that would require right of way acquisition or roadway alignment modifications.



Figure 7– Right-of-Way Constraints

Additionally, high visibility crosswalks are recommended at all driveway crossings. In addition, due to the high volume of pedestrians was observed crossing Baldwin Place Road from Gleneida Boulevard to the High School driveway (**Figure 8**), a high visibility crosswalk with Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB) is recommended at this crossing point. As an alternative, a traffic signal at this location can considered which will need to be assessed future signal warrant studies.



Figure 8 – Pedestrian Crossing Baldwin Place Road at Gleneida Boulevard

ADD CROSSWALK WITH ADA RAMPS

CONTINUE SIDEWALK TO MUSCOOT ROAD N

EXTEND EDGE STRIPE TO DISCOURAGE LEFT TURN CUTTING

ADD CROSSWALK WITH RRFB

PULL BACK STOP BAR AND TURN ARROWS

ADD SIDEWALK

HIGH SCHOOL EXIT DRIVEN

LEGEND

WHITE - EDGE LINES AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS **YELLOW - CENTERLINES** CYAN - ROAD EDGES **GREEN - SIDEWALKS**

60

15 30 0 SCALE: 1" = 30' CLIENT

SITE/CIVIL ENGINEER

AKRF INC. 34 SOUTH BROADWAY, SUITE 300 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601 (914) 949-7336 (PHONE) (914) 949-7559 (FAX)

PUTNAM COUNTY PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

841 FAIR STREET CARMEL, NY 10512 (845) 878-3480 (PHONE) (845) 808-1948 (FAX) CONSIDER ADDING PLANTERS OR STRIPING TO DISCOURAGE DROPOFFS/PICKUPS IN SHOULDER

GLENEIDA BLVD

VPLACE ROAD

NIMOTE

CONTINUE SIDEWALK TO MYRTLE AVENUE

	PROJECT		SHEET TITLE				
PUTNAM COUNTY COMPLETE		ITY COMPLETE	BALDWIN PLACE				
STREETS		ETS	ROAD/GI ENEIDA BI VD				
OTTLETO			MAHOPAC	-			
			MATIOT AG				
	DRAWN BY	CHECKED BY	SHEET NO.				
	JM	MB	4				
	SCALE	DATE					
	1" = 30'	2024-6-4	SHEET 4	OF 14			



ØAKRF

AKRF INC. 34 SOUTH BROADWAY, SUITE 300 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601 (914) 949-7336 (PHONE) (914) 949-7559 (FAX) CLIENT PUTNAM COUNTY PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

841 FAIR STREET CARMEL, NY 10512 (845) 878-3480 (PHONE) (845) 808-1948 (FAX)

PROJECT		SHEET TITLE		
PUTNAM COUNTY COMPLETE STREETS		BALDWIN PLACE ROAD/MYRTLE AVENUE MAHOPAC		
DRAWN BY	CHECKED BY	SHEET NO.		
JM	MB	5		
SCALE	DATE			
1" = 30'	2024-6-4	SHEET 5 OF 14		

E. OSCAWANA LAKE ROAD FROM GILBERT LANE TO ENLOE STREET IN PUTNAM VALLEY

EXISTING CONDITIONS

ROADWAY DESCRIPTION

Oscawana Lake Road is a County owned major collector that runs north-south. It has 12-foot lanes and a speed limit of 30 mph speed limit within the study area. At the north end of the study area, it intersects with Gilbert Lane, a no-outlet subdivision street serving about three dozen homes. At the southern end of the study area, Oscawana Lake Road serves a commercial area beginning south of Enloe Street as well as the Putnam Valley Library north of Enloe Street. Two other intermediate intersections were studied. 1,000 feet south of Gilbert Lane, William Street forms a T intersection with Oscawana Lake Road and is a local street connecting to a residential area to the west. 1,200 feet south of William Street, Morrisey Drive serves an industrial and commercial area and forms a T intersection with Oscawana Lake Road and heads west. It has 15-foot lanes and a 15-foot-wide parking area on the north side of the street.

TRAFFIC

Traffic Volumes

During the AM peak hour, this corridor had a total traffic volume of 411 vehicles. During the PM peak hour, the total volume was 482 vehicles. The 85th percentile speed was measured to be 39 mph.

Field Observations

All the intersections along this corridor have very large turn radii allowing vehicles to make turns at high speed. At Morrisey Drive, the parking area and wide shoulder along the edge of the road creates an area used to cut the corner. In addition, the center- and edge-lines are extremely faded. At the intersection with William Street, the street is approximately 60 feet wide at the intersection due to the large turn radius, and there is no stop line.

PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE

Volumes

Minimal pedestrian and no bicycle volumes were observed. Each intersection had fewer than 10 pedestrian crossings during both AM and PM peak hours. No bicyclists were observed during the AM or PM peak hours.

Field Observations

There are no pedestrian facilities along Oscawana Lake Road in the corridor except for a short stretch of sidewalk that runs north from Enloe Street and dead ends 25 feet before reaching the library parking lot (see **Figure 9**). Much of the corridor appears to have adequate space along the road edge for pedestrian facilities with the exception of the intersection with Gilbert Lane which is at a curve in Oscawana Lake Road and has a guardrail on the east edge of the road and vegetation directly up to the edge of the west edge of the road.



Figure 9 – Sidewalk Dead End

SAFETY ASSESSMENT

During the September 2018 through August 2023 period, a total of 17 reported crashes occurred at study intersections along the Oscaawana Lake Road study corridor resulting in 10 injuries, including three serious injuries, no pedestrian crashes, and no bicycle crashes. There were no recorded fatalities during the five-year period. A summary of the study intersection crashes is presented in **Table 13**.

Table 13
Oscawana Lake Road Corridor
Intersection Crash Assessment Summary

Intersection		Crashes by Year					Total	Pedestrian
		Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Fatalities	Injuries	Crashes
Oscawana Lake Road and Gilbert Lane	1	2	1	3	0	0	6	0
Oscawana Lake Road and Morrissey Drive	1	1	1	1	0	0	2	0
Oscawana Lake Road and William Street	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0
Oscawana Lake Road and Enloe Street	1	2	0	1	0	0	4	0
Total	3	5	4	5	0	0	13	0

Source: NYSDOT September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.

Bold = high crash locations defined as an intersection exceeding ten crashes in one consecutive year.

Year 1 = September 2018 through August 2019, Year 2 = September 2019 through August 2020, Year 3 = September 2020 through August 2021, Year 4 = September 2021 through August 2022, Year 5 = September 2022 through August 2023

A total of 12 reported midblock crashes occurred along the Oscawana Lake Road corridor, resulting in two injuries, including no serious injuries, no pedestrian crashes, and no bicycle crashes. There were no recorded fatalities during the five-year period. A summary of the midblock crashes is presented in **Table 14**.

Table 14 Oscawana Lake Road Midblock Crash Assessment Summary

		Croo	haa hu	Voor			T.(.) D. (.)	.
Corridor	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Fatalities	l otal Injuries	Crashes
Oscawana Lake Road between Gilbert Lane and Enloe Street	3	3	1	2	3	0	2	0
Source: NYSDOT September 1, 2018 through Aug	ust 31, 2	2023 cra	ash data	l.				
Bold = high crash locations defined as an intersect	tion exc	eeding t	en crasł	nes in or	ne conse	ecutive year		
Year 1 = September 2018 through August 2019, Y through August 2021, Year 4 = Septem 2023	′ear 2 = Iber 202	Septem 1 throug	ber 201 jh Augu	9 throug st 2022,	gh Augu Year 5	st 2020, Ye = Septembo	ar 3 = Sep er 2022 th	otember 2020 rough August

Oscawana Lake Road and Gilbert Lane

During the five-year period, seven crashes occurred at the Gilbert Lane and Oscawana Lake Road intersection, resulting in five injuries and one serious injury.

As shown in **Table 15**, the predominant crash type at the intersection is a fixed object collision with left turn crashes secondary. In addition, dark-road conditions (43 percent of the total crashes), and wet road

surface conditions (14 percent of total crashes) were common contributing environmental conditions. Eighty-six percent of the crashes at the intersection were attributed to driver error.

Olibert L	and and Oscawa	ina Lake Koau
		Crash Type
Crash Type	Number	Percentage
Rear End	0	0%
Right Turn	0	0%
Left Turn	2	29%
Sideswipe	1	14%
Right Angle	0	0%
Overtaking	0	0%
Fixed Object	3	43%
Overturning	0	0%
Head On	0	0%
Pedestrian	0	0%
Bicycle	0	0%
Animal	1	14%
Other	0	0%
Total	7	
Source: NYSDOT, September 1, 2018	through August 31,	2023 crash data.

T	able 15
Gilbert Lane and Oscawana Lak	e Road
Cras	h Type

Oscawana Lake Road and Morrissey Drive

During the five-year period, four crashes occurred at the Oscawana Lake Road and Morrissey Drive intersection, resulting in two injuries and no serious injuries. As shown in **Table 16**, the predominant crash types at the intersection were rear end, left turn, overtaking, and overturning crashes. In addition, dark-road conditions (50 percent of the total crashes) and wet road surface conditions (25 percent of the total crashes) were common contributing environmental conditions. All crashes at the intersection were attributed to driver error.

		Crash Ty
Crash Type	Number	Percentage
Rear End	1	25%
Right Turn	0	0%
Left Turn	1	25%
Sideswipe	0	0%
Right Angle	0	0%
Overtaking	1	25%
Fixed Object	0	0%
Overturning	1	25%
Head On	0	0%
Pedestrian	0	0%
Bicycle	0	0%
Animal	0	0%
Other	0	0%
Total	4	

 Table 16

 Oscawana Lake Road and Morrissey Drive

Oscawana Lake Road and William Street

During the five-year period, two crashes occurred at the Oscawana Lake Road and William Street intersection, resulting in one injury.

As shown in Table 17, the predominant crash type at the intersection is a rear end collision. In addition, wet road surface conditions (25 percent of the total crashes) were common contributing environmental factors. All crashes at the intersection were attributed to driver error.

Oscawana Lake Road and William Stree Crash Typ								
Crash Type	Number	Percentage						
Rear End	2	100%						
Right Turn	0	0%						
Left Turn	0	0%						
Sideswipe	0	0%						
Right Angle	0	0%						
Overtaking	0	0%						
Fixed Object	0	0%						
Overturning	0	0%						
Head On	0	0%						
Pedestrian	0	0%						
Bicycle	0	0%						
Animal	0	0%						
Other	0	0%						
Total	2							
Source: NYSDOT, September 1, 2018	through August 31,	2023 crash data.						

Table 17

Oscawana Lake Road and Enloe Street

During the five-year period, four crashes occurred at the Oscawana Lake Road and Enloe Street intersection, resulting in two injuries, and two serious injuries.

As shown in Table 18, the predominant crash types at the intersection were rear end, left turn, overtaking, and head on crashes. In addition, wet road surface conditions (25 percent of total crashes) and dark-road conditions (25 percent of total crashes) were common contributing environmental conditions. All crashes at the intersection were attributed to driver error.

		Crash Type				
Oscawan	a Lake Road an	nd Enloe Street				
Crash Type	Number	Percentage				
Rear End	1	25%				
Right Turn	0	0%				
Left Turn	1	25%				
Sideswipe	0	0%				
Right Angle	0	0%				
Overtaking	1	25%				
Fixed Object	0	0%				
Overturning	0	0%				
Head On	1	25%				
Pedestrian	0	0%				
Bicycle	0	0%				
Animal	0	0%				
Other	0	0%				
Total	4					
Source: NYSDOT, September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.						

			Table 18								
			Crash Type								
Oscawana Lake Road and Enloe Street											
Crash Type		Number	Percentage								
Rear End		1	25%								
Right Turn		0	0%								
Left Turn		1	25%								
Sideswipe		0	0%								

PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS

At the Oscawana Lake Road and Gilbert Lane intersection, the turn radius should be reduced for the southbound right-turn movement to slow vehicle turning speeds at this location.

A lack of sidewalks along the majority of Oscawana Lake Road reduces pedestrian accessibility to the library and the commercial district from nearby residential neighborhoods. The proposed improvements (see conceptual plans below) include a sidewalk along Oscawana Lake Road from William Street to Enloe Street along the west side of the roadway.

At Morrissey Drive a crosswalk would be added on the west leg of the intersection. It is also recommended that future studies be conducted add a sidewalk along Morrissey to provide a pedestrian connection between Lake Drive with Oscawana Lake Road.

At the Putnam Valley Library entrance, a high visibility crosswalk with RRFBs would connect the sidewalk on the west side of Oscawana Lake Road to sidewalks recommended along the Library building frontage, which would extend to the current sidewalk terminus on the east side of Oscawana Lake Road just north of Enloe Street.

At the intersection with Enloe Street, a high visibility crosswalks on the north and east legs of the intersection will be added. A sidewalk on the north side of Enloe Street will connect residential areas to this safe crossing point to access the commercial area. Existing curb ramps on the east leg crossing of the intersection will be updated to ADA curb ramps with detectable warning surfaces.

LEGEND

15 30

0

WHITE - EDGE LINES AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS YELLOW - CENTERLINES CYAN - ROAD EDGES GREEN - SIDEWALKS

60

GILBERT LANE

SCALE: 1" = 30' SHEET TITLE CLIENT PROJECT SITE/CIVIL ENGINEER PUTNAM COUNTY PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC PUTNAM COUNTY COMPLETE OSCAWANA LAKE ROAD/ STREETS **GILBERT LANE** TRANSPORTATION PUTNAM VALLEY 841 FAIR STREET AKRF INC CARMEL, NY 10512 (845) 878-3480 (PHONE) (845) 808-1948 (FAX) 34 SOUTH BROADWAY, SUITE 300 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601 DRAWN BY CHECKED BY SHEET NO. MB 6 JM (914) 949-7336 (PHONE) (914) 949-7559 (FAX) SCALE DATE 1" = 30' 2024-6-4 SHEET 6 OF 14

TIGHTEN RADIUS WITH STRIPING



SITE/CIVIL ENGINEER

ÇAKRF

AKRF INC. 34 SOUTH BROADWAY, SUITE 300 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601 (914) 949-7336 (PHONE) (914) 949-7559 (FAX) CLIENT PUTNAM COUNTY PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

841 FAIR STREET CARMEL, NY 10512 (845) 878-3480 (PHONE) (845) 808-1948 (FAX)

PROJECT		SHEET TITLE					
PUTNAM COUNTY COMPLETE STREETS		OSCAWANA LAKE ROAD/ WILLIAM STREET PUTNAM VALLEY					
DRAWN BY	CHECKED BY	SHEET NO.					
JM	MB	8					
SCALE	DATE						
1" = 30'	2024-6-4	SHEET 8 C)F 14				



SHEET 7 OF 14



AKRF INC. 34 SOUTH BROADWAY, SUITE 300 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601 (914) 949-7336 (PHONE) (914) 949-7559 (FAX) 841 FAIR STREET CARMEL, NY 10512 (845) 878-3480 (PHONE) (845) 808-1948 (FAX)
 PUTNAM COUNTY COMPLETE STREETS
 OSCAWANA LAKE ROAD/ PUTNAM FREE LIBRARY PUTNAM VALLEY

 DRAWN BY
 CHECKED BY

 JM
 MB

 SCALE
 DATE

 1" = 40'
 2024-6-12
 CONTINUE SIDEWALK TO MORRISSEY DRIVE

ADD SIDEWALK ON NORTH SIDE OF ENLOE STREET

ADD CROSSWALK AND UPDATE CURB RAMPS TO ADA STANDARD

5.0'

ENLOE STREET

ADD CROSSWALK WITH RRFB

LEGEND

WHITE - EDGE LINES AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS YELLOW - CENTERLINES GREEN - SIDEWALKS

SITE/CIVIL ENGINEER

SCALE: 1" = 30'

ZAKRF

AKRF INC. 34 SOUTH BROADWAY, SUITE 300 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601 (914) 949-7336 (PHONE) (914) 949-7559 (FAX) CLIENT PUTNAM COUNTY PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

841 FAIR STREET CARMEL, NY 10512 (845) 878-3480 (PHONE) (845) 808-1948 (FAX)

	and the second se		- Diling					
	PROJECT		SHEET TITLE					
	PUTNAM COUNTY COMPLETE STREETS		OSCAWANA LAKE ROAD/ ENLOE STREET PUTNAM VALLEY					
	DRAWN BY	CHECKED BY	SHEET NO.					
	JM	MB	10					
	SCALE	DATE						
1" = 30' 2024-6-12		2024-6-12	SHEET 10 OF 14					

F. ROUTE 312 & FARM TO MARKET ROAD & BREWSTER HILL ROAD IN SOUTHEAST

EXISTING CONDITIONS

ROADWAY DESCRIPTION

Route 312 is an eastbound/westbound minor arterial under NYSDOT jurisdiction. At this intersection it is one shared through / right lane and one left only lane in each direction. It intersects with Farm to Market Road a County owned major collector road, and Brewster Hill Road a major collector road under the jurisdiction of the Town of Southeast. To the north-east of the intersection there is a campus with four (4) schools in the Brewster Central school district. On the south-east corner there is a gas station and deli. The intersection is signalized and has a 50-foot crosswalk with pedestrian signals and call buttons on the east leg. There are no sidewalks at this intersection.

TRAFFIC

Traffic Volumes

During the AM peak hour this intersection had a traffic volume of 1,316 with 12 percent heavy trucks. At PM peak hour the intersection had a traffic volume of 1,226 with 12 percent heavy trucks. The 85th percentile speed is 44 mph according to the NYSDOT Traffic Data Viewer.

Field Observations

There were no observed issues with traffic operations at this intersection.

PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE

Volumes

During the AM peak hour (7:15-8:15 AM) and PM peak hour (4:15-5:15 PM) there were no pedestrians or bicyclists observed. However, outside of those peak hours students cross at the Route 312 crosswalk between the school and the gas station/deli.

Field Observations

Due to a crest along Route 312 approximately 350 feet from the intersection, it was determined that a

midblock crossing is infeasible, and the existing crossing location is the safest location for crossing between the school and the deli and gas station. The landing areas of the crosswalk were observed to be deficient in terms of safety and accessibility. On the south side, the crosswalk lands at a curbed landscaped area which is likely not traversable when the landscaping plants are grown. Between the curb and the travel lane there is an 8-foot shoulder which is likely used to access the driveway from the crosswalk. The pedestrian call button on the south side is mounted facing Brewster Hill Road, a significant distance from the crosswalk landing, requiring more traversing through landscaping or walking along the travel lane to access the button (see Figure 10).



Figure 10 – Route 312 Crosswalk and Pedestrian Push Button

SAFETY ASSESSMENT

During the September 2018 through August 2023 period, a total of 16 reported crashes occurred at the study intersection resulting in six injuries, including no serious injuries, no pedestrian crashes, and no

bicycle crashes. There were no recorded fatalities during the five-year period. A summary of the study intersection crashes is presented in **Table 19**.

Table 19 Farm to Market Road and Route 312 Intersection Crash Assessment Summary

		Cras	hes by	Year	Total	Total	Pedestrian	
Intersection	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	ear 5 Fatalities In		Crashes
Farm to Market Road and Route 312	3	1	3	2	7	0	6	0
Source: NYSDOT September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.								
Bold = high crash locations defined as an intersect	tion exc	eeding t	en crasł	nes in or	ne conse	ecutive year		
 Bold = high crash locations defined as an intersection exceeding ten crashes in one consecutive year. Year 1 = September 2018 through August 2019, Year 2 = September 2019 through August 2020, Year 3 = September 2020 through August 2021, Year 4 = September 2021 through August 2022, Year 5 = September 2022 through August 2023 								

As shown in **Table 20**, the predominant crash type at the intersection are rear end and left turn crashes with right angle as secondary. In addition, dark-road conditions (25 percent of total crashes) and wet road surface conditions (25 percent of total crashes) were common contributing environmental conditions. All crashes at the intersection were attributed to driver error.

	I KUI MUAU AIIU	15 Route 512				
		Crash Type				
Crash Type	Number	Percentage				
Rear End	6	25%				
Right Turn	0	0%				
Left Turn	6	25%				
Sideswipe	0	0%				
Right Angle	2	0%				
Overtaking	1	25%				
Fixed Object	1	0%				
Overturning	0	0%				
Head On	0	25%				
Pedestrian	0	0%				
Bicycle	0	0%				
Animal	0	0%				
Other	0	0%				
Total	16					
Source: NYSDOT, September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.						

Table 20 Farm to Market Road and NYS Route 312 Crash Type

PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS

Due to the crosswalk being out of the way of the direct path from the sidewalk on school campus to the deli and gas station, it should be made more accessible to encourage its use. As shown in the conceptual plans below, extending the existing sidewalk on the north side of Route 312 and provide a landing for the crosswalk would create a safe and comfortable place to wait. On the south side, a curb extension should be added to create a landing and relocation of the pedestrian call button and signal head (same configuration as on the north side) to make it accessible from the edge of the crosswalk will create a safe pedestrian refuge, encouraging signal compliance. In addition, prohibiting right turns on red for approaches that conflict with the pedestrian phase can further improve crossing safety, especially for school children who are less visible while crossing. The conflicting approaches are the Brewster Hill Road northbound and Route 312 westbound. Pedestrian safety can be further enhanced with the addition of flashing Yield to pedestrian signage; however, further studies would need to be conducted to determine if the signal span wire can support the additional weight.

While no desire line was observed, the most direct path from the school walkway to the crosswalk is across a lawn. The potential connection as shown saves 175 feet of walking distance compared to following the existing and proposed sidewalk. The lawn is significantly graded so this path would require stairs but is a potential opportunity to discuss with the school at a later date if there is an observed desire line along that path.

Sidewalks should also be extended north on the east side of Farm to Market Road to the CV Starr Intermediate School entrance. To avoid the utility poles along the east side of Farm to market Road the sidewalk would be located within the school's right of way.

In addition, sidewalks should be extended to the west on the south side of Route 312 to North Brewster Road to provide a pedestrian route between the school and the North Brewster Deli & Market and La Strada Pizza and Pasta. This could be further enhanced with a sidewalk along the east side of North Brewster Road.



SITE/CIVIL ENGINEER	<u>CLIENT</u>	PROJECT				
PUTNAM COUNTY PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION			TY COMPLETE	ROUTE 312/FARM TO MARKET ROAD/BREWSTER HILL ROAD		
AKRF INC. 34 SOUTH BROADWAY, SUITE 300 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601 (914) 949-7336 (PHONE) (914) 949-7559 (FAX)	841 FAIR STREET CARMEL, NY 10512 (845) 878-3480 (PHONE) (945) 890 1049 (EAX)	DRAWN BY	СНЕСКЕД ВУ МВ	SHEET NO. 11		
		SCALE	DATE			
		1" = 40'	2024-6-4	SHEET 11 OF 14		

G. ROUTE 9D FROM CHESTNUT STREET TO BANK STREET IN COLD SPRING

EXISTING CONDITIONS

ROADWAY DESCRIPTION

Route 9D is a State route that runs north-south paralleling US 9 which has a speed limit of 30 mph within the study area. Route 9D in the study area runs east-west between Chestnut Street and Bank Street, both local roads. Along this quarter-mile corridor to the south there are two senior living complexes, one on the north side (Butterfield) and on the south side (Chestnut Ridge Apartments). Also, on the north side there is a post office and a medical center.

TRAFFIC

Traffic Volumes

NYSDOT Traffic Data Viewer indicates this section of Route 9D experiences approximately 7,500 daily vehicles with an 85 percentile speed of 33 mph. During the AM peak hour, the corridor experiences approximately 545 peak hour volumes. During the PM peak hour, the corridor experiences approximately 588 peak hour volumes.

Field Observations

While there were no observed traffic operation issues, the intersection configurations are not ideal in accommodating traffic movements. At Chestnut Street, the roadway angles promote a high speed turning movement from Route 9D traveling eastbound onto Chestnut Street (Figure 11). In addition, vehicles exiting Chestnut Street making a left onto Route 9D has limited sight distance on vehicles traveling westbound on Route 9D.

At Chestnut Street/Paulding Avenue/Bank Street, the side street approaches are skewed as they approach Route 9D that create multiple conflict points at one intersection.

PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE

Volumes

At Chestnut Street there were a total of seven pedestrians crossing during the AM peak period and a total of 17 pedestrians during the PM peak period. At Chestnut Street/Pauling Avenue/Bank Street there were a total of 11 pedestrians crossing during the AM peak period and a total of eight pedestrians during the PM peak period. During the peak periods there was only one bicycle counted.

Field Observations

While a marked crosswalk is provided at Chestnut Street, multiple pedestrians were observed crossing mid-block between the multifamily residential area to the south and the sidewalk on the north side of Route 9D (Figure 12).

The intersections of Route 9D with Chestnut Street/Paulding Avenue/Bank Street at the east end of the study area along with a private driveway (Downey Energy) form a large area exposing crossing pedestrians to traffic which can take turns at high speed due to the large turn radii (**Figure 13**). There are also no marked



Figure 11 – Chestnut Street Intersection



Figure 12 – Pedestrian Crossing Midblock



pedestrian crossings on any of the approaches.

Figure 13– Pedestrian Crossing Paulding Avenue

SAFETY ASSESSMENT

During the September 2018 through August 2023 period, a total of five reported study intersection crashes occurred along the Route 9D study corridor resulting in two injuries, including no serious injuries, no pedestrian crashes, and no bicycle crashes. There were no recorded fatalities during the five-year period. A summary of the study intersection crashes is presented in **Table 21**.

Table 21 Route 9D Study Corridor

Intersection	Crash	4	sse	ssm	1e	ent	Sı	ım	mar	v

		Cras	hes by	Year	Total	Total	Pedestrian		
Intersection	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Fatalities	Injuries	Crashes	
Chestnut Street and Route 9D	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	
Chestnut Street / Paulding Avenue and Route 9D	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	
Total	1	1	0	2	1	0	2	0	
Source: NYSDOT September 1, 2018 through Aug	just 31, :	2023 cra	ash data	i.					
Bold = high crash locations defined as an intersec	tion exc	eeding t	en crasł	hes in or	ne conse	ecutive year	·.		
Year 1 = September 2018 through August 2019, Y through August 2021, Year 4 = Septem 2023	′ear 2 = ıber 202	Septem 1 throug	ıber 201 3h Augu	9 throug st 2022,	gh Augu Year 5	st 2020, Ye = Septembe	ar 3 = Sep er 2022 th	otember 2020 rough August	

No midblock crashes occurred along the Route 9D corridor, as shown in Table 22.

Table 22 Route 9D Study Midblock Crash Assessment Summary

								e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
0 amidae		Cras	hes by	Year	Total	Total	Pedestrian	
Corridor	Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5		Fatalities	Injuries	Crashes			
Route 9D between Chestnut Street and Bank Street	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Source: NYSDOT September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.								
Bold = high crash locations defined as an intersec	tion exc	eeding t	en crasł	nes in or	ne conse	ecutive year		
Year 1 = September 2018 through August 2019, Y through August 2021, Year 4 = Septem 2023	′ear 2 = iber 202	Septem 1 throug	ber 201 jh Augu	9 throug st 2022,	gh Augu: Year 5	st 2020, Ye = Septembe	ar 3 = Sep er 2022 th	otember 2020 rough August

Chestnut Street and Route 9D

During the five-year period, two crashes occurred at the Chestnut Street and Route 9D intersection, resulting in two injuries, and no serious injuries.

As shown in **Table 23**, the predominant crash types at the intersection were rear end, head on, and animal crashes. In addition, dark-road conditions (33 percent of the total crashes) was a common contributing environmental factor. Sixty-seven percent of crashes at the intersection were attributed to driver error.

		Crash Typ
Crash Type	Number	Percentage
Rear End	1	33%
Right Turn	0	0%
Left Turn	0	0%
Sideswipe	0	0%
Right Angle	0	0%
Overtaking	0	0%
Fixed Object	0	0%
Overturning	0	0%
Head On	1	33%
Pedestrian	0	0%
Bicycle	0	0%
Animal	1	33%
Other	0	0%
Total	3	

Table 23 Chestnut Street and Route 9D

Chestnut Street / Paulding Avenue and Route 9D

During the five-year period, two crashes occurred at the Chestnut Street / Paulding Avenue and Route 9D intersection, resulting in no injuries.

As shown in **Table 24**, the predominant crash types at the intersection were rear end and animal crashes. One crash at the intersection was attributed to driver error.

		Crash Types
Crash Type	Number	Percentage
Rear End	1	50%
Right Turn	0	0%
Left Turn	0	0%
Sideswipe	0	0%
Right Angle	0	0%
Overtaking	0	0%
Fixed Object	0	0%
Overturning	0	0%
Head On	0	0%
Pedestrian	0	0%
Bicycle	0	0%
Animal	1	50%
Other	0	0%
Total	2	
Source: NYSDOT, September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2023 crash data.		

Table 24 Chestnut Street / Paulding Avenue and Route 9D Crash Types

PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS

ROUTE 9D

This section of Route 9D is on the edge of the Village of Cold Spring and has a major curve as it passes through an area with multiple senior housing developments and a commercial center. The proposed improvements (see conceptual plans below) include altering striping at both the east and west intersections of Chestnut Street and Route 9D to improve sight distances on approaches.

At the east intersection, a high visibility crosswalk with RRFBs is proposed on the west leg paired with a sidewalk extension from the existing sidewalk along Chestnut Street. Edge striping to bring the Chestnut Street intersection angle closer to 90 degrees is also proposed. In addition, to accommodate these changes, the driveway access for Downey Energy, located on 1 Bank Street should be modified from parking lot access on Bank Street and Paulding Avenue to only provide access off of Bank Street.

At the west intersection, creating a raised curb area in the southwest corner of the intersection would bring the intersection angle to 90 degrees and force eastbound vehicles turning right onto Chestnut Street to go around a ten (10) foot radius while also providing for additional open space that can be used by local businesses or residents. a high visibility crosswalk is added to the currently unmarked south leg of this intersection, and RRFBs are added to the east leg crosswalk across Route 9D. This area would also provide an opportunity to construct new sidewalks along the south side of the roadway between Chestnut Street and the Drug World and Yanitelli Wines & Spirits parking lot.

Ultimately, it would be desirable to close off the curb cut access along Route 9D serving the Drug World and Yanitelli Wines & Spirits parking lot and reconfigure the parking lot to be accessed only from Benedict Road, however, this would require coordination with a private property to change access and onsite circulation and further analysis. As an alternative, the conceptual plan below presents an option that would connect the new sidewalk on Route 9D to the existing sidewalks along the frontage of Drug World and Yanitelli Wines & Spirits, creating a pedestrian facility between Chester Street and Benedict Road.

Lastly, in response to observations of pedestrians crossing between the east and west intersections of this corridor, a midblock crossing is proposed. Two desire lines were observed between private walkways in the housing complex on the south side of Route 9D to gaps in the hedges along the street. The options for

the proposed crosswalks are at approximately 500 feet and 700 feet east of the marked crosswalk at Chestnut Street along Route 9D. The proposed crosswalk at Paulding Ave/Chestnut Street is 1,100 feet from the Chestnut Street crosswalk. There is potential to work with the housing complex owner to formalize the observed desire lines to further connect the north and south sides of the street and safely accommodate the observed demand for crossing between these areas.



	SITE/CIVIL	ENGINEER
--	------------	----------

ØAKRF

AKRF INC. 34 SOUTH BROADWAY, SUITE 300 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601 (914) 949-7336 (PHONE) (914) 949-7559 (FAX) CLIENT PUTNAM COUNTY PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC

TRANSPORTATION 841 FAIR STREET CARMEL NY 10512

841 FAIR STREET CARMEL, NY 10512 (845) 878-3480 (PHONE) (845) 808-1948 (FAX)

	PROJECT		SHEET TITLE	
PUTNAM COUNTY COMPLETE STREETS		ITY COMPLETE EETS	ROUTE 9D/CHESTNUT ST/PAULDING AVE/BANK ST COLD SPRING	
	DRAWN BY	CHECKED BY	SHEET NO.	
	JM	MB	13	
	SCALE	DATE		
	1" = 40'	2024-6-4	SHEET 13 C	F 14

ADD SOLAR RRFB TO EXISTING PED CROSSING SIGN

R1C

CONNECT TO EXISTING SIDEWALK IN FRONT OF BUILDING

OPPORTUNITY FOR LANDSCAPING OR OPEN SPACE-

LEGEND

WHITE - EDGE LINES AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS **YELLOW - CENTERLINES** CYAN - ROAD EDGE **GREEN - SIDEWALKS**

60

CLIENT

PUTNAM COUNTY

TRANSPORTATION 841 FAIR STREET

CARMEL, NY 10512 (845) 878-3480 (PHONE)

(845) 808-1948 (FAX)

PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC

SCALE: 1" = 30'

SITE/CIVIL ENGINEER

15

Ω

30

AKRF INC 34 SOUTH BROADWAY, SUITE 300 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601 (914) 949-7336 (PHONE) (914) 949-7559 (FAX)

TIGHTEN TO T-INTERSECTION AN MOVE STOP LINE UP

> SHEET TITLE PROJECT PUTNAM COUNTY COMPLETE ROUTE 9D/CHESTNUT STREET STREETS DRAWN BY CHECKED B Μ JM SCALE DATE 1" = 30'

CHESTNUT STREET

© 2024 Microsoft Corporation

ADD CROSSWALK WITH ADA RAMP

ROUTE 9D

CKED BY	SHEET NO.		
MB		12	
E			
2024-6-4			SHEET 12 OF 14

COLD SPRING



SITE/CIVIL ENGINEER

ØAKRF

AKRF INC. 34 SOUTH BROADWAY, SUITE 300 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10601 (914) 949-7336 (PHONE) (914) 949-7559 (FAX) CLIENT PUTNAM COUNTY PLANNING, DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

841 FAIR STREET CARMEL, NY 10512 (845) 878-3480 (PHONE) (845) 808-1948 (FAX)

SHEET TITLE PROJECT PUTNAM COUNTY COMPLETE ROUTE 9D STREETS MIDBLOCK CROSSINGS **COLD SPRING** DRAWN BY CHECKED BY SHEET NO. JM MB 14 SCALE DATE 1" = 40' 2024-6-4 SHEET 14 OF 14